Untenanted business property makes daily war upon the owner's financial stability and resources. Advertising ends the war.

The Courier-Journal.

If you expect to buy something at a store to-day, get advance information by reading the ads.

VOL. CVII. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,000. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1907.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS DUPLICATE

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday.

Kentucky—Fair Wednesday, preceded by rain and colder in east portion; Thursday, fair, warmer.

Indiana—Fair and warmer Wednesday and Thursday; light, variable winds.

Tennessee—Fair Wednesday, preceded by rain and colder in east portion; Thursday fair and warmer.

THE LATEST.

Four arrests have bene made at the instance of District Attorney Jerome of New York, as a result of his investigation of the recent election in the big New York insurance companies. Among those apprehended is George R. Scrugham, manager of the International Policyholders' Committee.

Coincident with the report that John W. Gates and his son, Charles G. Gates, will withdraw from active participation in the stock market comes the report that the firm was recently heavily involved and that the losses of father and son in the last year aggregated $40,000,000.

It was authoritatively announced in Lexington yesterday that Congressman and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth will attend the races in Lexington Saturday and, with a distinguished party, will come to Louisville Sunday to attend the Derby at Churchill Downs the next day.

An attempt was made in Guatemala City yesterday on the life of President Estrada Cabrera. While out driving a dynamite bomb was exploded near his carriage, killing the horses and wounding Gen. Orellana, the chief of staff. The President was not injured.

Judgment of the Jefferson Chancery Court, Second division, was reversed on direct and cross appeal by the Appellate Court in cases of the City of Louisville against the American Standard Asphalt Company and that concern against Caroline Schuster and others.

In the Circuit Court at Lexington yesterday Judge Watts Parker granted the application for bail of Bill Britton of Breathitt county, charged with the assassination of James Cockrill, fixing the amount at $7,500. The bond has not yet been signed.

It was decided by Judge Bugg at Mayfield that the State Board of Health has no authority to revoke the license of a practicing physician until that physician has been convicted in some competent court.

Gossip at the Treasury Department slates Controller Tracewell for removal because of his alleged connection with the Fairbanks presidential boom, but it is considered doubtful if the President would take any such action at this time.

American sailors won all the places in two of the three international races between crews of warships in Hampton Roads yesterday, but the British tars took first and second places in one of the contests.

Preliminary action was taken yesterday by the State Board of Equalization as to the assessment of property in the counties of the Second and Third Appellate Court districts.

It is thought in Washington that Secretary Root will resign from the Cabinet when he brings several international matters, now under consideration, to a conclusion.

Refugees arriving at Messina say the Stromboli volcano is in active eruption. The detonations are said to be deafening and the lava is causing great destruction.

A street fight, brought on by a humorous remark, occurred yesterday at Ashland between Jim Dingess and John Stone, the latter being fatally wounded.

Many people joined in the celebration at Morganfield yesterday that marked the completion of the new railroad connecting with the L. and N.

William E. Dodge, a wealthy New Yorker, was fined $100 and sentenced to ten days in jail at Yonkers, N. Y., for automobile speeding.

Plans are being perfected to make a memorable occasion of the visit of the Mayor and business men of Louisville to Corydon, Ind., on May 7.

Another suit has been filed against the Standard Oil Company at Findlay, seeking to oust the corporation from the State of Ohio.

Simultaneous fires in the towns of Leesville and Rosepine, La., yesterday caused damage estimated at more than $200,000.

A cablegram from Dusseldorf says the agreement of the German steel trust has been prolonged for five years.

The Japanese Minister of Marine denies the report that Japan has ordered a 21,000-ton battleship in England.

The Federal Council at Berlin yesterday adopted the German-American provisional tariff arrangement.

The seven men who have been imprisoned in a mine near Johnstown, Pa., were rescued last night.

W. E. Corey was yesterday re-elected president of the United States Steel Corporation.

GATES AND SON LOST MILLIONS

Dissensions Between Partners Lead To Withdrawal.

The Two Quit Wall Street For Year Or So.

New York Banks Scent Trouble and Call Loans.

STEEL COMBINATION FAILS.

New York, April 30.—[Special.]—Charles G. Gates, this afternoon made a formal statement to the effect that the firm of G. Gates & Co. would be dissolved about June 1. He said that he and his father, John W. Gates, would retire from active business in Wall street for a year or so."

"Several of the partners will continue in the commission business by making new connections, but with whom I am not at liberty to state at this time," said Mr. Gates. On June 1 Charles G. Gates will have rounded out his ten years of business experience as a banker and broker. On that date, in 1897, he entered the firm of Baldwin, Gurney & Co., in Chicago, as a partner, and since then has been a partner in the firm of Harris, Gates & Co., in New York and latterly senior member of the firm of Charles G. Gates & Co., in which his father is a silent partner.

Mr. Gates Jr. will, on June 21, have reached his thirty-first birthday. It is understood from his friends that he is not over anxious to remain in the business harness and would prefer taking life more easy, at least for a time, and is therefore inclined to retire at the expiration of his decade of active business life.

John W. Gates, it is said, is also entirely satisfied with his business career and would prefer to give up some of the responsibilities and the troubles attending it. It is probable that the firm will make a full statement regarding its intention within a few days. With the retirement of the Gates, both father and son, the firm is likely to be reorganized with some of the Gates money represented.

Following the announcement to-day by Charles G. Gates that the firm would go out of business on June 1, it became known that the losses sustained by the Gates in the stock market within the past year aggregate about $40,000,000.

It was also said that had the firm wound up its affairs when it was first rumored it would do so, it would have precipitated a panic that would have ruined John W. Gates, his son and many of their associates.

Grave dissensions had broken out among the twelve partners. Several of the latter objected, not only to the enormous obligations the firm had incurred, but to the manner in which the debt had been piled up. It was charged that John W. Gates was responsible for two-thirds of these liabilities and it was insisted that this be reduced, if not liquidated, at once.

The determination of three of the general partners to have this settlement made was the beginning of the end. The New York banks scented trouble and demanded that the firm take up its loans. The larger part of these obligations consisted of Tennessee Coal and Iron Company shares, stocks of the United States Realty Company and huge blocks of the shares of the Republic Iron and Steel Company—corporations which John W. Gates controlled or in which he had a large interest.

All this was the culmination of the many extensive deals in which the elder Gates was the leading promoter. It has been his idea to form a steel and iron combine in opposition to the United States Steel Corporation, and to that end he had secured the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, the Republic Steel Company and had been given an option on several other organizations, including the Sloss-Sheffield concern. His plan was checked by the sudden stringency in the money market, which had made it impossible to raise the necessary capital.

LOUISVILLE SELECTED AS NEXT MEETING PLACE.

Falls City Chosen By Home Mission Board of Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

Houston, Tex., April 30.—At to-day's session of the Woman's Home Mission Board of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, Louisville was selected as the place at which the next meeting will be held. There was promised a spirited contest in the selection of the city, but after the first ballot, when Louisville secured 15 votes to Memphis' 9 and Savannah's 5, the fight weakened and Louisville was selected.

To-morrow will close the session of the board for this year, and the feature of the proceedings will be the election of officers.

Mrs. Barbara A. Owsley Dead.

Midway, Ky., April 30.—[Special.] Mrs. Barbara Ann Owsley, one of the oldest and best beloved women of Midway, died this morning at 8:30 o'clock. Mrs. Owsley's death was not unexpected, as she had been critically ill for a long time. She died on her eighty-first birthday and is survived by five children—Mrs. Thos. Hawkins, Mrs. Alice Stanhope, Mrs. C. B. Hawkins, Mrs. J. O. Cooper and Mrs. Wm. Rainey, all of Midway.

STROMBOLI THROWING STONES AND CINDERS.

Refugees Arriving At Messina Say the Eruption of the Volcano Is Terrific.

Messina, Sicily, April 30.—Some of the inhabitants of the Island of Stromboli, who have fled from there and reached this city, describe the eruption of the Stromboli volcano as terrific. The detonations were deafening. Red, burning stones, ashes and cinders were thrown up, and about 1,000 feet over the top of the volcano, which is 3,040 feet above the level of the sea, an immense dark umbrella-shaped cloud formed.

The industrious population of the island, numbering about 2,000 persons, had with great effort gradually cultivated the sides of the volcano almost up to the crater, chiefly as vineyards, but the eruption has entirely destroyed everything within a radius of 1,500 feet of the crater and has seriously damaged the rest of the island.

FIRED MINE UNDER PRESIDENT'S CARRIAGE

GUATEMALA'S EXECUTIVE NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH.

CONSPIRATORS PLACED EXPLOSIVES UNDER ROADWAY.

SAID TO BE VERY UNPOPULAR.

Guatemala City, April 30.—Estrada Cabrera, President of Guatemala, narrowly escaped assassination to-day. He left his private residence at 7:30 in the morning for his customary drive, accompanied by his staff. While passing along Seventh avenue an explosion, at first supposed to have been caused by a bomb, occurred, killing the horses attached to the presidential carriage, wounding the coachman and injuring several staff officers, including Gen. Orellana, the chief of staff.

The President, who was not injured, displayed great presence of mind. Alighting from the carriage he inspected the surroundings and then returned on foot to his residence.

A careful examination showed that the explosion had been caused not by a bomb, but by a mine. The conspirators dug a tunnel from one of a group of houses rented by a man named Rafael Rodil, placed explosives under the roadway and connected them by a wire with a battery in Rodil's house, and from there discharged the mine. Many suspects have been arrested, but it is not known whether the would-be assassins are among them.

Peace prevails throughout Guatemala and the Government officials say they have the situation well under control.

Cabrera was elected President of Guatemala September 9, 1898, succeeding President Barrios, and in March, 1905, he assumed the presidency for a second term. He was said to be very unpopular, was reported to have been shot at and wounded in April, 1906, and the following month it was again rumored that an attempt had been made to assassinate him. Later it was stated that the President had been accidentally shot in the leg. Cabrera is declared to have ruled despotically and to have never appeared in public without an armed guard.

INSTRUCTED BY GOD TO KILL THREE.

KENTUCKIAN ON MURDER BENT IN VIRGINIA.

THOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN MENTALLY UNBALANCED.

WAS INSPIRED IN A DREAM.

Richmond, Va., April 30.—[Special.]—"Almighty God instructed me to kill three male people, and I did it," said James Pettus, a young white man, arrested this morning for the murder of Lizzie Allan, colored, and attempting to murder W. H. Smith. The man denies knowledge of the killing of the woman. Pettus, who is originally from Olive Hill, Ky., where his father, C. R. Pettus, still resides, is thought to be mentally unbalanced from the excessive use of whisky and cigarettes.

He raved like a madman when told that he had not succeeded in killing Smith. He told the police that he had also killed two others in this city this morning, but no report of such deaths have been made. The Allan woman was nearly decapitated with a razor. The woman died where she fell before assistance could reach her. Smith will probably recover.

The man says that he was inspired in a dream to kill everybody he met. In the young man's room was found a package of letters from a girl in Portsmouth, Ohio, the contents of which would indicate that she was to have married him during the present spring. The police have refused to reveal the name of the young woman.

INDIANA MOB AFTER NEGROES

Citizens Wrought Up Over Recent Brutal Assault.

Invade Negro Quarters With Sticks and Stones.

Colored People, Panic Stricken, Flee From Greensburg.

MANY ARE SEVERELY BEATEN.

Greensburg, Ind., April 30.—[Special.]—The subdued excitement which has been evident in this city since the brutal assault upon Mrs. Caroline Sefton several days ago by a negro named John Green became uncontrollable to-night and 150 citizens invaded the negro quarters and attacked and severely beat twelve or fifteen negroes, making no discrimination apparently between the tougher element and the inoffensive class.

The trouble was precipitated by an order from the local officers for the tougher element, which has been hanging around the city since the cut-off and sewer system were completed, to leave at once, as it was feared that there would be an attack by the whites as a result of the assault upon Mrs. Sefton. The latter lived alone and her home was entered by a negro who assaulted her and took what money she had in the house.

* * *

People Greatly Excited.

Green, who was well known to the officers, came in from Shelbyville at 1 o'clock the next morning on an interurban car. The police were at the time searching for the guilty man and Green was taken into custody. He could give no account of himself between 10 o'clock, the hour of the assault, and the hour of his return, and he was taken before Mrs. Sefton and promptly identified as her assailant. In order to prevent a lynching the jail was doubly guarded, but the people were greatly excited and indulged in threats against the negroes who came here to work on the sewer and remained after it was completed. There have been evidences of the coming outbreak for two days and the officers, in order to head it off, issued the order this afternoon for all the strange negroes to leave the city. Some of the more prudent took the warning and left, but a number remained in defiance of the order.

This seemed to add fuel to the flames that have been smoldering for two days and at 9 o'clock to-night there was an outburst of indignation which threatened wholesale lynchings. The negroes were taken completely by surprise and offered little or no resistance when their quarters were invaded by the frenzied whites. Doors were broken open, the men occupants were dragged out upon the streets and belabored with every conceivable kind of missile.

* * *

Negroes In Panic.

In a few moments the negroes were in a panic and were running in every direction in search of hiding places. The whites pursued with stones and clubs and many were overtaken and badly beaten.

The officers were powerless to prevent the mob from invading the homes of the negroes, but after half an hour of frenzied attack the appeal of the cooler-headed citizens and officials prevailed. The negroes in the meantime had abandoned their loging places and had left the city, some of them catching interurban cars and others fleeing on country roads in search of safety. The excitement is so intense and the feeling engendered by the assault so pronounced that an attack upon the jail is feared at any moment and the Sheriff has increased his guards.

WILL HOLD ALOOF.

GERMANY SHIES AT QUESTION OF DISARMAMENT.

Andrew Carnegie's Recent Statement Subject of Discussion In Reichstag.

Berlin, April 30.—There was a general debate in the Reichstag to-day on Germany's foreign relations, and incidentally Andrew Carnegie's recent reference to the decision between war and peace being in the hands of Emperor William was criticised and classed as a distortion of facts.

Speakers of various parties pointedly suggested to Chancellor Von Buelow that Germany should take no part in the discussion of the limitation of armaments at The Hague peace conference.

The Chancellor replied Germany did not object to letting other Powers discuss the matter, but would hold aloof. This statement was received with approval.

Prince Von Buelow referred to recommendations of the first peace conference at The Hague that the Powers study the questions of limitation of armaments.

"Germany," the Chancellor added, "has complied with the recommendation, but has not [illegible] formula which takes into account the great diversity in the geographical, economic and military position of the various States, or one which had been calculated to remove those diversities and serve as a basis for a treaty.

"Germany does not wish to prevent other Powers from discussing the limitation of armaments. If some practical result is reached by such discussion, Germany will conscientiously examine whether it harmonizes with the protection of her peace, with her national interests and with her special situation."

RUMOR THAT EMPEROR MAY DISSOLVE DOUMA.

St. Petersburg, April 30.—Lieut. Gen. Rudiger, Minister of War, went to Tsarskoe-Selo to-day to report to Emperor Nicholas concerning the incidents in the douma Monday. A rumor is in circulation that he persuaded the Emperor to dissolve the chamber because of its attacks on the army. The session of the Cabinet to-night, however, was occupied with ordinary business and one of the Ministers said there was no doubt the douma would reassemble on May 13. The morning session of the douma was stormy.

INDEPENDENTS ARE STILL INDEPENDENT

DIRECTORS GIVE OUT STATEMENT AT NEW YORK.

MISAPPREHENSION AS TO MERGER WITH SYNDICATE.

BELASCO'S EYE ON LOUISVILLE

New York, April. 30.—[Special.]—After a meeting of the directors of the Society of Independent Theatrical Managers to-day the following statement was issued:

"We desire to correct the general misapprehension that appears to exist and that has found expression throughout the press that there has been a "merger" of the interests of the independent managers with what is known as the theatrical syndicate.

"This misapprehension has grown out of the recent acquisition for vaudeville by the newly formed United States Amusement Company of several theaters which hitherto have been operated as independent dramatic theaters under the management of the Shubert Theatrical Company, a corporation, the majority of the stock of which is owned by Western capitalists.

"The theaters in question comprise several that were acquired by the Shubert Theatrical Company to supplement the original circuit of independent theaters, and their withdrawal does not in any respect alter the general situation. For the most part those theaters are situated in the cities of lesser importance.

"It is our purpose to conduct our various enterprises on strictly independent lines. Our independent interests will remain independent.

"As was stated in the announcement by the United States Amusement Company, all contracts and booking obligations previously entered into for the independent theaters acquired by that corporation will be fulfilled, but we desire it to be distinctly understood that the fulfillment of such obligations does not in any sense imply and should not be construed either by the press or the public as implying any agreement on our part that is contrary to the principles of theatrical independence."

In response to a telegram sent him yesterday, David Belasco, now the apparent head of the "Independents" in the theatrical war, to-day gave the following views on the situation as it is likely to affect Louisville:

"The new conditions have brought a situation with which as yet I have not been able to grapple in detail. As soon, however, as I can go over the ground personally and satisfy myself that the demand exists for my attractions; I will decide on the locations for my theaters. At present I am not able to forecast these locations, but I have Louisville in mind with several other places."

BALLOONISTS START ON LONG JOURNEY

WILL TRY TO MAKE WASHINGTON FROM ST. LOUIS.

SIGNAL OFFICER MAKING OBSERVATIONS FOR UNCLE SAM.

WEATHER NOT FAVORABLE.

St. Louis, April 30.—Capt. Charles De F. Chandler, of the United States Signal Corps, and Aeronaut J. C. McCoy, of New York City, started at 7:21 o'clock to-night on the long-distance balloon trip they had been trying to take for three days. They hoped the wind would carry them eastward that they might land near Washington, D. C., but immediately upon leaving the ground the balloon took a southerly course, veering slightly to the west.

Capt. Chandler is making aerial observations for the Government, which is now interesting itself in balloons as aids to the army in case of war. He carried instruments to show the altitude and the speed attained. Aeronaut McCoy hopes to win the Lahm cup offered for the longest distance continuous flight.

The weather was not favorable for ballooning, the air being heavy with moisture, and the temperature almost to the freezing point, but the flight was made in order to have the benefit of the moonlight.

The America, in which McCoy and Chandler ascended, is the second largest balloon in the United States. It has a displacement of 78,000 cubic feet and lifting power of 3,500 pounds

BAIL GRANTED BILL BRITTON

He Will Be Released On $7,500 Bond.

Hargises May Arrange Security For Him.

Will Be Arrested On Other Charges

IF HE GAINS HIS FREEDOM.

Lexington, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—Bill Britton, who has been twice tried for the murder of James Cockrill, at Jackson, July 21, 1902, was this morning granted bail in the sum of $7,500. Although the bond has not yet been furnished, his attorneys state that they expect to have him released some time this week. It is expected that the Hargises, who have been closely connected with the charges against Britton in his trials, will make arrangements to get the bond for him, even if they do not go upon it themselves.

* * *

Argument of Counsel.

The motion for bail was filed by Britton's attorneys last Friday, and was set for argument this morning. When the motion was called up to-day, Attorney Muir stated that the defendant had been twice tried without a conclusion being reached, and as the vote of the jury at the last trial stood eight for acquittal against four for conviction, that he thought Britton was entitled to bail. He also called attention to the fact that the Hargises and Ed Callahan, who are also charged with complicity in the murder of Cockrill, had been released on bail. As these were all men of considerable property and influence, while Britton was practically penniless and without influence, he thought that Britton's bond should be fixed at not more than $5,000.

Commonwealth's Attorney Allen declared he was opposed to granting Britton bail, because of the fact that the defendant had, in his first trial, been found guilty under this same indictment, and although a new trial had been granted by the Court of Appeals, this action was taken on account of instructions having been given too favorable to the defendant. He said that he saw nothing in the evidence to warrant admission to bail, and that in his opinion the fact that there was a hung jury in the last trial was no valid ground for Britton's release.

Judge Parker stated from the bench that it had been the custom of Kentucky courts to admit a defendant to bail where there had been a hung jury with a majority of the jury in favor of acquittal. The court was therefore of the opinion that bail should be granted in this case. Commonwealth's Attorney Allen then said that if bail was granted $5,000 was too low, and suggested that $7,500 be fixed as the amount of bond. The court acquiesced in this suggestion and fixed the bail at $7,500.

* * *

Britton's Long Time In Jail.

Britton has been in the Lexington jail ever since he was first arrested in September, 1903. His attorneys stated this afternoon that they did not know yet who would go on Britton's bond or when it would be given. They hoped, however, to arrange the matter some time this week and are confident the bond will be given. It is stated here that the Hargises are perfectly willing to themselves go on Britton's bond and are anxious to have him released, but that while they are nominally holders of large properties the Jackson murder cases have involved them in such heavy expenditures, and their present obligations on the bonds of other persons connected with the feud cases are so large, aside from the fact of their being interested parties, that a bond given by them might not be accepted. Rather than take any chances of this it is considered probable that they will secure some other persons to go upon Britton's bond.

If Britton gives the bond fixed by the court to-day his freedom will last but a moment. He will be immediately rearrested on the indictment found against him several years ago in the Breathitt Circuit Court for the murder of Dr. B. D. Cox. Britton has never been tried on this charge, and as he was in jail here when his case was called with those of the Hargises and Callahan before Judge Carnes at the recent session at Jackson, Britton appeared by attorney and his case with the others was transferred to Sandy Hook and the bond fixed in his as well as the other cases was $10,000.

* * *

Will Be Rearrested.

Hence, when he is released on bond here, he will be immediately rearrested and taken to Sandy Hook, where he will be released, if he can give the $10,000 bond required. If unable to give the $10,000 bond he will be kept in the Sandy Hook jail until the cases are called in Judge Redwine's court there on May 28.

There is still another charge hanging over Britton. It is said he was indicted in Lee county, Virginia, several years ago, charged with the murder of an old man named Miles. The warrant for his arrest was sent to Charles Robbins, who was then a constable in Breathitt county, a reward of $500 being offered for Britton's delivery to the Lee county authorities. No effort was made to serve the warrant as Britton was already in jail here, but Robbins declares that he will serve this warrant as soon as Britton is freed from the Kentucky cases.

Judge James Hargis and his son, Beach, arrived here from Jackson this morning and spent the afternoon at the races. When asked to-night if he would go on Britton's bond he replied:

"I'd rather not answer that."

The correct bonds given by the Hargises and Callahan in the Cockrill cases are $25,000 for Alex Hargis, $15,000 each for James Hargis and Ed Callahan and $10,000 for Elbert Hargis and Callahan. Alex Hargis' is highest because it was granted before the trials when the others were refused bail.

* * *

May Not Go To Sandy Hook.

It seems probable now that Sandy Hook will not be discommoded this spring by the trials of the Hargis and Callahan cases, which were transferred there by Judge Carnes and set for hearing on May 28. Commonwealth's Attorney Allen announces that he will move to take up the trials here of these same defendants for the murder of James Cockrill when they are called on the dockets on May 8. One of Judge Hargis' attorneys, who was here to-day, stated that if Col. Allen announced ready on May 8 the defendants would also, and that Judge Hargis was now making preparations to go into his trial here.

"In the event of the cases being taken up here on May 8, which seems almost certain," continued the attorney, "the trials at Sandy Hook will have to be postponed, as the trial here would last several weeks, and the attorneys in the cases would strongly object to going into new trials immediately after at Sandy Hook. A postponement at Sandy Hook would probably throw the trials over to the fall term of court."

PRESIDENT'S PROBER INVADES NEW YORK

ARRIVES TOGETHER WITH A THIRD-TERM LETTER.

SOUNDING LEGISLATORS AS TO ROOSEVELT SENTIMENT.

"KINDLY RESPOND AT LENGTH"

Washington, April 30.—[Special.]—James Bronson Reynolds, who winter before last investigated the beef conditions in Chicago and several times has been used by President Roosevelt to get on the inside of things, made his appearance in Albany, N. Y., to-day to find out what the legislators there thought of a third term, Roosevelt sentiment and surface opposition.

Mr. Reynolds had hardly reached Albany before a number of the President's most enthusiastic supporters had received a letter asking for their views on the situation. It carries the list of the Republican Executive Committee, General Committee, Advisory Committee and Committee on Special Organziation.

The last-named committee consists of James B. Reynolds. The letter is as follows:

My Dear Sir: In view of the present agitation and the sharply-drawn issue between the Administration of President Roosevelt and its critics, will you kindly send confidentially to this headquarters your view of the sentiment of the voters of your district, whether for or against President Roosevelt; your opinion as to the developments of the next year, and what course is likely to be taken politically in your district with reference to the election and the instruction or noninstruction of delegates to the Republican National Convention next year.

It will be a great favor if you will kindly respond at length to this letter. I am, yours respectfully and sincerely,

JOHN A. STEWART.

HOKE SMITH'S MISSION TO INDUCE IMMIGRATION

SAYS HIS TRIP ABROAD HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL.

WILL APPOINT AGENTS AT VARIOUS EUROPEAN PORTS.

AT HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT.

London, April 30.—After a tour of the continent, during which visits were made to Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna and other places, with the object of inducing emigration to Georgia, Gov. Hoke Smith and party are making a brief sojourn here.

Gov. Smith told the Associated Press to-day that his trip had been successful and that he had succeeded in removing much prejudice against emigration to the Southern States. He said he had been promised that a number of ships would sail direct from European ports to Savannah and that others would make Savannah a port of call. Some good work had been done in Scotland, whence the stream of emigration to Georgia already had started.

Gov. Smith said it was his intention to appoint agents at Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Glasgow and other ports to encourage desirable emigrants. The Governor and his party will sail for New York to-morrow.

The entertainments planned by the American colony were not carried out, owing to the brevity of the visit here, but the Governor met many Americans and was a guest in the distinguished strangers' gallery of the House of Commons to-day and also visited the House of Lords.

Fish—Jester.

Nicholasville, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—A courtship of several years culminated this afternoon in the marriage of Miss Belle Garner Fish and Judge Charles Lee Jester, of Corsicana, Tex., at the home of the bride's parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Fish. The house was beautifully decorated in pink carnations, palms and smilax. Judge and Mrs. Jester left in an automobile for Lexington, where they boarded a train for Texas.

MORGANFIELD CELEBRATES

Completion of Railroad Connecting With L. and N.

In Spite of Clouds and Chilly Weather.

People From Surrounding Country Take Part.

THE PROGRAMME OF THE DAY.

Morganfield, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—Rain had no power to dampen nor cold to chill the enthusiasm of the celebration by which Morganfield to-day doubled its population in one big jump and laid the foundation for the increase which is to be permanent and which is certain to come within the next few years. Jupiter Pluvius, the mythical being who is supposed to have control of the weather, was not inclined to favor Morganfield and did not smile on the plan to celebrate, sending not only rain but also cold in an effort to dull the festivities. But he did not understand the spirit of the people who have made Western Kentucky, and all his efforts were in vain.

Morganfield was the host of a railroad and of the people of the whole section from Madisonville to this city. Morganfield has waited some years for the railroad; in fact it was first talked of twenty-five years ago, but the welcome given it was only the more cordial from having been so long delayed. And the welcome to the railroad was no more cordial than that welcome extended to the people who were brought by the railroad.

* * *

New Line of Railroad.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad has just completed a new line extending from Madisonville into Morganfield. It does not move and have its being under the name of the L. and N.,—being known as the Morganfield and Atlanta—but the L. and N. railroad built it and feels more than a fatherly interest in it. The line has been built from Providence to Morganfield, a distance of twenty-eight miles, within the last few months and the schedule service of freight and passenger trains will begin to-morrow.

The advent of the first train into Morganfield over the L. and N. was the reason for the demonstration here to-day. With so many persons on the ten cars that there was hardly room for them all to stand, and with practically the entire population of Morganfield waving hats and cheering its appearance, the first train came in this morning, feeling its way over track that is yet new, exactly on schedule time. Close behind it came another train, also of ten coaches, and also packed to the doors and windows, and this throng joined the first throng until Morganfield was more than crowded and some new word would have to be found to describe the conditions on the streets.

Morganfield had prepared for the crowd and was fully able to handle it. The men who made the road possible, backed by the business men of the city, who contributed to the right of way for the new line, were determined to have a celebration that would eclipse anything ever attempted here before and they carried out their ideas well. It was desired to show the people of Kentucky by proxy and the people of this section in person, what kind of a town this is and how it can do things when it tries. To this end it was arranged that the first train over the extension should be a real accommodation train, the conductor being carried merely for ornament.

* * *

Many Join In Celebration.

Madisonville was invited to help celebrate the new road's acquisition, and then everybody from Providence to Morganfield was invited to come along and assist. At first it was the plan to have only one train, but it was found that too many persons would come, so W. L. Mapother, first vice president of the L. and N., turned over the road to Morganfield and the second train was decided upon. It was needed, too, for the crowd simply swamped the first one and hundreds of persons were left standing on platforms unable to get aboard the first train.

Morganfield citizens were awake and up and doing early this morning. They looked at the weather and then their faces grew long, for it was cloudy and the air was cold and it looked like all their plans would go awry. The rain which fell all last night had faded the decorations on the buildings and had spoiled many of the decorations, but it was hoped that the clouds would be swept away and the sun shine on the new road. When it did not there was disappointment, but Morganfield was determined to pull through without sun and their fears were dissipated when they saw the crowd climb off the first train.

The procession was formed at the depot, and the parade was through the principal streets, with thousands look-

945



Visit Our Store the Next Opportunity You Have.

If you will allow us a little of your time we will select the Patrician last best suited to your foot and your shoe troubles will be ended forever. Patrician not only looks well and fits well, but will retain its shape and outwear the majority of shoes that cost $5 and $6.

John L. Lewis Co.
(Incorporated.)
Oxfords $3.00 and $3.50.

PATRICIAN
Shoe for Women

ing on from the sidewalks. Young men and young women all riding astride and sitting on their horses with the ease of Kentuckians, led the parade and formed one of its most attractive features. Following it were floats, showing the business interests of Morganfield. Nearly every business place in the city had a wagon or float, decorative and illustrative of what Morganfield is doing in a business way. Many pretty little girls and some older ones also pretty, added to the attractiveness.

* * *

A Novel Float.

A float describing the barber's industry, bore on it two barber's chairs, in each of which was a subject. One was being shaved and the other was having his hair cut. The subject being shaved did not look happy, as the road was not as smooth as it might have been.

When the parade had disbanded the real ceremonies of welcome took place at the operahouse, which was gay with bunting and flags. A large number of prominent Western Kentucky men had seats on the stage. Among them were the following officers of the L. and N., who came down in Mr. Mapother's private car to attend the opening of the new line: Charles L. Stone, general passenger agent; J. H. Ellis, secretary, and G. A. Parks, general land and industrial agent. Sam P. Jones and H. H. Holman, of Louisville, were also on the stage, having come from Louisville as guests of Mr. Mapother.

* * *

Address By Mayor Drury.

A. W. Clements presided and rapped for order, after several selections by the orchestra, which played while the crowd was filling the theater. Mr. Clements reminded the audience that another event was also to be celebrated to-day, this being the one hundred and eighteenth anniversary of the inauguration of George Washington as President of the country. He introduced W. T. Drury, Mayor of Morganfield, who delivered the address of welcome. Mr. Drury said it would be no more possible to describe this welcome which Morganfield extended to the visitors than it would be to describe the rainbow. In speaking of the new road, he said it meant greater possibilities in the future, as the line would yet reach Louisville and give Louisville what Chicago, Nashville and New Orleans now have—direct connection with Morganfield.

Mr. Mapother was then introduced and spoke in part as follows, delivering a message from Milton H. Smith, president of the L. and N.:

"As a preface to the few remarks which I shall make I desire to deliver a message from President Smith, for whom I am substituted. He charged me particularly to convey his felicitations and to express his great regret that business arrangements prevented his attendance; to say that from his acquaintance with those of Morganfield's citizens with whom he has had the pleasure of conducting business negotiations, he is firmly convinced that his ability to avail himself of this opportunity to meet you constitutes a distinct, if not an irreparable, personal loss; to add further his hope that the entry of the Louisville and Nashville into Morganfield will result in the realization of your fondest expectations and give your already active commercial and industrial interests an added impetus far beyond your hopes, and many other messages he charged me to deliver, which, were I to obey his instructions, would leave me nothing to say on my own behalf.

* * *

Mr. Mapother's Tribute.

"Just at this particular time, when it seems to be the fashion in many parts of the country—I might say in most parts—to depict railroad corporations as raging monsters, traversing the land, seeking whom they may devour, blighting and destroying the commercial prosperity of flourishing communities, and to brand railroad officials as deliberate and unscrupulous falsifiers, you need not wonder that by the cordiality of your reception I am baffled for an appropriate response. It makes me feel as though we are not such scoundrels after all, and naturally fills us with gratitude. It is one thing to construct a line of railroad, equip and operate it, but it is still another to concurrently acquire such a measure of confidence and esteem as you have exhibited to-day. By thus meeting, exchanging congratulations and recognizing that our business relations are not at variance, but may journey along harmoniously on parallel lines, we are taking a long step in advance. The railroads are dependent upon the business interests as the business interests are dependent upon them, and consequently self interest, if nothing else, demands mutuality.

"The present widespread agitation for the reduction of railroad revenues comes at a most inopportune time, because the railroad managements are just now confronted with the most difficult task of providing facilities adequate to meet the demands of the ever-increasing business, and with expenses increasing in astounding proportion, any serious curtailment of their earning power will certainly alarm capital and thus bring an abrupt stop to enlargement."

Mr. Mapother said Morganfield should be grateful to two men, and that the road should be a monument to these two, for to them largely belonged the credit for having built the line. He said T. B. Young and J. K. Waller were the ones who had succeeded in interesting the L. and N. in the extension and they were the ones who had built the Morganfield and Atlanta, and to them belonged the praise.

* * *

Mr. Gardiner's Address.

James T. Gardiner, president of the West Kentucky Coal Company, was the last speaker and his words provoked long and loud applause. In part, he said:

"This country has the best coal which is to be found west of the Allegheny mountains. I have made a careful investigation of the coal in all the States, and I have found that this coal, which is here in immense quantities, is the superior of any found west of the mountains. It is the basis for great wealth and will last for many years, certainly a hundred, to make this county and city one of the richest in the State. You can cultivate your ground on two sides; on the top and the bottom, for on top you can raise crops and underneath you can raise coal."

Barbecued meat and other good thing to eat, served by members of Morganfield's churches, followed the address by Mr. Gardiner, who closed the formal ceremonies of welcome. Everybody had plenty to eat, and although Morganfield was caring for just twice as many people as actually live here, nobody was made to feel that he was not thought of personally. In the afternoon the visitors were shown about the city, the three bands gave concerts and a baseball game was played between Morganfield and Madisonville, Madisonville won by a score of 9 to 1.

To make the day perfect and bring it to the proper conclusion, a banquet was served to-night in the courthouse. Plates were laid for three hundred and after they had eaten all they could, many short and snappy toasts were responded to, and the evening passed quickly and pleasantly. The crowd, thinned out, some by the leaving of the two special trains to Madisonville, was still in evidence at midnight and everybody, though a trifle weary, was happy and confident that Morganfield, in the language of one of its former citizens, is "the best town in Amerikey."

A. R. DUNLAP.

Curtains

in all the good, dependable grades at

Lewis'

Prices please.

STECK PIANOS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
(Incorporated.)

DIAMOND VALUED AT $500 FOUND ON INDIANA FARM.

Columbus, Ind., April 30.—(Special.)—George Pence, of this place, who owns a farm fifteen miles west of here in Brown county, to-day brought to Columbus a diamond, which he found on his farm. The diamond is about the size of a pea and by diamond experts is valued at five-hundred dollars. Diamonds in the past have been frequently found in Brown county, but never before of the value of that placed on the one found on the Pence farm.

This is the sixth diamond that has been found on this farm. Some of the citizens of Brown county earn from two to three dollars a day at placer mining for gold and not infrequently they, too, find diamonds of small value in the brooks and along the hillsides in Brown county.

A bed of marl was discovered today by ex-Sheriff Thomas Cox on his farm five miles northeast of here. Marl is the chief ingredient used in the manufacture of Portland cement. The marl bed found covers twenty-acres and is two feet thick. It is thought that it exists in smaller quantities all over the one-hundred and sixty acre farm. Shale is another ingredient used in the manufacture of Portland cement, and it exists in abundance in parts of both Bartholomew and Brown counties.

SWEETHEARTS SEEK DEATH BY THE SAME ROUTE.

Huntington, W. Va., April 30.—Samuel Rittenour, a foreman at the West Virginia Brewing Company's plant committed suicide this afternoon by taking carbolic acid. Last Saturday Rose Spears, with whom Rittenour had been keeping company, ended her life in precisely the same manner because she thought Rittenour had deserted her.

Rittenour returned from Kentucky, where he had been on business and learning of her death, drank the deadly acid in the room in which the girl had ended her life.

NOT A DROP OF WATER IN THE STOCK OF THE L. AND N. RAILROAD.

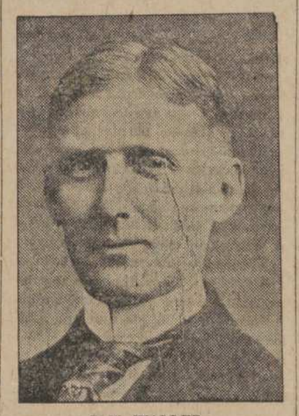
Secretary Ellis, In Address At Morganfield, Delves Deep Into History of Road, and Talks of Pending Problems.

Morganfield, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—One of the most interesting addresses at the banquet to-night in celebration of the new M. & A. Railroad was that of J. H. Ellis, secretary of the L. and N. Railroad Company. Mr. Ellis spoke on the subject "Railway Stock and Stockholders." He said:

What is stock? The ordinary conception of it is a piece of engraved paper, say about 8x12 inches, with one or more emblematic pictures on it, a locomotive, a steamboat, a viaduct, some corn shocks, the word "progress" in a scroll a portentous red seal in the lower left-hand corner; the signatures of the authorized officers of the corporation; the whole purporting to certify that John Smith is the owner of one share of "stock" in the Air Line Railroad Company. That, of course, is not stock. It is merely the evidence to John Smith that he is the owner of an indivisible portion of the tangible property and other assets of the Air Line road. Let us go back a little, and take a look at the word itself. There are few words in the English language put to more varied uses or that have seemingly wandered farther away from its origin than this word stock. Literally it means a stake; then a stake fixed in the ground; then from several stakes fixed in the ground we get stockade. The point to be noted, however, is that the primal significance is fixedness; and in almost all the derivatives of the original word this idea of something fixed and permanent is present. It's a far cry from stockade, for instance, to a farmer's live stock, and from that to a share of stock in Mr. Waller's bank. And yet, they are all of near kin, all descendants of the same progenitor. So we have a merchant's stock of goods; the stock of a tree; the village stocks of old days; the family stock, and a hundred variations of sense and meaning; but all permeated with the primal idea of permanency. Hence, capital stock of a corporation is its fixed property, that which represents its permanency, and this meaning is peculiarly and essentially applicable to the property, franchises and assets of a railroad company.

It is presumptuous in me to detain you with these elementary ideas, but which I must pursue a little farther yet; for I shall have occasion to revert to the leading thought.

The members of a community, awakening to a desire for the means of bodily communication with neighboring communities and of facilities for exchanging their commodities, determine to build a railroad. A certain number of them apply to the authorities of the State for a charter. In its precedent declaration, the amount of the capital stock is fixed at some round sum, say one million dollars. Primarily, that means that one million dollars shall be the limit of cost of the railroad they are about to build. In practice, however, it represents the basis for division among the owners, present and prospective, of the property, whether it may or may not be really worth a million dollars. Ostensibly, the capital stock of a company represents the value of its property—no more, no less. As a matter of fact, it rarely does. Under normal conditions, I believe that, more frequently, it represents less than the value of the property, its franchises, its assets and what, for want of a better word, we shall call its good-will. By "value of the property," I must be understood after the payment of the debt, bonded or otherwise. In that case the shares sell at a premium, often for a price that is three or four times their par value. So far as this may be indicated by the current prices, which are slowly recovering from a severe decline, I find that of sixty-eight active stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange, thirty-one are selling above par and thirty-seven below.



J. K. WALLER,

Secretary of the M. and A. Railroad Company, who is mainly responsible for the building of the road. He is also president of the People's Bank and Trust Company, and is one of Morganfield's wealthiest citizens.

* * *

Earning Power.

Appreciation in the price of shares may be due more immediately to the amount of profits the corporation may have to divide amongst its stockholders, i. e., to its dividends, their rate and continuity. But, after all, earning power, ability to pay dividends, is one of a corporation's assets and an all-important one, a non-separable element in the intrinsic value of the property.

For convenience of distribution, capital stock is usually divided into shares of $100 each; and certificates of ownership of one or more shares are issued. The promoters of such an enterprise subscribe for as many shares of stock as they may desire; they invite their neighbors to do likewise; they induce their municipalities to take stock in their railroad, and with the money thus secured the enterprise is launched, and now we have stockholders. What are they? Why holders of stock; very simple. But they are something more—something better than merely that. To quote a fine sentence from a recent speech of Gov. Hughes, of New York: "They are those who, husbanding the resources they have lawfully acquired, seek to enlarge the field of enterprise and to afford opportunity for new and useful employments."

That substantially is the history of the inception and promotion of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. The inducement for their subscribing is first and principal-ly to secure the facilities, the conveniences, the comforts and blessings resulting from railroad transportation. Second, perhaps, is hopefulness of gain, first, from the increased value of the railroad's property and consequently of the undivided portion of it; and ultimately from the right resting in their ownership, to a share of the profits from operation. There is much railroad history in this broad land directly the opposite. Communities overburdened with debt; millions invested and lost; culpable negligence and dishonest management, with ultimate loss of the property. And yet, above and beyond it all, as we all know, no single agency has contributed so much, so steadily and with such complete effectiveness to the advancement of the people and to the amazing development of this wonderful country. But the proneness of people at large to attribute to all the wrongdoing of some, leads, unwittingly perhaps, to injustice in many cases; and the carefully, honestly managed railroads suffer detraction and opprobrium with the rest.

* * *

Some L. and N. History.

But not all the aspirations and ambitions of the early promoters of railroads have ended in disappointment and disaster; and since we have in the splendid corporation with which you as a community have just allied yourselves, a very fair and just example of the ultimate profitableness of railroad investment, I shall be pardoned if I indulge in a brief retrospect in Louisville and Nashville history. The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company was chartered in March, 1850, just a little more than fifty-seven years ago. Its original capital was fixed at $3,000,000. The stock was largely subscribed by the city of Louisville and by the counties through which the line is now located; the remainder by the citizens of Louisville and those living along the line. And until about 1879 it was owned substantially by the same people.

The early history of the L. and N. Railroad Company is deeply interesting, but I shall trouble you only with some brief references to the early subscribers to its stock. The city of Louisville alone subscribed for $500,000. Hardin county for $300,000, Warren county $300,000, Hart county $100,000, Davidson county, Tennessee, $300,000, Sumner county, Tennessee $200,000, individuals $925,300. Of all these subscribers only Hardin county retains any stock, and it but a small part of stock recovered of the company by way of judgment for interest and dividends. Of original subscribed stock there is not a single share in the hands of the subscriber, for not one of the fifty-five original subscribers is living. The stock is now in the hands of about 2,500 holders. The largest single holder is the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, which owns a majority of the stock, viz., 206,000 of 600,000 shares. The remaining 394,000 shares is well distributed amongst small investors and to savings banks and similar institutions for the benefit and security of people of small means. The stock of the company has been increased from $3,000,000 to $60,000,000, just twenty times the original sum. In the same time its operated mileage on which earnings are reported has increased from 208 to 4,207 miles, and the earnings have grown from $475,000 a year to about $48,000,000. But the lines owned, leased and in which the company has controlling or substantial interests aggregate nearly 7,000 miles with a corresponding volume of earnings.

* * *

Cost of the Road.

The L. and N. Railroad Company may under its charter increase its capital stock "to an amount equal to the cost of the road and branches." At the close of the last fiscal year the cost of road and branches was $100,354,362, not including the large interests in other companies just alluded to. Of the stock increase $18,000,000 has been given to the stockholders as dividends; the remainder has been sold and the proceeds used in the redemption of bonds, in payment for and for interests in other railroad properties and for the legitimate uses of the company. Now let us see how an investor in L. and N. stock in 1850 would have fared. He subscribed say for ten shares for which he paid $1,000. In passing I may remark that numbers of our earlier subscribers paid their subscriptions in labor and by the hire of their teams and their slaves. This $1,000, however paid, would have resulted in this way: In 1894 our investor would have received one share of stock, making eleven shares. On this eleven shares he would have been paid $374 in cash dividends. In 1895 he would have received four shares of stock, making fifteen shares. By 1880, on fifteen shares, he would have received 54½ per cent. in cash dividends, or $817.50. In 1880 he receives another fifteen shares of stock, making thirty shares, on which he receives 9 per cent. in cash, making $270. By August, 1880, he receives five more shares of stock, and on the thirty-five shares which he then holds he gets 57 per cent. in dividends down to February, 1907, being $2,095. Or, for his original investment of $1,000, he receives $3,556.50 in money and thirty-five shares of stock worth at present market price $4,300, a total of $7,756.50.

A pleasing incident occurred in my office a short time ago. We had carried on our books three shares of stock in the name of an individual from December, 1864. Nothing whatever was heard from anyone about the stock until May, 1902, nearly forty years after, when a claim was made in the interest of the heirs. The claim was properly substantiated and the company had the pleasure of paying to the beneficiaries $617.40 in cash, six shares of stock and $44.10 in scrip, making in all with the original shares $1,744.50. It was cheerfully paid and gratefully received.

* * *

Louisville's Experience.

Remarkable results accrued to the city of Louisville in the comparatively short period of twenty-five years. The city, as I have said, subscribed and paid for outright $500,000 of stock. To 1885, when the stock was sold, it had received from this investment:

Dividends	$925,857
Proceeds from sale of stock	1,238,470
Total	$2,164,327

And the city sold some of its stock at sixty cents! What the results would have been had the city held its stock up to the present I leave you to imagine. Similar proportionate results were achieved by every one of the subscribing counties.

But in comparison with the illimitable and almost unimaginable material benefits flowing from the development consequent upon its construction in the wide territory served by its lines, even these stupendous figures become insignificant. Not that I desire to appropriate to the railroad all these beneficent things—far from it; for the opportunities opened up by the building of the road were promptly seized by an energetic and persevering people, and the two, the railroad instrumentality and a progressive people working hand in hand, created and produced all these resultant inestimable benefits with which we are surrounded; and from the same harmonious co-operation will unquestionably arise like happy results in the future. But the L. and N. Railroad Company has not achieved the proud eminence it now occupies without its periods of gloom and of deep anxiety to its managers. In common with all railroads and with other institutions and corporations ministering to the stupendous commercial needs of this vast country, it has felt the stress and storm of financial and business disaster. But "from the beginning until this very day, for more than fifty-seven years, through good and bad times, it has never failed to pay the last and every dollar due to its wage-earners, to its creditors and to its bondholders;" and, what is more to the purpose of this address, it has dealt very well indeed with its stockholders.

At the present time L. and N. stock is quoted at 120, that is to say, the investing public and those who buy L. and N. stock believe that after the payment of its debts the equities remaining in the property are worth $1,200,000 more than its outstanding stock. Its capitalization per mile is less than $24,000, and its entire stock and bonded debt less than $44,000 per mile exclusive of its interest in other roads.

* * *

Railroads In General.

Turning for a moment from the L. and N. Railroad Company to the railroads of the United States, we find the total operated miles on June 30, 1905, 215,906; the capital stock $6,742,000,000, and the number of stockholders upward of 250,000. These stockholders received in dividends $195,000,000—the average return on the investment being but 2.87 per cent., greatly below the average return from mercantile, manufacturing or agricultural industries. The total receipts of the railroads for the fiscal year 1904-5 were $2,112,157,776, and of this vast sum there was paid out in wages to $1,500,000 employes, in the purchase of material and supplies and in dividends, interest and taxes, $2,071,297,415, substantially the whole sum being thus returned to the people.

Now this company and all railroad companies are concerned, and vitally concerned, to preserve, and so far as possible, to enhance the value of these equities to the owners, that is to say, to the stockholders. Therefore if the resources and the powers of the railway managements are in any wise abridged or impaired, the unoffending stockholder, often and often an investor of limited means, and 250,000 are such, must surely suffer serious depreciation and probable loss of his property. Purposely, by whatever means, or unwittingly by mistaken means, it matters not, to bring about this depreciation, the loss is equally acute and severe.

A dangerous tendency is manifesting itself in a torrent of legislation to reduce or attempting to reduce railroad income by reducing railroad rates; a most ill-considered, arbitrary and perilous proceeding. It is, although under the guise of law, a dangerous invasion of the rights of the people, and particularly those of the people whom we are considering as railroad stockholders; for all over this country their interests are menaced by pragmatical and opinionated agitators, and that permanency, those inherent equities resting in the values of the great railroad properties in which they have trustingly put their money, are being placed in jeopardy. Criticism that is honest, inquiry that is unprejudiced, laws that are just, reputable railway managers neither fear nor decry.

The 250,000 registered stockholders just referred to means vastly more than the mere figures import. Savings banks, trust companies and all kindred institutions hold many shares of stock for or in the interest of individuals. Probably the 250,000 registered holders represent five times that number of real owners and beneficiaries, and on the million and a quarter thus arrived at, it is not improbable that from 3,000,000 to 5,000,000 people are more or less directly or indirectly dependent. And this makes no account of the large number eleemosynary institutions whose very existence is largely and often entirely dependent on their endowments, which are, to a great extent, invested in railroad securities. It is a deeply serious thing to imperial the value of millions of income-yielding securities by false assumptions with regard to the need for so-called remedial legislation.

* * *

May Seriously React.

It is not alone the interests of stockholders that are threatened by this intrusive legislation, for if serious reductions in rates are successfully enforced, the consequent reduced income of the railroads must result in diminished expenditures, and so the whole thing will seriously react on the public, so interdependent are the railroads and the people. It is this limited perception in so many people that makes possible much of the present agitation. So frequently they see only the inconsequential, while totally blind to essential things.

The average railroad manager desires but two things—first, to give to the patrons of his railroad the very best service in the power of his company at the lowest possible rates; second, to so operate the property entrusted to him that the stockholders, who are his principals, shall receive a fair return upon their investment. His ambitions are summed up in these two propositions, and they occupy in his mind the order in which they are stated. Being human he may fall short of both, but there is no doubting his purpose. The average railroad man is honest; he willingly wrongs no one; he is a good citizen; votes the right ticket; and is a tolerable neighbor; in short, just a man "even as you and I."

Of late we have been hearing a great deal about watered stock, inflation of securities, and the like; and if one were to judge solely by one case of some notoriety, there is ground for complaint. But the trouble lies in the easy way in which perfectly legitimate and lawful increases of capital stock are by non-reflecting people, lumped with really reprehensible transactions, such as have lately been so prominently before the public. You have just seen how the capital of the L. and N. Railroad Company has been increased from $3,000,000—to $60,000,000—without their being one drop of so-called water in it at any time. Just such transactions and many of them have been carried out by the railroads of this country for equally good reasons and for equally just purposes. Indeed there is a vast deal of nonsense talked about watered stock. There are at least two conditions under which capital stock may be prudently and lawfully increased. First, when for any length of time the profits from the business have been withheld from the stockholders and appropriated to betterments and additions to the capital property. In such a case the stockholders rightfully add to the divisional value of the property by increasing the stock and distributing the increase proportionately among themselves. Second, when the management and directors of the company believe it to the interest of the stockholders to make extensions, improvements or additions to the property for the payment of which the stockholders have not contributed, then the stock may and obviously should be increased and the stockholders be required proportionately to take and pay for the increased stock. And yet, both of these processes are almost uniformly amongst some people and by some newspapers denounced as wrongful and worse.

* * *

Capitalization.

There is excessive capitalization among railroads, no doubt; but is it so hideous a thing as we are asked to believe? It is not criminal. It is not something done secretly and in the dark. It must necessarily be public and known of everyone. "Inflated" securities are justly measured where values are fixed and no one is deceived. Nor has overcapitalization the remotest connection with the adjustment of railroad rates. Rates are never, under any conceivable circumstances, fixed with any regard to the stock and the bonded debt. Other and wholly different agencies are at the bottom of rate adjustment. They who talk of shippers and the traveling public being burdened with extortionate rates that the railroads may pay dividends on excessive capitalization are ignorantly associating two entirely separate and independent things. With any given schedule of rates a railroad, however prudently operated, can earn but a certain sum from a given volume of traffic, and what matters it if that sum be 3 per cent. on one hundred millions or 6 per cent. on fifty? Even supposing a railroad to be so capitalized as to preclude, under ordinary conditions, the paying of anything to its stockholders, will it mend matters by throwing around it such legal or illegal restraints as to render it forever impossible to do so? There is a mighty grave inconsistency in the position of some notable persons, and in the minds of many thousands of people on the railroad question; for, while uttering all manner of intemperate things about possible or impossible evils, they propose for enactment laws which will deprive the railroads of the means of correcting them. Some measure of railroad control may justly be desired, always provided it be directed to real and not to imaginary ills—"those we know not of." But if all the railroad control now in the air should ever crystallize, what is to become of the stockholders whose case I have more especially in mind?

Much of the recent agitation against corporations is due to just such false conceptions as I have hinted at. I use the words "recent agitation" advisedly. Happily, there are hopeful signs of a wholesome change of sentiment and in public opinion. It is a good thing, and you can help its advancement by a more discriminating judgment upon and a better appreciation of the truth of the railroad problem.

Marriage Licenses.

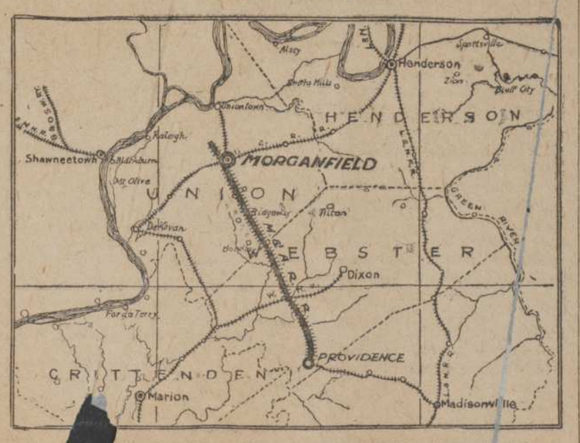
Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: J. Edward Borntraeger and Louise T. Herp, John August Kern and Ollie May Eckley, George J. Pope and Lena Kastelhun, L. O'Keefe and Clara Preston, Martin Schmid and Marie Lehman, Bernard Lee Van Norte and Birdie May Fuhrman, Hubert F. Welsh and Catherine Kendall, Fred C. Hauck and Matilda A. Schierbaum, Elsidor Broudy and Celia Rosenfield, John C. Stallworth and Stella H. Absher, Marion Crane and Ada N. Hood.

Women Fined For Robbery.

Mary Burns and Sue Morton, both colored and inhabitants of Grayson street, were fined $50 each and placed under $1,000 bond for one year by Judge Edwards in the Police Court yesterday morning, when they were presented on charges of robbery and disorderly conduct. The two men were charged with robbing W. H. Elam, of New Mexico, of $87 and a revolver. Elam reported the robbery to the police, and the women were arrested shortly afterward.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

MAP SHOWING NEW RAILROAD JUST COMPLETED INTO MORGANFIELD.



The Morganfield and Atlanta railroad extends from Providence to Morganfield. It is an extension of the L. and N.

That Trouble of Yours

May Be Caused by

COFFEE

Nearly every physical ail can be traced to a disturbance of the nervous system, caused generally by some wrong food or drink that sets up the trouble.

The nerves telegraph to far away organs.

So if pain or incipient disease show anywhere

TRY LEAVING OFF COFFEE FOR 10 DAYS AND USE

Postum Food Coffee

You may locate your trouble and be rid of it.

Thousands have!

"THERE'S A REASON."

Read the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. Physicians call it "a health classic."

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
[Business Established Sixty Years.]

DRESS GOODS DEPT. Second Floor.

EXTRA VALUES
IN
COLORED DRESS GOODS
ON SALE TO-DAY
MUCH BELOW THE REGULAR PRICE.

Sale of 25 pcs. of the season's choicest Worsted Fabrics for Jumper Suits and Shirt Waist Skirts, in over-plaids, checks and stripes; all the popular shades. Regular price $1.00—
Reduced to 69c yd.

Sale of fine imported Voiles in all the delicate shades for evening and popular colorings for street wear, in plain colors, phantom checks and plaids—
Prices $1.50 to $1.75 yd.

Extra Special in Cream Mohairs and Sicilians; good luster and silk finish; 46 inches wide. Regular $1.25 value—
Reduced to 85c yd.

NOTION DEPT. Main Floor.

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
NOTIONS AND DRESSMAKERS' FINDINGS
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Special Dressmakers' Delight Hook and Eye. Regular price 5c card; reduced to 1c card.

60-inch Tape Measure. Regular price 10c; reduced to 5c each.

The Capital Safety Pin. Regular price 10c; all sizes; reduced to 5c card.

Ironing Wax. Regular price 5c; reduced to 1c each.

Marcel Wavers. Regular price 50c; reduced to 25c each.

All regular Pearl Buttons; worth up to 20c dozen; all sizes; reduced to 10c dozen.

The new imported Lace Button; special 10c and 15c doz.

Stocking Darners, in all colors; special price 5c each.

Invisible Hair Nets in all colors; special 10c each.

The new Automobile Hair Net; an excellent protection for the hair; all colors; special 35c each.

Ready-to-use Mending Tissue; price 5c.

CHINAWARE DEPT. Basement.

EXTRAORDINARILY LOW-PRICED SALE
—OF—
DINNERWARE AND TOILET SETS
WEDNESDAY.

Special variety of Dinnerware suitable for your country homes, at reduced prices.

Choice of 100-pc. sets in Danish patterns, blue willow or "Grindley's" pink moss rose pattern, with green border, gold traced. Regular price $12.50 and $15.00—
Reduced to $10.00 set.

Special sale of Toilet Sets in colors to match the color scheme of your room.

Rich Dark Green or Blue 12-pc. Toilet Sets, with dainty gold tracing; colonial shape; $10.00 values—
Reduced to $8.75.

Special reduction in 12-pc. Set in pink with delicate blue flower decorations. Regular price $12.50—
Reduced to $10.00.

12-pc. Toilet Sets in white, gold decorations—
Special price $4.95.

12-pc. Toilet Sets in ye old English, blue willow patterns—
Special price $10.50.

12-pc. Sets in pink or blue with tulip or poppy decorations—
Price $7.75.

SHOE DEPT. Fourth Floor.

REMARKABLE REDUCTIONS
IN
HOUSE SLIPPERS.

A limited lot of House Slippers and Strap Sandals in small sizes and narrow widths at a greatly reduced price—$1.88 a pair.

Values up to $3.00 and $3.50. These we have conveniently displayed for your selection, and especially call your attention to the limitation of sizes and widths—sizes 2 to 5; widths A, B, C.

Select Tan Novelties in Street Ties $4.00 a pair.

Tan Russian Calf Sailor Ties, Pumps and Ribbon Ties—models exclusive.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(INCORPORATED.)
IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

F-U-R-N-A-C-E C-O-A-L-S

April and May are the months in which furnace coals can be bought cheapest. Our leaders in this line are the "Old Lee" Anthracite and C. C. B. Bluefields vein Pocahontas coals. Also don't forget that absolutely necessary domestic requirement

"Camden" High-Grade Pittsburg Coal.

Ignites Quickly. Burns Brilliantly. Lasts Long.

CAMDEN COAL CO. Incorporated.

MAIN OFFICE 452 W. Jefferson | Both Phones 585 | W. C. WILLIAMS Pres. and Treas.

April 29, 1907.

TAKE WINTERSMITH'S TONIC FOR THAT TIRED FEELING. All Druggists

N
K37LC



Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer is Healthful

Because it is brewed from Pabst Eight-Day Malt and choicest hops.

Malt is made from barley—the most nourishing of all grains.

The Pabst Eight-Day Malting Process gets all of these nourishing properties out of the barley-grain, and the Pabst Brewing Methods retain them all in

Pabst Blue Ribbon
The Beer of Quality

which is therefore richer in food values than other beers. In addition, it has the exquisite flavor of the choicest hops, with all of their tonic properties.

Pabst malts for food values. Pabst brews for health qualities. The name Pabst guarantees both purity and excellence.

When ordering beer, ask for Pabst Blue Ribbon.

Made by Pabst at Milwaukee
And bottled only at the Brewery.

Pabst Brewing Co., Inc.
14th & Jefferson Sts., Louisville.
Phone 1389.

"EVERY LOAF IS BETTER."



Lorde, Child,
"AUNT SALLY"
Salt Rising
BREAD

AM EXTRA FINE THESE DAYS.
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.
SAVE YOUR TAGS FOR VALUABLE PREMIUMS.

Grocers' Baking Company, Incorporated.

FATAL DUEL

FOUGHT BY LIFELONG FRIENDS AT ASHLAND.

Remark of Humorous Nature Brings On Difficulty In Which One Man Gets Death Wound.

Ashland, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—In a quarrel that started over a friendly joke, Jim Dingess, of Greenup, today fought a duel in the streets of this city with his lifelong companion, John Stone, sending three bullets through his body, producing mortal wounds.

The two friends had been together all morning and had gone down town together. In the presence of a number of friends Stone made a humorous reference to Dingess. Quick as a flash Dingess drew a gun and began firing at Stone. Stone immediately poured a volley of lead toward Dingess, but he was hit with the first ball from Dingess' gun, breaking his aim.

Immediately after Stone fell bleeding at his friend's feet, the latter ran hastily out of town. Stone's brother has notified the authorities in all directions and Dingess' capture is momentarily expected.

CORYDON PREPARING FOR BIG CELEBRATION.

Visit of Mayor and Business Men of Louisville To Be Made Memorable Occasion.

Corydon, Ind., April 30.—[Special.]—That Corydon will be prepared to entertain the heads of houses was made known to-day when Judge C. Wayne Cook agreed to adjourn court on May 7 and act as a member of the committee and deliver the address of welcome.

The excursionists will be met at the depot and escorted to the courthouse by a brass band, where speeches will be made, after which the excursionists will be shown the city.

The old capital will be dressed in gay attire on that day. The merchants have issued invitations to many business men out of town, inviting them to be present. The business men of the town are enthusiastic over the coming of the excursionists and look forward to a beneficial day.

Jasper To Entertain.

Jasper, Ind., April 30.—[Special.]—The business men of this place held a meeting here to-night to complete arrangements to entertain the Mayor and business men of Louisville, Ky., who are to visit this place May 7.

NEW BRANCH RAILROAD.

Will Penetrate Rich Coal Deposits In Eastern Kentucky.

Lexington, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—It is reported here that a new branch railroad to tap the Louisville and Atlantic railroad at a point near the mouth of Sturgeon creek, five miles west of Beattyville, will be built at once, the contract having been let to H. B. Hanger & Co., the contractors of Richmond, Ky. The new railroad will span the Kentucky river and a big bridge, about the size of the one at Valley View, it is said, has been contracted for. The new railroad will penetrate the rich coal deposits along Sturgeon creek, which are among the most valuable in that section. It is understood that Lexington capital is behind the enterprise.

PATTERSON OFFERS REWARD FOR SAWYERS.

Nashville, Tenn., April 30.—[Special.]—Gov. Patterson to-day offered a reward of $150 for the arrest of William Sawyers, who killed Miss Minnie Strong in Weakly county and escaped across the State line to Kentucky.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL BOARD MEETS AT NORFOLK.

Norfolk, Va., April 30.—The General Sunday-school Board of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, with headquarters at Nashville, Tenn., is meeting here secretly and will be in session through to-morrow.



Slowness

IN one way we may be "slow"—we positively will not misrepresent the smallest detail about Crossett Shoes. What's more, we don't have to. The shoes practically sell themselves.

CROSSETT SHOE
$4.00 "Makes Life's Walk Easy" TRADE MARK BENCH MADE $5.00

Call on our agent in your city, or write us
LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc., No. Abington, Mass.

THE CROSSETT STORE,
PAUL JONES BUILDING, FOURTH AVENUE,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

CONTROLLER MAY LOSE HIS JOB

Treasury Gossip Slates Bracewell For Removal.

Not Believed That President Will Make Change.

Denials of Friction Between Root and Executive.

GRIGGS AND OKLAHOMA.

Washington, April 30.—[Special.] Robert J. Tracewell, former Congressman from the Third Indiana district and now Controller of the Treasury, a position which he has filled with credit since his appointment during the McKinley Administration, is slated for removal on account of his closeness to the Fairbanks presidential boom, according to reports circulated about the Treasury Department to-day. It is considered very doubtful, however, that the President and Secretary Cortelyou have agreed upon any such action.

The fact of strongest value to Controller Tracewell is that he holds his office by the backing of Vice President Fairbanks and Senator Hemenway. The Vice President has made no requests for appointments or retention in office of his friends since he took office himself, but the President knows how the Vice President feels toward Mr. Tracewell, and it is thought he would hesitate a long time before making a change on the eve of a presidential convention year, in which the Vice President will be a figure.

* * *

Denials of Friction.

Denials of the story to the effect that there is friction between the President and his Secretary of State which will lead to the retirement of the premier Cabinet officer are accepted here as accurate. It is believed, however, that Mr. Root will retire from the Cabinet before the close of the administration. The understanding is that the Secretary has several international matters which he desires to see brought to a conclusion under his personal direction and as soon as these are out of the way he will resign.

Secretary Root went into the Cabinet hailed as the administration candidate for the presidential nomination. There is reason to believe that the President indicated to Mr. Root that he would be for him. The Secretary's corporation connections and later his speech on government centralization caused so much unfavorable comment that the Secretary himself realizes that he is not available and, therefore, looks upon the President's preference for Taft as simply the fortune of politics.

* * *

First Blood For Foraker.

Ohio politicians in town say that the stand taken by Republican State Chairman Brown, in opposition to calling for a primary show-down on the Foraker-Taft contest on the day of the municipal elections next November, is first blood for Foraker. They argue that, to begin with, it was Senator Foraker's wish not to confound the national and municipal issues, and secondly Chairman's Brown's attitude is construed to mean that the State Committee is still favorable to Foraker.

At the last State convention the committee was 14 to 7 for Foraker. The politicians say that the "practical" significance of this decision is that further time is to be allowed for the possibility of President Roosevelt's support of the Taft boom relaxing. All well-posted Ohio politicians say that there is nothing to the Taft boom but Roosevelt. Without the President's support Secretary Taft, they say, would have only a sentiment—a kind, affectionate, and in every way complimentary sentiment to be sure, but lacking the foundation of practical politics.

Secretary Taft, they point out, has not been associated with active Ohio politics, while Senator Foraker has been a militant figure in the political arena for more than a quarter of a century. Secretary Taft has held offices, but it is asserted they have been appointive and not elective, whereas Senator Foraker has won his at the point of the bayonet in the bitterest kind of political charges and defense of the trenches.

* * *

Many Things May Happen.

The Ohio men agree that President Roosevelt will have to stick to his candidate and work for him in season and out of season in order to keep up the Taft end. But they realize the possibility of many things happening in the next twelve months, and in the meantime, the President may have to change his allegiance. They say that the moment he gets from under, the Taft boom will hit the bottom.

Representative Griggs, of Georgia, chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, is en route to Washington to consult with Secretary Charles A. Edwards about the conduct of the Oklahoma campaign. The election of the Legislature and five members of Congress takes place in August on the same day that the Constitution is ratified.

Regardless of the intention of the Republican leaders to urge upon the President the advisability of rejecting the constitution, the people of the State will proceed to carry out the preliminaries required by the act of Congress, trusting that public sentiment will force the President to approve the instrument.

* * *

Fight In Oklahoma.

Secretary Edwards is sending out circulars asking for contributions to defray the expenses of the campaign and it is hoped that sufficient funds will be obtained. Mr. Edwards has received word from seven or eight Democratic members of the House who express willingness to go into Oklahoma and stump the territory. The indications are favorable to the election of a solid Democratic delegation.

John W. Yerkes, as the outgoing Commissioner of Internal Revenue received a flattering reception to-day at the hands of the clerks of his bureau. For a time this afternoon they filed into his office to bid him farewell and there was general expression of regret over his resignation. Mr. Yerkes always has been held in high esteem by his subordinates.

One of the most brilliant social functions of the season was given at the White House this evening, when President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained at dinner at the principal officers of the United States and foreign navies who participated in the ceremonies attending the opening of the Jamestown Exposition. The dinner was followed by a reception.

JUDGMENT REVERSED IN COURT OF APPEALS

In Cases Which Came About From Asphalt Paving of Streets In Louisville.

Frankfort, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—At to-day's session of the Court of Appeals judgment of the Jefferson Chancery Court, second division, in cases of the City of Louisville against American Standard Asphalt Company, and American Standard Asphalt Company against Caroline Schuster and others, was reversed on direct and cross appeal, and remanded for judgment as directed in the opinion. Judge Barker delivered the opinion of the court.

The actions grew out of the improvement of Rosewood avenue, between Baxter and Von Borries avenues, with asphalt. The American Company did the work, and the question in the cases is wholly that of apportionment of the cost for the work among the property owners. The city regarded the territory on either side of the street as properly divided into squares, but the facts were that the territory west of the improvement was defined in squares, while that east of the improvement was not defined.

The Chancellor below concluded that the eastern side of the improvement was so large it could not be considered a square, and in this the court here concurs. In concurring in the finding of the lower court in this branch of the case, the court here says:

"This territory is so large as to at once carry conviction to the mind that it ought not to be considered a square, as it must, as shown in the record, soon be divided into smaller squares by cross streets, and much of the property which would be taxed now for Rosewood avenue, will be called on to pay for improvements on these cross streets to such an extent as to perhaps amount to spoliation."

Discussing the case further, and in reversing judgment, the court says:

"The General Council have no more discretion in fixing the taxing district for the eastern side than they have for the west side. Now, this would be different if the territory on neither side was defined in squares. Then it would be for the local Legislature, in their discretion, to fix the depth on both sides which constitute the taxing district. But here, the law requires the taxing district to be one-half the depth of the squares on the west side, and just as imperatively demands that the same depth should be established on the east side. It follows, therefore, that if the apportionment of the work under consideration had been made as provided by law, the whole cost of the work would have been apportioned upon the territory on both sides to an equal depth, 394 feet. The city, therefore, erroneously apportioned the cost of making the improvement. When the case returns to the lower court the Chancellor should require the pleadings to be amended and the proper parties brought before the court, and a reapportionment made of the whole cost of the improvement according to the principles herein established. As the fault of the erroneous apportionment was wholly that of the city, it should bear all of the court costs, both here and there, which were occasioned by the erroneous apportionment."

* * *

The court, Commissioner Carroll writing, reversed judgment of the Bell Circuit Court in a case of Arthur Cleveland and Richard Webster against the Commonwealth, and remanded for new trial. Appellants were indicted, charged with the murder of one Henry Irvine. They were tried together, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the State penitentiary. The reversal by the court here is on the instructions given the jury in the trial court.

* * *

In opinions delivered by Judge Barker, the court dismissed appeals to it from Knox county in four cases of P. B. Farris against the Commonwealth. The appellant was fined for alleged violations of local option laws. The dismissal of the appeals is because they were not filed within the time fixed by law.

BABBITT DROPS OUT.

REFUSES KENTUCKY LIQUOR DEALERS' PRESIDENCY.

Discussion of Bonaparte's Ruling and Decision of Court of Appeals On Rectifiers' Law.

The annual meeting of the Kentucky Liquor Dealers' Association was held yesterday afternoon at the Board of Trade and was attended by whisky dealers from all parts of the State. Apart from the discussion of various matters of importance to the interests of the association, including Attorney General Bonaparte's recent ruling in the matter of labeling and the Court of Appeals decision declaring constitutional and valid the rectifiers' law of 1906, which requires the payment of one and one-quarter cents a gallon on all simple-stamp spirits, but little was accomplished at the meeting.

E. M. Babbitt, who has been the president of the association for the past three years, declined to serve another term in that capacity, pleading stress of other duties. Most of those present at the meeting would listen to the name of no other candidate to head the association and Mr. Babbitt was urged strongly to accept the presidency for another term. He declined finally, however, and a nominating committee was appointed to prepare a list of nominations for the various offices, which will be submitted at a meeting to be called at a later date.

It is understood that a communication from W. M. Hough, the general counsel of the association, was read at the meeting, giving the status of the controversy over the rectifiers' law and the pure food rulings. It is probable that the rectifiers will carry their fight in the ruling matter to the Supreme Court.

One of the Victims.

"I know there is a conspiracy," declared the young author.

"How so?"

"If not, why can't I find a publisher for my 'Life of Roosevelt?'"

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

STUYVESANT PIANOS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
(Incorporated.)

FIRE SALE.

By Order of Board of Fire Underwriters

HUSCH BROS.

SUPERIORITY SUPERIORITY

326-328 Fourth Avenue.
Louisville's Largest Cloak and Suit House.

Sale Opens To-day
10 A. M.
$45,000 Stock of Women's
High Class
Coats, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Furs

CARPENTERS NOT TO STRIKE TO-DAY

Decision Reached At Very Stormy Session.

Question Referred to Union's District Council.

No Two-thirds Majority Favors Walk-out.

OPPOSING FACTIONS BITTER.

Excitement ran high at the mass-meeting of union carpenters held at Germania Hall last night. "Knock down and drag out" came near being the order of things. At one time it looked as though a hurry-up call would have to be sent to police headquarters, but the argument of cooler heads prevailed, and a semblance of order was restored. The carpenters will not walk out to-day, as was threatened, but voted to allow the District Council, composed of representatives of each of the four locals of the Carpenters' Union, to decide the matter within the next thirty days. This means, practically, that the carpenters will not go on a strike before June 1, and only then at the discretion of the District Council.

Nearly 700 men crowded into Germania Hall last night to determine by their votes whether or not they would go on a strike to-day. H. C. Kundert, president of the four locals, presided over the meeting. After a heated discussion that lasted for more than an hour, two propositions were suggested. One faction, apparently composed of more than half the carpenters present, favored going out to-day, while the other faction counseled further delay. This latter faction submitted a proposition, calling upon the union carpenters to refer the mater of a strike to the District Council, allowing that body thirty days in which to reach a decision.

When a vote was finally taken the count showed that 359 carpenters had voted to strike to-day, while 253 had voted to leave the matter of the strike in the hands of the District Committee. After the vote had been announced, the chairman ruled that inasmuch as the laws governing the union called for a two-thirds majority before a strike could be declared, the minority faction had gained its points and the matter of a strike would be left to the District Council.

* * *

Hisses Greeted Ruling.

Hisses on the part of those who had voted to strike to-day greeted the ruling of the chairman. He rapped repeatedly for order, but the shouts of the "hot-heads" drowned all other sounds.

"You must have gone over to the contractors," were the words than were hurled at the chairman from many points in the hall.

"The majority rules," shouted another, "The majority of us wants a strike."

Somebody moved to reconsider the vote that had just been taken, and this was followed by a rush for the chair. The chairman, perching himself on a pedestal so all could hear, ruled the motion out of order and immediately pandemonium reigned.

* * *

Pandemonium Reigns.

During the scramble that followed chairs in the hall were overturned and those who feared a serious clash between the two factions made a rush for the exits. It was at that paint that someone suggested sending in a riot call to central station, and this threat had a subduing effect. The men who had voted to refer the matter of a strike to the District Council remained in the hall, while nearly 200 of the other faction left the place in disgust. Some of these later returned to the hall and one man heaped such abuse upon one of the doorkeepers that he threatened to throw him down the stairs. They clinched, but were separated by a bystander.

It was 11:30 o'clock last night when the meeting at Germania Hall was finally adjourned. Escorted by members of the minority faction, President Kundert and others of the District Council repaired to the old Odd Fellows' Hall at Sixth and Walnut streets, where they went into secret session. Following this meeting Mr. Kundert Kundert announced that he had absolutely nothing to give out for publication. He said, however, that all true union carpenters would abide by the result of the vote taken at Germania Hall.

* * *

What Carpenters Want.

What the carpenters want is an eight-hour day and a wage scale of thirty-seven and one-half cents an hour. They assert that they notified the contractors last January that these demands must be granted by to-day. The contractors expressed a willingness to grant the eight-hour day beginning July 1, but not before. They have refused to confer with the journeymen carpenters, it is said.

One of the men who voted to refer the matter of a strike to the District Council, explained at the close of the meeting last night that at present the time to strike is not ripe.

"Were we to go out to-morrow, we could not hope to get the support of the other structural trades unions," he said. "The bricklayers are tied up by a contract which does not expire until June 1, consequently they could not join us in strike for an eight-hour day and the thirty-seven and one-half cents per hour wage scale. Without the support of the bricklayers and other structural trades unions we could not hope to win."

EIGHTEEN RECRUITS CLANNED.

Union Printers Say They Have Won Over More Men.

Eighteen recruits were added to Typographical Union No. 10 yesterday, according to Albert Hill, a representative of the international body. He said that ten men employed by the Courier-Journal Job Printing Company had allied themselves with the union, and likely would be called out to-day. The other eight men, he said, were employed by different nonunion job printing establishments.

One of the officers of the Courier-Journal Job Printing Company said last night that all the printers employed at that establishment were at work during the day. He said that the master printers would never give in, and asserted that the head of one establishment had made the statement that he would close down his plant rather than submit to the dictates of the union.

"We will never give in," he said. "No matter how long the fight against us is waged. Our men were all satisfied until this walking delegate came along. We have asked for no conference with the heads of the union, and we will not."

FOUR ARRESTS MADE IN INSURANCE CASES

NEW YORK LIFE AGENT IS CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

SAID TO HAVE MADE STATEMENT TO DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

TWO WATCHERS IN CUSTODY.

New York, April 30.—Following an inquiry by the District Attorney's office into the recent election of directors of the New York Life Insurance Company four arrests were made to-day, three here and one in Albany. Other arrests are expected, and it was said to-night that if certain charges were proven the result of the election might be upset.

Jacob Frank, a New York Life Insurance Company agent, sixty years old, living in Brooklyn, was arrested in the office of the District Attorney, charged with forgery in the third degree and paroled by a Magistrate in the custody of his counsel.

Along with several other persons connected with the insurance company Frank had been summoned to explain the signatures of several policyholders to alleged forged ballots cast at the recent election of directors of the New York Life. It is said Frank made a statement to Assistant District Attorneys Smythe and Howe that will facilitate prosecution of the ballot cases if any is undertaken.

Later in the day, Charles Stirrup, said to have been watcher for the International Policyholders' Committee at the recent election of directors of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, was arrested. The charge is conspiracy. He was held in $2,500 bail for a hearing. In default of bail he was committed to the Tombs. He asked that Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the International Policyholders' Committee, be sent for.

Stirrup, it is asserted, was employed at the office of the International Policyholders Committee previous to December. The offense with which he is charged was committed previous to that date. On the day of the election he was sent to the Mutual Life offices as a watcher, but the charge is in connection with the New York Life election.

Charles F. Carrington, another watcher for the International Policyholders' Committee, was arrested late to-night. Conspiracy is charged.

SCRUGHAM ARRESTED.

International Policyholders' Secretary Taken Into Custody.

Albany, N. Y., April 30.—George Scrugham, secretary of the International Policyholders Committee, was arrested here to-night on a charge of conspiracy. Mr. Scrugham declared that he did not know the reason for his arrest. He said he came to Albany to-day to file certain memoranda with the Legislative Committees on Insurance in connection with the pending bills to amend the insurance laws. Mr. Scrugham would make no statement.

HAWKES CUT GLASS ornaments the table of the discriminating hostess—always. It is genuine. It is the best.
We are sole agents here.
Wm. Kendrick's Sons,
The Jewelers, 336 Fourth Avenue.

Reliable Dentistry.
Teeth Extracted Absolutely Without Pain by our patent process, used by us alone.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY. Protective guarantee for 15 years with all work. NO CHARGE for EXTRACTING when teeth are ordered. NO STUDENTS. Until May 1 we have decided to make our new whalebone plates with best teeth for $4—do not cover roof of mouth.
Guaranteed to Bite Corn Off the Cob.
20 Years' Guarantee.
BRIDGEWORK, Guaranteed.....$2.50
BEST SET OF TEETH.....$2.00 up
22-k. GOLD CROWNS.....$2.50
GOLD FILLINGS.....75c
SILVER FILLINGS.....25c
NATIONAL DENTAL PARLORS 582 Fourth Avenue.
Open Daily Till 9 p. m. Sundays All Day.

The Oldest Stand in Louisville.
NOCK & SNYDER CO.
(Incorporated)
S. E. Cor. Second and Market Sts.
CUT-RATE DRUGGISTS
76 Years in Business.
WE SELL
4-Year-Old JAY-EYE-SEE WHISKY, Per Gal..... $2.00
7-Year-Old JAY-EYE-SEE WHISKY, Per Gal..... $3.00
MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED.
Out-of-Town Orders add 25c for jug and packing.
Write for Price List



The Packard, while a leader in style, is designed primarily to conform to the natural lines of the foot. It thus insures a greater degree of comfort and satisfaction to the purchaser than the average shoe. It fits well, wears long, and is in every way a finished article of dress.

Sold at $3.50 $4.00 $5.00 in all styles

If your dealer does not carry the Packard Shoe, write us for Catalogue and name of nearest dealer who does.
M. A. PACKARD CO., Brockton, Mass.

The Standard of Excellence in the Art of Pickling

Is demonstrated in the line of PICKLES we make and offer to the consumer. They taste and eat like Pickles.

Dr. Johnson's full line of EDUCATOR BISCUITS, both salted and plain.

No more dust; use COTO-WAXO for sweeping carpets, floors and tile work—an absolutely dustless cleanser; not inflammable.

J. B. WURACH
Pure Food and Fruit Products for the Table.
314 WEST MARKET ST.
BOTH PHONES.

Wintersmith's Tonic tones up the system. Now is the time to take it.

945

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st,

A Consolidation of
THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1830.

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.
Louisville, Ky., 1843.

MORNING COURIER.
Louisville, Ky., June 3, 1844.

First issued as the
Courier-Journal November 8, 1868.

Rates.

Daily edition, one year..............$6 00
Daily and Sunday edition, one year. 8 00
Daily and Sunday, one month....... 75
Weekly edition, one year............ 1 00

To City Subscribers.

Daily delivered..... ....10c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered.15c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered.1 month, 65c

Postage.

Entered at the Louisville Post-office as second-class matter.
10, 12 and 14 pages...............1 cent
16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 pages........2 cents
28, 32, 40 and 48 pages...........3 cents
Sunday edition, with magazine...4 cents

Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned, they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

TEN PAGES

WEDNESDAY..........MAY 1, 1907

"Business."

Tuesday Evening, April 30. — The New York stock market, after early strength, reacted, but closed strong, with net changes limited to small fractions.

Money on call was easy at 2 to 2½ per cent., ruling at 2¼. Time loans were irregular at 3½ to 4½. Sterling exchange was easy.

Final prices in the Chicago market on wheat for July delivery were ⅝c to ¾c lower. Corn was off ⅜c to ½c. Oats were up ⅛c to ¼c.

The cotton market opened about 5 points higher, and had a strong tone throughout, closing at a net gain of 18 points, with July showing the most strength.

The Chicago cattle and sheep markets were steady. The hog market was generally 5c higher.

The Felix Feltner Fine.

The fine of $3,465 assessed against Felix Feltner by the Clark Circuit Court for running witnesses away from the trial of the Marcum-Hargis damage suit, in which members of the Hargis clan were found guilty of having procured the assassination of James B. Marcum, has been paid by a son of Feltner, who sold his farm to raise the money. The fine was none too heavy to fit the offense. It is, of course, unfortunate that the burden of it falls upon a son of the offender instead of the men who persuaded or hired him to commit the crime. The Feltner case is one of the ramifications of Hargisism from which misfortune to others than the real criminals has resulted. A petition is now being circulated with the object of securing from Gov. Beckham remission of the sentence of two years at hard labor imposed upon Feltner in addition to the fine. If Judge Hargis is not using his every effort to secure clemency his sense of gratitude must be sadly blunted, but there is not the slightest ground for clemency. Felix Feltner was of age and in his right mind when he undertook a criminal contract, and the fact that the greater criminals behind him have not been punished does not lessen his offense.

The Clark Circuit Court and the State of Kentucky are to be congratulated that the decision of the court fining B. F. French $5,000 for the same offense has been upheld and that that distinguished citizen will be compelled to contribute that amount to the coffers of a State he has been so active in disgracing. Since there seems to be no prospect of seeing Mr. French punished as he deserves, it is in a measure satisfying to know that he has at least met with financial reverses in his capacity of "absenter" of witnesses in the interest of organized assassination.

Green.

The editor of the Independent looked out of his window the other day and spied a splotch of green. His bosom swelled, his heart thrilled and his thoughts grew eloquent, but his tongue failed; only his pen would adequately express the rhapsody that swept through his being. Result:

"No color is so beautiful as green—the color of growth. It comes in between blue and yellow. Blue is the color of the dawn; yellow of sunset; green is the happy mean between the two. There is nothing more delicious than green corn, green peas, green beans and green lettuce. A cabbage head is never anything else but green, and as such it has its table value. As for green apples, that is another thing; it depends upon the stomach. A boy will go farther and through more trials to secure a pocketful than he will for a bushel of ripe Harvest Boughs. As this is not explainable by reason it can be set down to instinct."

This stirs, this uplifts. It almost attains the poetic and literary heights reached by that gifted thinker and writer, Miss Currer Bute, whose gorgeous pen is moved to similar strains of music by the same color, and from whose master work, "Her Naked Soul," we cull the following:

"Green! Beautiful, warm color of green! How you thrill my inmost heart—how you fill my heart always with new hopes! Yes, green, beautiful color of green, is the color of hope—the color of nature! How strange it would be if I did not love thee! Green is the color of olives; green is the color of pickles. * * * Green is the lettuce, the first thing that appears out of the stony ground that greets us in the new springtime. Green, a delicate green, is the color of the young onion, watercress, parsley, that is given again and again to us for the delight of the organs that lead to the principal factory controller, the stomach."

The latter outburst is apt to appeal to the literary connoisseur with more force than the song of our New York contemporary, for it is more refreshing in its allusions, more delicate in its figures and more exalted in movement, but the other is certainly exquisite enough to be classed with it, and that is bestowing a high tribute. The agreement of two such authorities establishes conclusively that there are no flies on green.

Friendly Advice.

The Dark Tobacco Association which is to organize Christian county is offered, by the Hopkinsville Kentuckian, a little excellent advice as to the sane method of effecting the organization of local planters. The Kentuckian advises that in sending out speakers good citizens should be selected and "agitators and inflammatory spellbinders who are trying to thrust themselves upon the association and to array neighbor against neighbor should be kicked out."

Continuing, the Kentuckian says:

"Let every speaker who takes the stump plant himself squarely on the side of law, of order, of civilization and good Government, and condemn in unmistakable terms every form of night raiding and the destruction of property by masked marauders.

"No good citizen in or out of the association can uphold these things. No Christian or God-fearing man would knowingly ally himself with barn-burners and plant-bed scrapers. The association does not need to wink at these things. It does not deserve success if it countenances them."

Such advice should not be disregarded. There are enough sane and law-abiding citizens in the dark tobacco counties to put down the outlaws who burn barns and destroy plant beds. Anarchy cannot endure in any section of this State, and it behooves the Dark Tobacco Assocation to use its every effort to put it down before the "night riders" give a good organization a bad name. Christian county boasts as high an average of good citizenship and intelligence as any county in the State. It is not probable that a large number of the planters there will have the least patience with the methods that have been employed in some of the near-by counties, and if the planters stand together to prevent depredations the night riders cannot operate. It would be well to begin the organization of Christian by "kicking out the agitators." Missionary work in new territory should be done carefully, thoughtfully and with a keen sense of the responsibility to the public assumed by the leaders of the anti-trust fight.

Organizing a county for legal warfare against a criminal corporation is work that will appeal to the best class of citizens, but agitation that may result in a war between neighbors and the commission of felonies is another matter. As the Dark Tobacco Association will necessarily be credited with net results in Christian county, its best efforts should be directed to eliminating "undesirable citizens" from its forces before launching its campaign.

Executive Clemency.

Next to the ways of Providence in inscrutability—but not otherwise bearing even a distant resemblance—are the ways of executive clemency. Juries propose, but Governors dispose. A jury may be depended upon as a rule to have all of the milk of human kindness that is needed to prevent justice from lacking the quality of mercy, and very few defendants are too severely dealt with by their peers. But compared to a Governor the average jury is hardhearted. The executive journals of all the States bristle with entries showing that Governors have stultified the law by granting pardons in cases where the crimes were so atrocious and the guilt of the criminal so plain that juries found unanimous verdicts without wasting time and superior courts upheld them without wasting words. The latest exhibition of extreme tenderness upon the part of an executive comes from Delaware.

George Hutt, a negro, was sentenced to spend the rest of his life at penal servitude for the murder of Noah Benson, whose headless body was found in a canal. The Governor of Delaware pardoned him. Hutt celebrated by getting drunk and painting the town of New Castle, creating a panic among its peaceful inhabitants. After injuring several persons he was overcome by the police, and in his efforts to escape from the lockup, he almost demolished the interior of the building. When Mayor Boyd, of New Castle, visited the prisoner to inspect the damage done by him to the jail a pane of glass, broken by Hutt, dropped and severed two of Mr. Boyd's fingers. It will probably be possible to convict the pardoned criminal of disorderly conduct, but the pardon remains in effect, and Hutt remains a citizen of Delaware, not at all improved in temper as a result of having been convicted for having beheaded his neighbor.

Executive journals rarely contain a full confession of the executives' reasons for pardoning atrocious criminals, and it is usually profitless to discuss the sufficiency of the reasons given without having reliable information as to the real causes behind the clemency of a Governor. But granting, for the sake of argument, that their intentions are usually, if not uniformly, good, the pardoning power is sadly abused by a majority of the Governors. The loopholes of escape are so many that when a jury has convicted a criminal and a higher court has sustained the verdict there is not often a good reason why the sentence should not be served. Statistics show that the verdicts of juries are by no means final and that an enormous number of criminals are turned loose upon society when they should be kept in prisons. It is this prospect of escape from serving a sentence that constitutes the wide difference, from the standpoint of the murderer, between the "life sentence" and the death penalty. The latter is usually exacted while the public mind retains enough of the facts in the case to make commutation unpopular and difficult to explain. But after a murderer who should have been hanged has remained in prison for a few years—say about the length of time a man might serve for stealing an overcoat—it is an easy matter for a Governor to find a plausible reason for letting him out.

While Governors remain so easy of access to persons with political influence and so prone to liberate criminals who should remain behind bars the death penalty is the chief prop of the judicial system.

A murderer hanged is a murderer disposed of, but a murderer sent to the penitentiary is a murderer full of fairly well-founded hope of freedom in the not far distant future, unless he is entirely friendless. If the hangman were eliminated from the personal equation of the man killer, murders would be even more frequent than they are nowadays.

"Legitimate" Profits.

"How to exercise such control over the business use of vast wealth as will insure its not being used against the interest of the public, while yet permitting such ample legitimate profits as will encourage individual initiative." This the President, in his Jamestown speech, declared to be the greatest problem before us to-day.

But he failed to define clearly what shall constitute "ample legitimate profits as will encourage individual initiative" or to say what power shall determine conclusively what profits a business shall earn legitimately. As for the latter, it is presumable that he had in mind the Federal Government, and that it was his idea that the Federal Government should say how much of a business' earnings or profits are ample and legitimate—sufficiently so to encourage individual initiative. If that be his idea, he would carry to great lengths the functions of government. He would make the Government more arbitrary in its control of individual affairs that it has ever been before. It would restrict the liberty of action hitherto enjoyed. It would so hedge a producer about as to make itself a tyrant. He could make no more profits than it should fix. How would the Government fix them? What standard would it adopt? What economic principles would it employ as a basis for computing profits that are "ample and legitimate?" How would it arrive at a determination as to the amount needful to encourage individual initiative? For here is involved the element of human nature.

Clearly such a governmental policy would bring the functions of the Government into conflict with rights. And in the same speech the President gave a hint of his feeling in case of such conflicts when he extolled Burke for having "realized the profound lesson that in politics we are concerned not with barren rights, but with duties; not with abstract truth, but with practical morality." The Chicago Chronicle, quite justifiably, too, takes the President to task for supporting this view from Burke and declares that this quotation is no doubt satisfactory to the statesman who wishes to do something that he cannot reconcile with rights or justify by appeal to truth. "The courts," asserts our Chicago contemporary, "do not proceed upon the assumption that rights are barren—not under the system of jurisprudence we have derived from England. It was to protect rights that our Constitutions, national and State, were framed, and the framing of them was the highest of political acts." The Chronicle takes the position that if legislation is politics we are very much concerned with rights and it does not become any Legislature to treat them as barren; that duties, whether prescribed by law or by moralists, are intimately related to rights and that "when in our desire to reform things and make them better we suddenly discover that it seems to be necessary to trample upon rights or give the lie to abstract truth, it is time for us to pause and consider whether we are really treading the path of duty and promoting practical morality."

The President's public actions have been shaped along the lines of his quotation from Burke, and so his administration has had an imperialistic, dictatorial and paternalistic trend. The theory on which he acts and his motive in following it are at variance with the underlying principles of the American Government and antagonistic to the spirit of the Constitution. He would set up an arbitrary national Government, he would abolish the rights of States and abridge the liberties of the individual. His ideas and methods are dangerous to republican government; they are revolutionary.

A Statue To McClellan.

An interesting ceremony will take place in Washington to-morrow in the unveiling of a bronze equestrian statue of Gen. George B. McClellan. The statue occupies a prominent position in the northwestern part of the city at the intersection of Connecticut avenue and the Columbia road. It is of heroic size, is the work of Frederick MacMonnies and is pronounced by competent judges a very creditable production. President Roosevelt is to make the principal speech and addresses will be made by Gens. Sickles, Howard and Dodge. The participation of the President in the ceremonies will afford him an opportunity to pay merited tribute to Gen. McClellan, who organized the Federal army of Virginia and who, although for a time, under the ban, showed better results with it than any of its numerous commanders, except Gen. Grant. It will be recalled that several years ago President Roosevelt delivered an address on the battlefield of Antietam, on the anniversary of that engagement, in which Gen. McClellan was the Federal commander, and that he committed the singular oversight of not referring to him, although other officers who participated in the battle were eulogized. It was at a time when George B. McClellan, the Democratic son of the General, was engaged in his first contest for Mayor of New York, and the omission under the circumstances was widely commented upon in connection with the fact that Gen. McClellan was, like his son, a Democrat. The presence of the New Yorker at the ceremony to-morrow will add to the interest of the occasion.

The Children of St. Petersburg.

If the affairs involved were not of such magnitude the scenes of the past two days in the halls of the Douma would be comical. They seem to be more like the antics of children than the actions of statesmen. "If little Zuraboff doesn't take back what he said against us," says the Stolypin boy, "we'll take our doll rags an' go home." And the Zuraboff boy not only doesn't take back his words, but another playmate on the Social Democratic side takes his part. All the others of that faction stand by them and make faces at the Stolypin lad, and, being in the majority, they hold their ground. So little Stolypin and the other youngsters leave. They just will not play in the Douma's yard with such naughty, naughty fellows. If there were only some good, stout mammas handy to spank all these childish children and put them to bed until they could behave themselves!

It was a terrible thing that Zuraboff said. In effect he declared that under an autocratic regime the army was worthless except against the people, and that it was beaten when it tackled a foreign enemy. What made his words so terrible was their truth. The truth made Stolypin and the Government children angry all over. Anything but such truth as this!

At last reports it is hinted that the Little Father may disperse the Douma because of Zuraboff's words. "A little child shall lead them," quoth the Scriptures. And Russia's Little Father is a little child, like those who seized their dolls and quit playing. How can any Government fare well when it is manned by infants?

The increase in the assessed value of property in Louisville and Jefferson county of more than 10 per cent. over that of the last fiscal year, is a strong confirmation of all the other evidences of progress so apparent in the interval. The total assessment of the city and county is $158,753,997, which is an increase over that of 1905 of $16,158,504. The result is more assuring from the fact that the increase is not ascribable to a greater rate of taxation, but to the greater value of property as the healthy outgrowth of population and improvements.

The Washington Post thinks there is something rotten in Denmark, when living expenses are so high in the country that produces the greatest quantity of food per capita and freight rates are fairly reasonable. In Washington it is the expense of the short haul from the kitchen to the palm room that puts food stuffs beyond the reach of the average consumer.

In London the verb "to suffrage" has come into use. In Philadelphia a man enjoying the rights and privileges guaranteed by the machine would have to conjugate the verb to describe the voting done and contemplated by himself and his friends during a municipal election.

Texas boasts of an annual crop of 100,000,000 watermelons, according to one of her proud and patriotic journals. But if the boll weevil ever finds out how much more palatable the watermelon is than the cotton plant the melon crop will be one with Nineveh and Tyre.

A young Virginian was almost lynched for hugging a beautiful Norfolk girl in a public thoroughfare. Hereafter he may have sense enough to go out in a catboat and excite the jealousy of the mob from a safe distance.

A correspondent says there is graft at the Jamestown Exposition. But since it was planned to demonstrate the progress of the great American republic why omit an exhibit of anything so typically American?

The curious information editor of the Houston Post informs the world that buckles were invented in 1680, but fails to add that since that time the world has been humping itself to make them meet the tongue.

According to the London Hospital persons die because they do not understand hygiene. How can we, when there are some 978 health magazines, each of which preaches a different doctrine?

Richmond Pearson Hobson says the Japanese question has passed the acute stage. We may now put in our garden truck without the fear that it will be trampled under the heel of the invader.

A prominent New York minister says there are no saloons in that city in which women get drunk. He may be an excellent preacher, but he missed a brilliant career as an alibi witness.

Albert J. Beveridge, of Indiana, announces emphatically that Theodore Roosevelt is no child. There is no limit to the discoveries possible to ceaseless mental activity

Fleming=Edmonds.

Miss Mary Armstrong Fleming and Mr. Henry Morris Edmonds, of Montgomery, Ala., Married Last Night.

The wedding of Miss Mary Armstrong Fleming to Mr. Henry Morris Edmonds, of Montgomery, Ala., was solemnized last night at 8 o'clock at the Highland Presbyterian church by the Rev T. M. Hawes, the pastor of the church.

The church was tastefully and elaborately decorated in palms and trailing vines, with touches of white introduced in the green.

Mr. Frederick Cowles gave a beautiful programme for half an hour before the time set for the ceremony, playing the "Wedding Song," by Batiste; the wedding music from "Tannhauser;" "Widmund," by Schumann; "Serenade from Jocelyn," by Godard; "Cantele Nuptiale," by Saint-Saens, and the "Coronation March," by Kretchner.

The ushers were Mr. Henry Johnston, Mr. Henry Higgins, of Danville; Mr. Harris Fleming and Mr. Hugh Fleece, of Danville.

Mr. Hugh Tate, of Knoxville, was the best man.

Miss Eleanor Fleming was the maid of honor.

The bridal party entered the church to the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin," and during the service the Seraphim chorus from Gaul's "Holy City" was played. Mendelssohn's wedding march was played as a recessional.

The bride wore her mother's wedding gown, which was made of white satin trimmed in point lace. Her tulle veil was held with a spray of lilies of the valley and she carried a bouquet of the lilies.

The maid of honor wore a dainty gown of soft white batiste trimmed in Valenciennes lace and carried a bouquet of pink sweet peas.

Mrs. W. B. Fleming, the mother of the bride, wore a handsome gown of black silk, trimmed in Brussels point lace.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmonds left later in the evening for the South, where they will visit Mr. Edmonds' relatives before going to Mongomery, where they will live.

Among the out-of-town guests who attended the wedding were: Mrs. W. H. Horrover, of Cincinnati; Mrs. Allen Jordon, of Portsmouth, O.; Mrs. Percy Horrover, of Cincinnati; Misses Annabel and Lizzie Chinn, of Frankfort; Mrs. Druin and Miss Mildred Druin, of Bardstown.

POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mrs. H. W. Blanc was the hostess at a charming luncheon given at her home on Third avenue yesterday afternoon. The table was ornamented in the center with a crystal vase filled with Killarney roses and mignonette. The confections and ices were in rose color. Mrs. Blanc's guests were:

MESDAMES.

Charles T. Ballard, William J. Abram,
Samuel Culbertson, Byron Baldwin,
William Culbertson, Udolpho Snead,
John Helm, Morris Belknap,
J. B. Speed, William Heyburn,
Edmund Trabue, Ap Morgan Vance.

* * *

Miss Emily Helm entertained a number of friends at dinner last evening in honor of her guest, Miss Emily Vaughan, of Norfolk, Va. The table was decorated in pink roses and Annunciation lilies, the favors and bonbons being in the form of the same flowers. Miss Helm will give a dinner for her guest this evening.

* * *

Mrs. Andrew Cowan will entertain informally at luncheon to-morrow in compliment to Miss Mary G. Bartlett, of Plymouth, Mass.

* * *

Mrs. Charles T. Ballard will give a dinner at the Country Club on Saturday evening in honor of Miss Emily Vaughan, of Norfolk, Va.

* * *

Mr. Muscoe Burnett, of Paducah, is visiting Mr. Henry Burnett for a few days.

* * *

The Rev. Peyton Harrison Hoge has received a cablegram announcing the safe arrival at Arpino, Italy, of Mrs. Hoge and Miss Cary Hoge, who will spend two months with the Marchese Emilio San Germano and the Marchesa Virginia.

* * *

Miss Ethel Wilder will leave to-morrow morning for Lexington, where she will visit Mrs. M. A. Scovell for a few days.

* * *

Col. John H. Ward and Dr. John Hardin Ward returned yesterday morning after an extended visit in San Antonio, Tex., and are at the Galt House.

* * *

Mrs. Leonard G. Quinlan, who has been visiting Mrs. Elizabeth Amis and Mr. and Mrs. John W. Green for the past two months, will leave this morning for Winchester, where she will visit Mrs. B. F. Buckner for a week before returning to her home in New York.

* * *

Mr. Brooks Nichols, of Tarrytown, N. Y., will arrive Saturday morning for a short visit in Louisville and will be at The Seelbach during his stay.

* * *

Mr. Henry C. Colgan has returned from a short visit to friends in Lexington.

* * *

The date of the concerts which will be given by Schumann-Heinck and Maud Powell has been changed by the management of the Woman's Club from the afternoon and evening of May 17 to the afternoon and evening of Tuesday, May 21.

* * *

Dr. Joseph M. Mathews returned last night from St. Louis, where he delivered the address at the memorial meeting on Sunday commemorating the death of Dr. John T. Hodgen, the eminent surgeon and scientist.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. James Hegan have returned from a stay of ten days at French Lick Springs.

* * *

Mrs. J. C. Van Winkle and Miss Louise Van Winkle, of Danville, are in Louisville for several days and are stopping at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wintersmith and their daughter, Miss Louise Graham, who have been in San Antonio, Tex., since December, have gone to Jamestown to attend the Exposition before returning home.

* * *

Mr. William J. Dodd will return home this morning from a short visit to Memphis.

* * *

Mrs. Milton H. Smith and Miss Eva Lee Smith have gone to Birmingham, Ala., on a short visit and will return home the last of the week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Albert A. Van Buren and Miss May Keisker, of Boston, and who formerly lived in Louisville, have been spending the winter at their place in Florida and will arrive on May 6 to be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Keisker, of 1818 Brook street, for a week, on their way to Boston.

* * *

Miss Richard Snead, regent of the Benjamin Franklin Chapter, D. A. R., and vice regent of the Father Ryan Chapter, U. D. C., of Mexico City, Mexico, and who founded the two chapters of which she is an officer, will be in Louisville to-morrow for four hours on her way home from the East. She will arrive at the Seventh-street station on the C. and O. at 11:20 o'clock to-morrow morning and will be the guest at luncheon of Mrs. Earl H. Callahan, of Louisville. Louisville members of the D. A. R. or the U. D. C. who wish to meet Miss Snead are asked to be at the station at train time.

* * *

Misses Anne and Emily Thomas, of Frankfort, have returned home after spending a few days in Louisville.

* * *

Dr. Sam Brown Hayes, who has been in New York on a visit, has returned to Philadelphia, where he is with the Wills Eye Hospital.

* * *

Mr. Clark Bondurant, of Paducah, has returned home after a stay of several days at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mrs. Earle Allen, of Frankfort, has returned home after a short visit to her sister, Mrs. Owen Thomas.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Pilcher are spending the week with friends in Paducah.

* * *

The John Marshall Chapter, D. A. R., will hold its May meeting with Mrs. Virgil Drane Smith, 2360 Third avenue, Saturday afternoon, May 4, at 3 o'clock. In the absence of the regent, Mrs. George H. Wilson, who is in the East, Mrs. James B. Camp will preside.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Milton H. Thalheimer and daughter have returned after several months spent in Denver, Col. They are with Mr. N. M. Uri, 1211 Fourth avenue. Mrs. Thalheimer's health was greatly improved by her stay in Colorado.

* * *

Mrs. Sue Haydon, of Harrodsburg, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Sue Neal Epperson, of 1032 Fourth avenue.

* * *

Dr. J. S. Lyons, who came from French Lick Springs yesterday to conduct the funeral of Mr. David Baird, will return to the Springs this morning. He will occupy his pulpit at the First Presbyterian church Sunday as usual.

Mrs. Langham In Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., April 30.—Mrs. Arthur Langham, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. Lawrence Young, 1812 Prairie avenue, for a few days.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

A Kick.

Prices now are very high,
That I know.
Everything I want to buy
Proves it so.
Beef and pork or any meat
For the pot,
Or 'most anything to eat
Costs a lot.

Only one thing hasn't riz,
So I claim.
Wonder what the reason is
For the same?
Poetry doesn't seem to soar,
And it's rough
That I do not take in more
For my stuff.

* * *

The Grafter's Version.

My country, 'tis of thee,
I sound my minstrelsy.
Of thee I sing.
I love thy rocks, you bet!
I love thy stocks, et cet.,
And unto those I get
I firmly cling.

My country, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of jobbery,
Thou best of jokes!
I love thy every cove,
I love each verdant grove,
But most of all I love
Thy verdant folks!

* * *

Of Course.

"Say!"
"Well?"
"What's the best way to catch the President's ear?"
"By getting hold of one, Loeb."

* * *

A Murder Case.

"Get all the harrowing details," commanded the New York editor.
"Yes, sir."
"In other words, play up strong on the inhuman interest."

* * *

An Exception.

The quickness of the hand, I wis,
Deceives the eye.
But to the noble hired hand this
Does not apply.

* * *

The Vernacular.

"Your friend McGabb is not a man to hold back."
"No; he's too fond of holding forth."

* * *

Clear the Way.

"Saw a messenger boy on the jump just now."
"No?"
"Fact. Had a message for an umpire at the ball park."

* * *

How Some Men Talk.

"Betting is a fool's argument."
"Oh, I don't know."
"Betcher five dollars it is!"

COMMISSION TO FIX PLAN FOR WHISKY REGULATION.

T. E. McNamara Suggests Names, Including Two Louisville Dealers.

T. E. McNamara, a well-known distiller of Terre Haute, Ind., in an open letter recently suggested a plan by which some compromise might be reached on the pure food regulations of the whisky business.

In the course of his letter Mr. McNamara says:

"I cannot discuss the matter without venturing to remark with surprise that since the President allowed himself and his high office to be drawn into and mixed up in this row it did not occur to him to invite a commission of reputable merchants, men of the highest character, who are engaged in the distilling and blending business—and there are many hundreds such—to submit tentatively, subject to his approval or the approval of the heads of those departments charged with the execution of the law and making the regulations for that purpose, a detailed proposition or plan covering the entire subject and upon something like this base an order, if it became necessary for him to issue one, that would be in keeping with the simple primary objects of the pure food law, while working no unnecessary injury, hardship or injustice to the business interests concerned."

Mr. McNamara then suggests for this commission the following names:

W. N. Hobart, of Cincinnati; W. E. Hull or Frank Corning, of Peoria, Ill.; N. N. Uri, of Louisville; W. C. Wheeler, of Louisville; William Nelson, of Nashville; George Benz, St. Paul; E. J. Zitler, Cleveland; C. Sungstein, Pittsburg; S. J. Lanahan, Baltimore; G. H. Jorden, Philadelphia; M. W. Murphy, Chicago.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY IN BOND THEFT CASE.

New York, April 30.—By securing papers that had been locked in the vaults of the Atlantic Safe Deposit Company, the District Attorney's office to-day made material headway, it is believed, in its investigation of the conspiracy through which the Trust Company of America was robbed of bonds aggregating in value more than half a million dollars. It was reported that the papers in question included considerable correspondence, but nothing definite concerning them could be officially learned.

SUDDEN END

Comes To Mrs. Ross' Life of Goodness.

ONE OF THE MOST BELOVED OF SOUTHERN WOMEN.

DAUGHTER OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIER OF DISTINCTION.

GLOWING TRIBUTE OF A FRIEND

Death came suddenly to Mrs. Laura Talbot Ross, who for years devoted her life to bringing good cheer to the hearts of working girls by distributing flowers among them, at her home on the Taylorsville road, three miles beyond the city limits, at 7 o'clock yesterday morning. Mrs. Ross had been in declining health for some time, suffering from the infirmities of age, but her condition was never considered critical. Yesterday morning she arose in order to take breakfast and while seated at the table she suffered a heart attack and died several minutes later.

All her life Mrs. Ross had done work toward helping the poor, and her death is deeply lamented by all who knew her. For many years Mrs. Ross had been connected with the Flower Mission and did much to advance the work of this organization. After severing her connection with the society she herself each year went around to the various offices and factories and hospitals of Louisville and gave happy greetings and beautiful flowers to the employes.

Born in Louisville, and one of the organizers of Albert Sidney Johnston Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Mrs. Ross was one of the idols of the Kentuckians who wore the gray. Mrs. Ross was the daughter of Dr. J. M. Talbot, who fought in the War of the Revolution, and who was a surgeon in the American army during the War of 1812. When twenty-two years of age Mrs. Ross was married to Dr. J. O. Ross, who died in 1879, and who at one time was one of the best-known physicians in Kentucky. Shortly after her marriage Mrs. Ross took up her residence at the place in which she died, and had resided there continuously since then. The funeral services will be held at the residence this afternoon and will be conducted by the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Craik, dean of Christ Church Cathedral, of which church Mrs. Ross was a lifelong member. The burial will be in the family cemetery on the Ross property.

Mrs. Ross is survived by one son, John T. Ross, and three daughters, Mrs. C. L. Riddle, Miss Edith Ross and Mrs. Mattie Gault. She was the grandmother of Miss Laura Talbot Gault, who became widely known during a reunion of the Confederates several years ago by refusing to sing "Marching Through Georgia."

* * *

Was Greatly Beloved.

A lifelong friend of the family said last night:

"With the passing of Mrs. Laura Talbot Ross there is removed from Jefferson county one of its historical and prominent personalities. She died at her home this morning very suddenly while preparing for her breakfast. There was an exclamation and life's battle was ended.

"The home at which she died had been in the possession of her ancestors and herself from the time it was patented as part of Virginia down to the present time, covering in American history a very long period of possession by one blood. For one hundred and twenty-five years this land has been not only owned but occupied by Isham Talbot and his descendants.

"Isham Talbot was sent from Virginia to Kentucky to protect the pioneers, who, as a vanguard of civilization, had erected their cabins and log houses in this then a far-off wilderness.

"Mrs. Ross, more than sixty years ago, when a bride, had removed to the place where she had lived and where she died.

* * *

Father In Battle of New Orleans.

"Capt. Talbot was a Revolutionary soldier and was one of those who escaped at the ill-fated battle of Blue Lick, fought in August, 1782.

"He came to Louisville, and is buried in the cemetery at Jefferson and Sixteenth streets.

"Mrs. Ross' father was in the battle of New Orleans, fought January 8, 1815, and served as a surgeon for the trip from Kentucky in that conflict which reflected such splendid renown upon Kentucky and Tennessee riflemen.

"Mrs. Ross had long been one of the most beloved of the women in this county. She was made chaplain for life of the Albert Sidney Johnston Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and also chaplain of the Daughters of the American Revolution and of the Daughters of the War of 1812.

"Kind of heart, graceful of manner, generous of thought, cultured and refined, she exemplified in the highest degree the Kentucky woman of the fifties; and no one has occupied a higher place in the hearts of the people of Jefferson county than this woman of such splendid historical lineage and of such superb personal attraction.

* * *

Loyal To the South.

"She was intensely loyal to the South in its great struggle for independence. One brother laid down his life in battle and the other came home to die from the results of Southern campaigning.

"Universally loved in life, Mrs. Ross will be sincerely and widely mourned in death. She will be buried this afternoon in the family cemetery on her home place, where now sleep her husband and five children.

"The young men who were tenants upon her place will bear her body to its last resting place, and six Confederate soldiers will act as honorary pallbearers.

"Those so far selected are Col. Bennett H. Young, Capt. John H. Leathers, D. Thornton, John H. Weller, Col. William A. Milton and Maj. Sam H. Buchanan.

"It was her last request that the men who wore the gray should act at her funeral. Those who desire to attend Mrs. Ross' obsequies can take Jeffersontown suburban car at 2:15 p. m. and return by 5 o'clock."

Record of a Gallant Soldier.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

Gen. H. B. Lyon, who died suddenly on his farm last week, was not, as is contended, a member of the famous "Orphan Brigate," but he belonged to a brigade composed of the Third, Seventh, Eighth and Twelfth Kentucky regiments, a brigade that saw as hard service as any brigade in the army. That brigade fought at Shiloh, Baton Rouge, Baker Creek, Jackson, where the Eighth Kentucky, Lyon's regiment, lost half their number in killed and wounded; Corinth and a number of other places as infantry.

In the winter of 1864 they were mounted and put under Forrest. Under him they fought at Paducah, Brice's Cross-roads, Harrisburg, where the Kentucky brigade lost 45 per cent. of their number; Athens, Sulphur trestle, Pulaski and all the battles Hood fought on his Nashville campaign. In a number of these battles Lyon commanded the brigade and I doubt if there was a better brigade commander in the Confederate service, or a better body of troops to command. In that brigade was the gallant Thompson, who lost his life at Paducah leading the brigade in a charge on the fort; the dashing Crossland, who at times commanded the brigade and was wounded in nearly every battle. Col. Sherrell, who fell at Old Town Creek; Col. H. S. Hale, than whom no braver ever led a regiment in a charge; the courageous Faulkner, who so often led the Twelfth in cavalry charges; Shacklett, Colonel of the Eighth after Lyon was promoted, who, it is said of him, never left a field without orders. These were the men whom the lamented Lyon fought with and so often led to victory. HENRY GEORGE.

Pewee Valley, Ky., April 29, 1907.

DECIDES ON DATES

High School Examinations and Commencements Fixed.

FINALS BEGIN MAY 10 AND RUN THROUGH MAY 17.

GRADUATING EXERCISES SET FOR THIRD WEEK IN JUNE.

GIRLS WANT TO GIVE A PLAY.

After discussing the matter for two hours or more last night, the High School Committee of the Louisville School Board finally fixed the dates of examinations in the Louisvile public schools and the dates for commencement exercises in the five high schools. Prof. W. H. Bartholomew, principal of the Girls' High School; Prof. R. P. Halleck, principal of the Boys' High School, and Prof. E. P. Chapin, principal of the Manual Training School, were before the committee, and it was announced that the dates as fixed met the approval of all.

* * *

Girls Would Give Play.

The commencements will be held in one of the theaters, owing to the fact that the members of the committee thought that the auditorium of the Girls' High School was not large enough, and the access to the building was not what it should be. Charles B. Nordeman and Martin Cusick, of the High School Committee, and Superintendent E. H. Mark were appointed a subcommittee to take bids from the various theaters, and recommend which house should be selected for the commencements. This committee will make a report at the meeting of the School Board Monday night.

It was decided that the final examinations in all the high schools should begin May 10, and continue through May 17. The undergraduates' examinations in the high schools will be held from June 5 to June 12, inclusive.

The commencement dates were fixed as follows:

* * *

Dates For Commencements.

Girls' High School, Monday, June 17.
Manual Training High School, Tuesday, June 18.
Commercial High School, Wednesday, June 19.
Boys' High School, Thursday, June 20.
Colored High School, Friday, June 21.

A delegation of students from the Girls' High School appeared before the High School Committee to ask permission to give a play at an early date. The members of the committee were of the opinion that it would greatly interfere with the examinations, so the matter was disposed of by referring it to the faculty of the Girls' High School.

The members of the School Board will have a busy time within the next week or ten days. The Committee on Salaries and Supplies will have to meet one night this week in order to fix the salaries of the teachers, as they are supposed to be elected at the next regular meeting, which is Monday night. It is likely that the meeting Monday night will adjourn for a week or ten days in order to give the Committee on Examination and Course of Study time to make a report before the teachers are elected.

WITH JACK TAR AFLOAT

PICTURES AT LIEDERKRANZ HALL DRAW LARGE CROWDS.

Designed By Navy Department As An Aid In Securing Enlistments—Another Performance To-night.

Life in Uncle Sam's navy in its most alluring form was shown last night in a series of moving pictures at Liederkranz Hall, exhibited under the direction of the Navy Department which now is using this means in the various cities of the country to increase enlistments in the navy as well as to instruct the public in general what comprises the work and pleasures of Jack Tar afloat. The pictures depict the experiences of Uncle Sam's raw recruit from the time he is examined physically and mentally until he becomes a spick-and-span "A. B." ready to scrub down decks, splice the bowline or any of the other numerous duties on board a man-o'-war.

The exhibition also included some thrilling pictures of torpedoes in action, submarine mine explosions and torpedo-boat destroyers traveling at the rate of forty miles an hour. The battleship Kentucky was shown on the canvas amid the cheers of a crowd that filled the hall.

It is announced that the exhibition will be repeated to-night at 8:15 o'clock. Everybody is welcome. Children under sixteen years of age must be accompanied by their parents in order to gain admission to the hall. A. L. Gibson, of Norfolk, chief electrician, is now in charge of the local recruiting station in the Customhouse, having been assigned here about three weeks ago to succeed A. D. Berry, who has been assigned another district. Lieut. J. A. Joyce, of Cincinnati, in charge of the local recruiting district, was present at last night's picture exhibition. He expressed the belief that the pictures would aid materially in the work of enlistment as heretofore prospective "tars" had but little actual knowledge of life aboard the war vessels of the navy. The pictures are designed to give a comprehensive idea of just what a young man may expect when he enters the service of Uncle Sam.

A. J. CARROLL ELECTED.

SUCCEEDS JUDGE RICHARDS AS WATER BOARD'S ATTORNEY.

Former Incumbent Declined To Stand For Re-election, Saying Other Duties Kept Him Busy.

A. J. Carroll, at a meeting of the Board of Waterworks, held yesterday afternoon, was elected attorney for the board to succeed Judge A. E. Richards, who declined to stand for re-election. Mr. Carroll was elected for a term of one year. He will assume his duties as attorney for the board at once.

Judge Richards declined to accept a reappointment because of the multitudinous duties connected with the office of City Attorney. He is at present one of the busiest attorneys in Louisville, almost every minutes of the day being taken up with matters pertaining to the city.

Following the election of Mr. Carroll to succeed Judge Richards, the board, at the meeting yesterday, devoted the remainder of the time to the transaction of routine business. Another meeting of the board will be held Saturday afternoon.

Investigating Lumber Rates.

Omaha, Neb., April 30.—[Special.]—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day held a session in Omaha, investigating the rate of lumber and barrel staves from points in Tennessee to Omaha, and comparing these rates with rates to points in Illinois and Missouri. The complaint was against the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad and the Illinois Central lines.

Reverses Commissioner's Ruling.

Kansas City, Mo., April 30.—Judge Walter A. Powell, in the Circuit Court at Independence to-day handed down a decision reversing the findings of Special Commissioner W. S. Flournoy in the so-called Ice Trust cases. Judge Powell holds that a combination does not exist among certain Kansas City retail ice manufacturers in restraint of trade.

Cold Storage of FURS.

Clean—Sanitary—Safe.

H. J. Gutman & Co. INCORPORATED. 521 FOURTH AVENUE.

BREWERS TAKE SECOND GAME

The Milwaukee Players Send Wright To Timber In Second Inning.

PITCHER DURHAM DOES WELL.

Goodwin Takes Another Try At the Colonels and Holds Locals Safe At All Stages.

TWO PLAYERS ARE INJURED.

When a man who is handling a baseball team puts a pitcher on the firing line and the opposing club hits his delivery at will, and this same manager puts the same pitcher back against the same club the next day, and this twirler makes "monkeys" out of his foes, it is about time to sit up and realize that this manager knows what he is about.

This was what Jack Doyle, manager of the Milwaukee club, did yesterday, and he got away with the stunt in the finest sort of style. On Monday Doyle sent Pitcher Goodwin to the slab for the Brewers, and in the second inning of the game the Colonels hit his delivery to all parts of the lot and won the victory in this period of play, being retired only after six runs had crossed the plate. Yesterday afternoon Manager Doyle put Goodwin back at the slab against the Colonels, and what this husky twirler did to the Louisville batsmen was entirely sufficient.

With the exception of the eighth inning the Colonels had not the ghost of a chance to score in yesterday's game. During the nine innings that they faced Goodwin they made but five singles, and some of these were certainly of the scratch-hit variety. In the eighth inning, after two men were out, Stovall beat out a bunt and Stanley followed with a clean single to right. When Brashear got a base on balls it looked like the Colonels might score, because the bases were full, but Sullivan hit a high one, which Beville had no difficulty in catching, and the chances of victory as far as the locals were concerned went glimmering. At all other times Goodwin was as a Chinese puzzle to the local batsmen, and if he was a horse performing at any of the various race tracks he would be ruled off the turf for life for a remarkable reversal of form. He had everything that a great pitcher should have, and used all of his stock in trade to the best advantage.

The Brewers won the game in the second inning. Young Wright started in to do the twirling for the locals, and the visitors became familiar with his curves as soon as the game began. They made three safe hits off Wright's delivery in the first inning, and while no Brewer scores crossed the plate during this period of play what they did in the opening inning was an indication of what was to follow. In fact, Wright's balloon went up in the second inning. Roth and McChesney singled, Neal dropped Goodwin's fly and after several other misplays had been made Wright was taken from the rubber and Durham was substituted. Beville, the first man to face Durham, lined out a single, and when Clark went out on a grounder to Quinlan five Milwaukee scores had crossed the plate and the victory had been decided.

After Durham went to the slab the visitors ware absolutely helpless as far as the ability to make runs was concerned and the newcomer to the ranks of the Colonels pitched splendid ball. Pitcher Durham and Catcher Dillon were secured from Kansas City in a trade for Kerwin, and until yesterday neither had been given an opportunity to show his worth. In the second inning, however, shortly after Durham was substituted for Wright, Catcher Hughes was hit on the finger of his right hand by a foul tip while Clark was at bat, and Dillon was compelled to take Hughes' place. Then this ex-Kansas City battery of Durham and Dillon settled down to serious business, and they demonstrated what they could do.

Both played splendid baseball from the time they began until the game was finished, and it was the consensus of opinion among the small band of fans present that they had performed well, and that they would strengthen the Louisville team where it is weakest.

Pitcher Durham, however, suffered an accident in the ninth inning which will probably put him out of the game for some time. Two of the Brewers were out when McChesney hit a terrific drive toward the twirler. Durham knocked the ball down with his ungloved hand, deflecting it toward Brashear, who threw out the runner at first, retiring the side. The ball, however, dislocated one of Durham's fingers and he was attended by two physicians in the clubhouse. He will probably not be able to pitch again for a week.

The ground was wet and soggy on account of the recent rains and fast work either in fielding or base running was impossible. Quinlan did the star work in the field, making several important pickups of hard hit ground balls. Clark, at third base for the visitors, also played good ball. The score:

L'ville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Milwau.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Stovall lf	4	1	1	1	Robinson ss	4	1	3	0
Stanley cf	4	1	0	0	Green rf	5	1	1	0
Brashear 2b	3	0	2	3	M'Chesney lf	4	2	2	0
Sullivan 1b	4	1	13	2	Beville 1b	4	3	10	0
Neal rf	4	0	1	0	Clark 3b	3	0	0	5
Woodruff 3b	4	1	1	1	Roth c	3	2	6	0
Quinlan ss	4	0	0	5	Hemphill cf	3	2	2	0
Hughes c	0	0	0	0	McCorm'k 2b	4	0	3	3
Dillon c	3	1	9	2	Goodwin p	4	0	0	2
Wright p	0	0	0	0					
Durham p	3	0	0	4	Totals	34	11	27	10
Totals	33	5	27	18					

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Milwaukee	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Errors—Sullivan, Neal, Beville. Two-base Hit—Hemphill. Sacrifice Hits—Roth, Hemphill. Double Play—Sullivan (unassisted). Stolen Bases—Robinson, McChesney, Beville. Struck Out—By Durham 5, by Goodwin 5. Hit by Pitcher—By Durham 1. Bases on Balls—Off Durham 2, off Goodwin 1. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Sullivan. Attendance—300.

CHAT OF THE GAME.

That Kansas City battery did some fine work. Looks like both Dillon and Durham will make good.

* * *

Stovall has got it on nearly all the Association boys going down to first.

* * *

Jack Doyle is making good as a manager. He prevents his players from getting back at the umpire, and keeps them all at top speed, both in the field and on the bases.

* * *

Stovall is playing rings around most the right fielders in the league.

* * *

Pity Suter could not place one of those nice hits of his in the eighth inning.

* * *

That lead begins to look more like the real thing now. The Cubs certainly seem to hold first and second mortgages on the pennant.

* * *

Wallace is playing pyrotechnic stunts at short for the Browns. He had sixteen chances in the double-header and took them all in without a bobble. And some of them were corkers.

* * *

Dan McGann, the Giants' first baseman, is looking for his lost batting eye. He only registered one bingle in the first seven games of the year.

* * *

Look out now for St. Louis. The Browns are going to make a start soon and it will be a tough job to stop them.

* * *

Al Bridwell is showing more than ever this year what a real jewel of a shortstop he is. With a finished player like Claude Ritchey playing second beside him for Boston, "Brid" is accomplishing wonders and is making Fred Tanney say nicer things than ever about his playing.

* * *

McGraw hadn't intended to use Christy Mathewson in the box until May, but was forced to change his plans because of the number of sore arms that developed among the rest of his playing corps. Ames and McGinnity are really the only other Giants in good shape to work regularly.

* * *

Steinfeldt is the leading National League batsman, with a grand average of .429. Kling in six games failed to get a hit and sat disconsolately at the bottom of the list with a splendid average of .000. It is rather a coincidence that several of these hold-out players who would not sign unless under a big increase have been earning about 90 per cent. less salary than they were entitled to under the old conditions. Look at Stone; he's another example.

* * *

Magee, of the Phillies, is the second best hitter in the National League. As a pinch hitter he doesn't seem to be there with the works, however. In a recent game he had three chances to drive home runs when a run would have turned defeat into victory and each time he failed ignominiously.

* * *

Circus Solly is hitting at a .333 gait. Hofman is certainly winning a place on the Murphyites that will make it mighty hard to put him back on the bench.

* * *

The heavy rains of the night before converted the field at Eclipse Park into a sea of mud and, although the downpour ceased in time for the chilly wind, which swept over the bleachers, to dry the going a trifle, fast fielding was impossible.

* * *

Bateman was still under the weather yesterday and Jack Doyle anchored Monte Beville on the first sack.

* * *

Goodwin pleaded for a chance to redeem himself from the slaughter of the day before and scrappy Jack put him back on the firing line. The stock little pitcher's revenge was complete, as the Colonels' run column showed a big round O.

* * *

Wright, who has been doing consistent work for the locals, blew up in the second inning, and the Brewers accumulated a total of five tallies before the smoke had cleared away.

* * *

Goodwin held the Colonels safe at all times and a total of five safe singles on the part of the locals tells the story of a complete reversal of form on the part of the Brewers' slab artist.

* * *

Hughes, the Colonels' backstop, got a foul tip on the end of his little digit in the second inning and retired from the game with the member done up in a bandage.

* * *

The game was dull and uninteresting after the fusillade of jolts in the second inning, and Durham, who succeeded Wright, let the Brewers down without a run.

* * *

Goodwin had all the Colonels' reliable sluggers fanning at the air and his total of five strike-outs shows the extent to which he had the Louisville batters at his mercy.

* * *

Minneapolis 3, Columbus 2.

Columbus, April 30.—Minneapolis won from the champions to-day after two were out in the ninth. Wicker passed Mertes who stole second and scored on J. Freeman's single. Two splendid stops by Greminger cut Columbus out of runs. Capt. Dundon, of the visitors, was put off the field in the last inning for wrangling over a decision. Score:

Colum.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Minneap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Reilley lf	5	1	2	1	O'Neill lf	5	1	2	0
Friel 3b	5	0	3	1	Dundon 2b	4	2	5	5
Jude rf	4	0	1	0	Graham 2b	0	0	0	1
Gessler cf	3	2	2	0	Mertes cf	4	0	0	0
Kihm 1b	4	1	6	2	J. Freeman rf	4	2	1	0
Hulswitt ss	4	1	4	3	Grem'ger 3b	4	0	1	4
Wrigley 2b	4	1	1	2	B. Freem'n 1b	3	2	12	0
Blue c	4	2	6	2	Towne c	2	0	3	2
Wicker p	3	2	2	1	Oyler ss	4	2	3	3
					Thomas p	3	1	0	2
Totals	36	10	27	12	Totals	33	10	27	17

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Columbus	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Minneapolis	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3

Errors—Hulswitt, B. Freeman 2, Oyler. Stolen Bases—Gessler, Mertes. Sacrifice Hits—Wicker, Greminger, Towne. Bases on Balls—Off Wicker 6. Two-base Hits—Gessler, Blue, B. Freeman, Oyler. Double Plays—Reilley to Hulswitt; Blue to Friel; Greminger to B. Freeman. Hit by Pitcher—Gessler. Struck Out—By Wicker 5, by Thomas 2. Passed Ball—Blue. Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Kerin.

* * *

Indianapolis 3, St. Paul 2.

Indianapolis, April 30.—Indianapolis took the second game of the series from St. Paul by a score of 3 to 2. Errors lost the game for the visitors. Score:

Indpls.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Himes rf	3	0	0	0	Dunleavy rf	4	1	1	0
Williams ss	3	0	1	5	Koehler cf	3	0	3	0
Coulter lf	4	2	2	0	Frisk lf	3	1	0	0
Krug 2b	1	0	3	1	Tiemeyer ss	4	1	2	5
Carr 1b	4	0	11	1	Hartzell 3b	4	1	1	3
Seigle cf	4	1	3	0	Padden 2b	4	0	3	1
Howley c	3	1	4	1	Nordyke 1b	3	2	12	1
Hopke 3b	3	0	2	0	Irwin c	3	0	2	0
Slagle p	3	0	1	3	Coy p	2	0	0	6
Totals	28	4	27	11	Totals	30	6	24	16

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Indianapolis	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	*	3
St. Paul	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Errors—Coulter, Tiemeyer 4, Irwin 2. Two-base Hit—Seigle. Sacrifice Hits—Krug 2, Irwin, Koehler. Stolen Base—Carr. Double Play—Howley to Williams. Left on Bases—Indianapolis 4, St. Paul 4. Bases on Balls—Off Coy 3, off Slagle 2. First on Errors—Indianapolis 4. Hit by Pitcher—Frisk. Struck Out—By Slagle 4, by Coy 2. Time—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Kane and Werden.

HIGH VALUATION

Protested Against By Big Four's General Manager.

WANTS ASSESSMENT OF $700,000 PER MILE REDUCED.

RAISED FROM $125,000 TO FIGURE NOW QUOTED.

FLOOD FUND ALMOST RAISED.

J. Q. Van Winkle, general manager of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company, before the Indiana State Board of Tax Commissioners, has asked for a reduction on the valuation of the Louisville and Jeffersonville Bridge Company's property in Jeffersonville from $700,000 per mile, as made last year, to $300,000. The company has 1.21 miles of main track in Jeffersonville, on which the former valuation was $125,000 per mile, but last year it was increased to $700,000. Mr. Van Winkle explained that the bridge company was capitalized at $3,500,000, and has that amount of bonds outstanding on which a dividend of 4 per cent. per annum is guaranteed. Fred A. Sims, Secretary of State, said this fact had been taken into consideration last year.

Mr. Van Winkle said that the property in Jeffersonville could be built for $300,000, although it had been valued at $847,000 for taxation, which he classed as being out of all reason, and he thought there must be some mistake in the valuation. He was instructed to furnish the board with further information, which will be taken up at a future meeting. This is believed to be the first step of the Big Four railway to resist payment of the taxes now due, and which must be paid within the next few days to prevent a heavy penalty being added.

The tax rate in Jeffersonville is $1.80 on the $100 valuation of property, and under this the bridge company has been paying $2,722 to the city and $2,283 to the county. At a valuation of $847,000, the city would receive $15,246 and the county $12,789.70. No step has been taken to pay the spring installment. If the valuation is decreased to $300,000 per mile, $363,000 for the 1.21 miles in Jeffersonville, the taxes will amount to $6,534 for the city and something over $5,000 for the county. The city administration had banked strong on what it would receive from the bridge company, but the hopes have not been realized so far.

VETERAN OF CIVIL WAR.

Henry Dorr Succumbs After Short Illness.

Returning home from his home last Friday morning at 10 o'clock, because he was feeling badly, Henry Dorr, who lived in Ohio Falls, a Jeffersonville suburb, died on Monday night. After his return home Friday, he was under the impression that the trouble would soon pass away, and a physician was not called until Saturday. He was suffering from asthma in an aggravated form, and the patient's heart became affected, which soon caused his death.

A native of Prussia, he came to this country at the age of seventeen, and before he had reached his majority he had taken up arms for his adopted country and was fighting her battles as an artilleryman. He served through the entire Civil War, and was a brave soldier. He was a member of a battery that was composed entirely of Germans, few of whom knew the English language. Mr. Dorr was born March 5, 1840, and after being mustered out of service decided to settle in Jeffersonville, where employment could be had for the asking of it. He went to work for the old Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis railroad, and became connected with the shops. In later years he was made a car inspector, and when his age began to tell on him he was appointed a flagman in Louisville.

His wife died five years ago. His survivors are Mrs. Edward T. Resch, Mrs. Lee Ferguson, Miss Myrtle Dorr, Miss Pearl Dorr, of Ohio Falls, and Mrs. Otto Franz, of Louisville. Funeral services will be held at the family residence this afternoon at 2 o'clock, and will be conducted by the Rev. J. M. Vawter.

HIGH SCHOOL GIRL SUCCUMBS.

Scarlet Fever Suddenly Fatal To Miss Catherine Jacobs.

Few people in Jeffersonville knew that Miss Catherine Jacobs, a popular young woman of that city, was ill until announcement was made yesterday morning that she had succumbed to scarlet fever and at a time when she was supposed to be recovering. Miss Jacobs was a pupil in the Jeffersonville High School, and was in attendance on Friday. At the time, however, she was not feeling well and retired after returning home. A physician was called and he pronounced the patient as being a victim of scarlet fever.

From the start the disease was virulent and the heart of the patient soon became weakened. By Monday evening the malady had gained such a footing that it was plain that the patient had begun to sink, although a few hours previously it was believed she was feeling better. The relatives were called to the bed of the suffering girl, and in a few hours she expired.

Miss Jacobs was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George D. Jacobs, of 820 Meigs avenue, and would have been seventeen years old on May 31. She had been a member of Wall-street Methodist Episcopal church during a good part of her life, and the Rev. J. S. Ward, pastor of that congregation, will conduct the funeral services this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, and the body will be taken to Charlestown for burial. Besides her parents, Miss Jacobs is survived by one sister, Mrs. Louis Spriestersbach, of Charlestown, Ind., and two brothers, Arthur Jacobs, of Jeffersonville, and Thomas Stuard Jacobs, of Tonopah, Nev.

BALANCE TO RAISE $1,151.50.

Jeffersonville Committee Wants $4,000 For Flood Protection.

The committee of seven appointed by H. M. Frank, president of the Jeffersonville Commercial Club, to solicit funds with which to build a street in Clarksville so that the railroad fill can be raised for future flood protection, has made a report and of the $4,000 required $2,848.50 was shown to have been subscribed, nearly all of which has been paid in. This leaves a balance of $1,151.50 to be raised. No fear is entertained but what this can be easily accomplished. The list shows that there were two $500 subscriptions, they being made by the American Car and Foundry Company and the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company and the utilities connected with it. There was one of $250 by the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company.

Seven made subscriptions of $100 each and were the Jeffersonville Water Supply Company, Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, Claggett Saddle Tree Company, William T. Ingram, Mayor E. N. Flynn, Best Brothers, Eberts Brothers. There was one subscription of $50 by Mike Dreidel, who said he would double the amount if necessary. The $25 subscriptions amounted to thirteen. There were six of $20; twenty-eight of $10; twenty-one of $5; one of $2.50; two of $2 and two of $1 each. The total number of subscriptions was ninety and the committee had enough indefinite promises to give assurance that the balance would be raised.

NOTES OF THE NEWS OF JEFFERSONVILLE.

—$2 Cincinnati and return Sunday, May 5, 7:15 a. m. sharp. B. and O. S-W.

—Peter Nachand has sold to Henry Nachand part of lot 31 and all of lot 32, block 135, this city, for $2,500.

—This is the last day for receiving bids for $25,000 in bonds to be issued by the county for the purpose of building a new poor asylum. A number of bids had been received up to last night.

—Albert Eich, of this city, a son-in-law of Capt. William T. Patterson, a deputy sheriff, has been appointed a guard at the Indiana State Prison and has gone to Michigan City to assume his duties.

—The damage action of Richard Kelly against the American Car and Foundry Company was dismissed yesterday in the Circuit Court, there having been a compromise out of court. The terms were not made public.

—In compliance with the motion of the defendant filed on Monday, the suit of James N. Norris against Merritt S. Norris, to remove the latter as trustee for the former, was transferred to the probate docket yesterday.

—The suit for support of Izola Crowder against Thomas Crowder and the divorce action of Thomas Crowder against Izola Crowder were consolidated yesterday and heard by Judge Harry C. Montgomery, who took them under advisement.

—The Board of Public Works decided the bid of W. O. Sweeney was inside of the estimate for improving North Spring street and he was given the contract, although there was no other bidder. The price will be about $3.10 per foot.

—Default was made yesterday by the defendant in the divorce proceeding of Effie Green against James Green, and Charles K. Zollman, Prosecuting Attorney, was instructed to defend after proof of service by publication had been made.

—Proof of service was made yesterday in the divorce suit of Thomas Bess against Celia Bess by thirty-days' publication. Bess was granted a divorce some time ago, but this was set aside on the ground that there was no service.

—Demurrers were filed to the original complaints yesterday in the damage actions of Emma N. Naville against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company and George W. Manning against the American Car and Foundry Company.

—Dr. W. F. Work, of Charlestown, who under the will of his first wife was to have her estate during his life, has voluntarily deeded all the property to his daughter, Mrs. L. L. Robinson, and his son, W. H. Work. The property is in this city.

—A reception to the members of the First Presbyterian church will be tendered to-morrow night at the manse. The congregation has been divided into classes according to the years when they became members. There are forty-four of these classes.

—Prison Sunday will be observed in this city on May 5 at Wall-street Methodist Episcopal church and addresses will be made by W. H. Whittaker, the Rev. W. E. Edgin and Prof. G. B. Asbury, all of whom are connected with the Indiana Reformatory.

—Suit in partition was filed yesterday by Mary L. Montgomery and Lillie H. Gould against John Mauzy for the purpose of selling and dividing the proceeds from lots 17 and 18, block 98. On account of Judge Montgomery being disqualified the suit was assigned to Judge W. C. Utz.

—A sealed examination of the plaintiff was filed yesteday afternoon in the office of George W. Badger, Circuit Clerk, in the damage action of Joseph G. Kerr against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company and the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company.

—John Glenn and Virgil VanConey arrived at the Indiana Reformatory yesterday from Perry county, the former to serve from one to fourteen years on a conviction to the chage of grand larceny and the latter for a term of from two to fourteen years on the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill.

—Post 86, Grand Army of the Republic, will hold its memorial service at Morton Memorial church on Sunday, May 26, the Rev. S. M. Miller officiating. Joel R. Spahr Post 540 has already arranged to have its memorial services at the German Methodist Episcopal church on the same day, and the Rev. E. F. Schneider will officiate.

—Suit for divorce was filed yesterday by Mrs. Lizzie Akers against Charles Akers, Jr., to whom she was married June 21, 1887, and from whom she separated in July, 1906. Abandonment is alleged. She asks $1,000 as alimony, the custody of their four children and $5 per week for their support. An order for a temporary allowance is prayed for.

—Jennie M. Cantwell filed suit yesterday against John Cantwell for divorce, the ground alleged being abandonment. They were married June 22, 1902, and it is alleged in the complaint that a separation followed April 22, 1906. At the time of the marriage the bride was the widow of John B. Inzer, who was accidentally killed at the car works.

—A demand was made for a jury in the suit of James Holloway against Mollie Burch and Willis Burch yesterday, which was refused by Judge Montgomery, who heard the action and took it under advisement. The suit is to collect a judgment of $100 rendered in favor of the plaintiff in a damage suit on account of being struck with a brick.

—Joseph M. Whitelaw, an actor who formerly belonged to the "Dolly Dimples" opera company, was received at the Indiana Reformatory yesterday from Bartholomew county to serve an indeterminate sentence of from one to eight years on a conviction to the charge of petit larceny, it being alleged he stole a lot of jewelry from a house where he was boarding while playing in Columbus.

NOT DISCOURAGED YET.

THREE DIVORCED WOMEN AT ALTAR SECOND TIME.

Two of Husbands Widowers—All Three Couples Elope To Jeffersonville.

Magistrate James S. Keigwin, of Jeffersonville, Monday night officiated at the marriage of three eloping couples, all of whom reside in Louisville, the brides in each instance having been divorced from former husbands, and two of the grooms had lost their first wives by death.

The first couple was Edmond Gray and Mrs. Lavenia Robinson. The groom is a mechanic and was born at Hopkinsville. His first wife died in November, 1906. The bride, who was originally Lavenia Hobbs, was born at Washington and was divorced from a former husband in January of this year.

Andrew J. Cox, who is a foreman at the Bluegrass Tobacco Factory and was born in Louisville was married to Mrs. Kate Check, who also was born in Louisville. She was divorced last Saturday and took her maiden name. Her father, George Check, who is now dead, was a trunk maker.

Henry Brewer and Mrs. Anna S. Floden were the third persons married. The groom is a native of Oldham county and is a machine hand at the Kentucky Wagon Works. His first wife died in 1902. The bride, who gave her occupation as that of a cloth inspector, was born at Akron, O., and her maiden name was Anna S. Galhually. Her first husband died in 1897, when she was only twenty years old and she was divorced from a second in 1903.

SCHOOL-GOERS SCARED

WHEN TWO LOADED STREET CARS COLLIDE.

Second Street Car and East Broadway Car Meet Head-On On Jefferson Street—Employes Hurt.

In a collision between a Second-street car and an East Broadway and West Jefferson-street car, on Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth avenues, at 8:15 o'clock yesterday morning three street-car employes were slightly injured and a panic among school children was narrowly averted. The collision, said to have been due to an open switch, was head-on, and both cars were badly damaged. It is considered remarkable that more of the passengers were not injured, as the two cars collided with much force.

The East Broadway car, in charge of Charles Winn, motorman, and T. B. Cox, conductor, was west bound, while the Second-street car, manned by George Hendricks, motorman, and Pat Riley, conductor, was going east. As the East Broadway car struck the switch leading into the interurban station it remained fast, and, leaving the track entirely, crashed into the Second-street car on the other track. The vestibules of both cars were smashed in and the glass flew in all directions, some of it striking and cutting Hendricks, the motorman on the Second-street car. Winn, the motorman on the East Broadway car, was thrown back with such force that he was bruised about the face and body. Riley, the conductor on the Second-street car, was thrown to the floor and bruised about the face.

When the crash came the passengers on the car, who were nearly all school children, made efforts to crowd out, but the street car employes, despite their slight injuries, succeeded in restoring order before anybody was injured.

OCTOGENARIANS

Respond To Final Summons In New Albany.

JOHN D. MEYER AND NICHOLAS FOUGEROUSSE SUCCUMB.

THE REV. WILLIAM C. M'CRACKEN GENEROUSLY REWARDED.

FUND OF $10,000 SUBSCRIBED

John D. Meyer, a veteran of the Civil War, died Monday night at the home of his step-son, Luther Whitten, 218 West Main street, New Albany, after an illness that had confined him to his room for many months, and which was aggravated by the infirmities of old age. Mr. Meyer was born in Rochester, N. Y., July 4, 1824, and consequently lacked only two months of being eighty-three years old. During the first months of the Civil War he enlisted in the Federal army, and served as sergeant in Company B, Tenth Ohio Infantry. He was desperately wounded at the siege of Vicksburg, and sent to New Albany to be cared for in one of the military hospitals established in that city.

On account of his disabilities he was given an honorable discharge, married in that city and had resided there since. He is survived by five step-children, to whom he was greatly attached, his aged wife having died five years ago. The children are: Mrs. James Albertson, D. H. Wolford, R. O. Whitten and Luther Whitten, of New Albany; Mrs. William Stocksdale, of Louisville. The funeral will take place this afternoon from Mr. Whitten's residence, and the burial will be in the National Soldiers' cemetery, on Ekin avenue, New Albany.

FORMER SERVICES REWARDED.

Endowment For the Rev. Mr. McCracken Subscribed.

The Rev. William C. McCracken, until a few months ago rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, New Albany, has, it is learned, been handsomely cared for by generous-hearted people of the South. The Rev. Mr. McCracken resigned the rectorship of the church at New Albany a few months ago on account of his health, and left for Texas in the hope that he might be benefited by the mild climate. During the yellow fever epidemic of 1878 the Rev. Mr. McCracken had charge of a parish at Grenada, Miss., and, although many left the plague-stricken city, he valorously remained to assist in caring for the sick, to comfort the dying and extend the last offices of the church to the dead.

On account of these services an appeal for subscriptions in aid of the brave and self-sacrificing clergyman was promptly responded to, especially from the South, and there has been subscribed a fund of more than $10,000, $5,000 of which was sent in subscriptions to The Churchman, an Episcopalian paper, edited and published in New York by the Rev. Morgan Dix. This timely assistance has placed the Rev. McCracken in comfortable financial circumstances.

ST. PAUL'S PARISH ELECTION.

Debt Lifted Now and New Pipe Organ Planned For.

Officers have been elected by St. Paul's Episcopal parish of New Albany as follows: D. C. Axline, senior warden; Judge John H. Stotsenburg, junior warden; W. B. Hardy, Samuel R. Frazee, Herbert W. Howard, R. M. Boardman, Harry Pierce, Gilbert Funk and Earl Embry, vestrymen; Evan B. Stotsenburg, counsellor. The parish, according to the report of the treasurer, is in an excellent financial condition. At the close of the last fiscal year, February 24, there was a debt of $963. Of this all has been paid excepting $500, and $300 of this will be canceled this morning, leaving a balance of $200, with $29 in the church treasury. It is expected that within a short time the entire debt will be liquidated, and the parishioners will take steps to purchase a new pipe organ, with the probability that the instrument will be in use by Christmas of this year.

NICHOLAS FOUGEROUSSE DEAD.

Frenchman Resident of New Albany Fifty-four Years.

Nicholas Fougerousse, an old resident of New Albany, died yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the home of his son, Frank Fougerousse, one mile north of the city, of asthma, after an illness that had extended over several years. He was a native of France, eighty-four years old, and had lived in New Albany fifty-four years. He is survived by three sons and two daughters—Peter, Frank and Joseph Fougerousse; Misses Anna and Barbara Fougerousse. His wife died in 1870. In addition to the children, he is survived by eleven grandchildren, five living in Chicago and six in New Albany, and five great-grandchildren, all residents of Chicago. He was a consistent member of St. Mary's Catholic church, and his funeral will take place there to-morrow morning.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—Miss Eva Sowle is ill of malarial fever at her home in Glenwood Place.

—$2 Cincinnati and return Sunday, May 5, 7:15 a. m. sharp. B. and O. S-W.

—New Albany Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar, had work last night in the Order of the Temple and Knights of Malta.

—The women of the German Evangelical church will give a coffee social at the Sunday-school chapel to-morrow from 2 to 8 p. m.

—Isaac Sisson, arrested by Patrolmen Martin and Starr for intoxication, was fined $11 in the City Court and went to the county jail in default of payment.

—Mrs. John A. Harvison has returned from "Borden Hill," eighteen miles north of the city, the home of Mrs. William W. Borden, where she had been spending a few days.

—Robert Moon and Miss Pearl Sinkhorn were married yesterday afternoon at the parsonage of the Jennie DePauw Memorial M. E. church by the pastor, the Rev. Samuel Reid.

—The funeral of Mrs. Charles Boley took place yesterday afternoon at the United Brethren church in Georgetown and the burial was in Wolfe's cemetery. The services were conducted by the Rev. A. B. Condo.

—A telephone alarm yesterday morning called the firemen to the dwelling of Judge W. C. Utz, on Spring street, near Vincennes. The blaze proved to be from a burning flue, and caused no damage of consequence.

—Alpha Lodge, No. 1, Shepherds of Bethlehem will give a euchre this afternoon and to-night at the hall, Pearl and Market streets. Twelve handsome prizes will be awarded the players having the highest scores.

—Charles D. Knoefel, leading business man of the city, is ill of typhoid fever at his home, East Eleventh and Main streets. He was first attacked with rheumatism, erysipelas developed and was followed by typhoid fever.

—Arrangements are being made by the New Albany Maennerchor Society for giving a concert at Maennerchor Hall May 16. An attractive programme is being prepared and a number of the best musicians of the city will participate.

—A leave of absence not exceeding five days has been granted by the Post-office Department to all presidential Postmasters in Indiana who desire to attend the meeting to be held in Indianapolis May 15 for the purpose of organizing a State Postmasters' Association.

—A meeting of the Floyd County Agricultural and Horticultural Society will be held Saturday afternoon in Horticultural Hall, five miles west of the city, for the purpose of arranging for the annual spring strawberry fair, which is considered one of the events of the year in the fruit-growing sections.

—County Clerk Will F. Ruoff has issued a marriage license to William J. Renn and Miss Anna C. Meyers, both of St. Joseph's Hill. The marriage will be solemnized the morning of May 21 in St. Joseph's Catholic church, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Father Gabriel, the parish priest.

—Building permits have been issued by City Clerk John Short as follows: W. W. Godfrey, to repair a dwelling on East Ninth street, between Main and Market, cost $500; Matthias Johantgen, to wreck a frame cottage on Jay street, between Center and Division, cost $400; Iselda Dennis to erect a story and a half frame dwelling on Vincennes street, between Elm and Oak, cost $1,000.

—L. C. Lowder and Arthur Bundy, proprietors of a moving-picture show in the Doerhoefer block on Pearl street, near Spring, were at the White City Sunday night, and, in pasing through the crowd, Mr. Bundy had his pocket picked, the thief securing only a check for $85 on a bank at Bloomington, Ind. The matter was reported to the New Albany police, who could do nothing for him. Payment on the check was stopped at once.

—Charles E. Minter has sold his farm north of the city to Bernard S. Rieling, of Louisville, $3,300 being the consideration, and he will return to the city to live. Mr. Rieling will assume possession of the farm at once. Mr. Minter was a postal railway clerk, and was badly injured in the great wreck on the Southern Christmas morning, 1905. While suffering from a fractured leg he managed to save the life of the postal clerk, Marshall Mitchell, who was pinned down by the fragments of the broken car, and was in imminent danger of being burned to death.

ASSESSMENTS

Made By State Board of Equalization

FOR SECOND AND THIRD DISTRICT COUNTIES.

HEARINGS SET FOR DATES DURING THIS MONTH.

SPLENDID SHOWINGS MADE.

Frankfort, Ky., April 30.—[Special.] The State Board of Equalization today took preliminary action as to the assessment of property in the counties of the second and third Appellate Court districts, and set the counties down for hearing during the month of May. Both districts show up well compared with the equalized valuation of last year, and it was necessary for the board to make raises in but few instances. The action taken is as follows:

Second Appellate District—Counties in which the local assessment and equalization was accepted: Allen, Breckenridge, Cumberland, Daviess, Grayson, Henderson, Logan, Meade, McLean, Muhlenberg, and Warren. Raises were ordered as follows: Butler, 10 per cent. on farm land and personality and 5 per cent. on town lots: Hancock, 5 per cent. on farm land and personalty; Ohio, 5 per cent. on farm land; Simpson, 10 per cent. on farm land and personalty; Todd, 5 per cent. on farm land and personalty. No action was taken as to Edmonson county, record from county not complete.

Third Appellate District—Counties in which the local assessment and equalization was accepted: Adair, Anderson, Barren, Bullitt, Casey, Hardin, Metcalfe, Nelson, Oldham, Russell, Shelby, Spencer, Taylor, Washington, Wayne and Whitley. Raises were ordered as follows: Hart, 10 per cent. on farm land and personalty; Larue, 5 per cent. on farm land and personalty; Marion, 2 per cent. on farm land and personalty. Green county was not acted upon, record not being complete.

TWO LOUISIANA TOWNS SWEPT BY FLAMES.

New Orleans, La., April 30.—Simultaneous fires in Leesville and Rosepine, La., towns about seventeen miles apart, destroyed about fifty buildings, did over $200,000 damage and practically wiped out the business centers of both places to-day. The post-offices were destroyed in both towns, but part of the funds were saved from the Leesville post-office. No lives were lost in either fire, but guests in a Leesville hotel are said to have had narrow escapes.

FORMER CONTROLLER LEAVES $150,000.

Chicago, April 30.—The estate of the late James H. Eckels, president of the Commercial National Band and former comptroller of the currency, is said to amount to only $150,000. The property consists chiefly of real estate and bank stock, and by his will goes entirely to his widow and daughter.

PROMINENT OYSTER MAN COMMITS SUICIDE.

Baltimore, April 30.—Capt. W. H. Thompson, who has for the last thirty years been prominently identified with the oyster buying and packing industry of Baltimore, committed suicide by shooting to-day. He was sixty-nine years old. It is thought that ill health prompted the act.

A World's Reputation.

Persons who are habitually exposed to uncertain or inclement weather readily contract rheumatism and other ailments resulting from the disturbance of the functions of the kidneys, whereby these organs are unable to expel the over-supply of uric acid from the system, permitting this poison to get into the blood. Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound has won a reputation in all parts of the civilized globe as a famous blood medicine. Space not permitting, only one testimonial of the large number received can be given, substantiating this astonishing fact, which reads as follows: "I can truthfully testify that Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound cured me of rheumacism and chronic constipation. After years of sickness and using every other remedy advertised I tried this great medicine, with the result stated above."—Sol P. Ham, Hamlet, Ky. Thirty days' treatment 25c. All druggists.

DEATHS.

ASH—Entered into rest at 12:30 p. m., April 30, Nellie J., beloved wife of Charles L. Ash, at residence, 811 East Jefferson street.

Funeral 3 p. m. Thursday from residence.

REIS—Entered into rest Monday, April 29, at 12 o'clock noon, Philip Reis, beloved husband of Barbara Reis, nee Scholl, aged 48 years 7 months and 3 days.

Funeral from his late residence, 835 East Market street, Wednesday at 3 p. m. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

ROSS—Mrs. Laura Talbot Ross passed away at her residence, Homewood, Jefferson county, at 7:30 a. m., April 30.

Funeral from residence at 3 p. m., Wednesday, May 1. Friends can leave Louisville on Jeffersontown car from station at 2:15 p. m.

MEETINGS.

Abraham Lodge No. 8, F. and A. M., will meet in stated communication, in their hall, Masonic Temple, this (Wednesday) night, May 1, 1907, at 8 o'clock. There will be work. All Masons sojourning in the city and members of sister lodges cordially invited.
JOHN GRADEL, Master.
CHAS. A. SOMMERVILLE, Secretary.

Preston Lodge No. 281, F. and A. M., will meet in stated communication, in their hall, Main street, above Shelby, this (Wednesday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Candidates will be examined for advancement. Members of sister lodges are fraternally invited to attend.
AUGUST R. BAUMER, W. M.
THOS. O. FLOYD, Secretary.



Regal Robes Reduced

For the remainder of this week we shall specialize in our Neglige department, featuring the most exquisite lot of these gorgeous garments ever seen under one roof in Louisville.

Our variety is most extensive, beginning at the moderate priced and going up to the very finest. We quote a few to show how very special the values are.

$1.29 A Full-length Kimona, made of nice figured lawn; tucked yoke; worth $1.75.

$1.50 Full-length Kimona of dotted lawns, in the popular colors. Has the Tokio sleeve trimmed in white; worth $2.00.

$1.95 Fancy Full-length Robe, in figured lawns, oriental colors; a nice lace-trimmed robe, full length, made of good lawn. Comes in white ground with colored figures.

$3.75 Black or Colored Robe, full length; made of Swiss; fancy collar and sleeves; lace and embroidery trimmed; a dainty little house garment, worth more.

$4.60 Silk Robe, very much like the above picture. Comes in rich Oriental colors.

$4.90 A very superior collection of Silk Robes, made of the real Japanese silk; has satin band trimming, just like picture above.

$6.00 A full flowing Robe of white dotted Swiss, fancy yoke, lace trimmed, and so on up through the entire range of pleasing negliges to the very finest Parisian novelty effects; worth $50.

Bear in mind that these robes cannot be found in other stores, and our usually low prices have been reduced for the balance of this week.

Besten & Langen INCORPORATED

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED RMA

3 Per Cent. Interest

Allowed on all savings deposits from the first if made on or before the fifth of the month.

Deposits received by mail. Home banks furnished free to all new depositors.

$1.00 starts you; begin to-day.

UNITED STATES TRUST Co. Fifth and Main Sts.

Interest Allowed on Deposits Subject to Check.

The American National Bank

AT THE CORNER OF THIRD AND MAIN STREETS

HAS ONE MILLION OF ITS OWN CAPITAL TO GUARANTEE YOUR DEPOSITS.

SIX MONTHS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED, BEARING THREE PER CENT. PER ANNUM INTEREST.

Let us furnish you an estimate on any cemetery work you may have in contemplation. We can certainly make it of interest to you. Monuments are our specialty.

Write us for Information.

MULDOON MONUMENT CO. Incorporated. 322-326 W. Green St., Louisville.

AGENTS FOR MINTON CHINA, LIBBEY CUT GLASS Style, Quality, Price ALWAYS RIGHT

The BEST Only at Dolfinger's.

FINE CHINA, RICH CUT and ROCK CRYSTAL GLASS From the Best Makers.

NOVELTIES In BRASS GOODS.

Our Stock is particularly well adapted for the selection of WEDDING GIFTS.

J. Dolfinger & Co. 564 4th AVE. NEAR WALNUT ESTABLISHED 1868

STEAMSHIPS.

EUROPE SIXTY TOURS. $150 AND UP.

SOUTH AMERICA. Special Tour July 3d. ROUND THE WORLD. 5 limited parties. Travelers' Checks good all over the world. Individual Travel Tickets Everywhere.

THOS. COOK & SON 245 Broadway, New York.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend Notice.

The Board of Directors of the FIDELITY TRUST CO., of Louisville, Ky., have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. out of the earnings of the company, payable on and after May 1, 1907. JAMES C. MAHON, Secretary.

Dividend Notice.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE.

The Board of Directors of this bank have to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of four (4) per cent., out of the net earnings of the past six (6) months; payable on and after May 1, 1907.
Apr. 30, 1907. J. B. BROWN, Cashier.

UNDERTAKERS.

SCHOPPENHORST BROS. Funeral Directors & Embalmers 1820 West Market
Telephone 1841 Chapel for use of patrons

Established 1852. Telephone 708.
C. SCHILDT & SONS, Funeral Directors & Embalmers
Chapel for Funeral Services.
339 E. Market St., Bet. Floyd and Preston Sts., Louisville, Ky.

Wintersmith's Chill Tonic is a splendid general tonic, and will prevent your taking cold or la grippe.

Four Phones 518-584



Cuscaden's Ice Cream

Made in all designs. We ship to all railway stations.

FACTORY 415 and 417 Second st.

HOTELS.

BUCKROE BEACH HOTEL, VIRGINIA.

Opposite Jamestown Exposition Grounds, with quick connection by ferry and trolley. Finest bathing beach on the coast. Every comfort and convenience. European plan. Address C. W. REX, Manager Buckroe Beach, Va.

SUMMER RESORTS.

WARM SPRINGS, Bath Co., Va.

are now open for guests. For circulars and terms address
Mrs. JOHN L. EUBANK, Warm Springs, Bath Co., Va.

WINTERSMITH'S TONIC TONES.

FIELD NARROWS DOWN IN DERBY

Seven Colts Likely To Face Barrier In the Big Race.

JACK ATKIN REMAINS IN EAST.

Arcite, Woolsandals, Ovelando, Red Gautlet, Orlandwick, Pink Star and Boxara Seem Likely.

HORSES WORK IN THE MUD.

THE field which will face the barrier in the coming Kentucky Derby, to be run next Monday afternoon, is rapidly narrowing down, and at a late hour last night it was the opinion of experienced turfmen who are here that seven colts will try for the honor and the glory which go with this historic race.

By the process of elimination one might drop Fleming from the list of probable starters on account of his showing at Lexingtn, which was miserably poor, Jack Atkin seems out because of a well-authenticated report that he will not be here, which seems to be borne out by the fact that he is not yet on the grounds. Zal should be out, in view of his two attempts at Lexington, in both of which he displayed some speed, and, judging from his performances in these races, the inaugural dash of five and one-half furlongs at Churchill Downs would seem to be more to his liking than the trying route of one and one-quarter miles in the Derby. This, then, would leave the field of probable starters about as follows:

Arcite, Orlandwick,
Woolsandals, Pink Star,
Ovelando, Boxara.
Redgauntlet,

Of course, there are many dark horses which are still eligible to the Derby, but only the names of those which seem certain starters are given above. William Gerst, the Nashville brewer-turfman, who owns Zal, is reported to have said that his colt would surely start in the Kentucky Derby, but all the men who know horses who saw Zal's races at Lexington are of the opinion that he would not have a chance to win the victor's part of the $6,000 race.

A well-known horseman who is at Churchill Downs said yesterday that he had positive information that Jack Atkin, Barney Schreiber's colt, would not start in the Derby. This horseman claimed to have a letter in which it was stated that Jack Atkin was being pointed for a big race which is shortly to be run in the East and that his owner had no intention of sending him to Louisville. This is about the most reliable gossip concerning the intentions regarding Jack Atkin which has been received to date. If Jack Atkin were shipped here in good condition to race he would start as favorite in the Derby, but with Jack Atkin out Arcite is sure to go to the post a red-hot choice with public and horsemen alike.

* * *

That Woolsandals, Col. W. E. Applegate's colt, has a royal chance to win the Derby is the opinion of Wayne Joplin, the well-known Kentucky turfman. In speaking of this last night, Mr. Joplin said:

"I have been out on the coast all winter and had a very successful season. In fact, I have no kick coming, but I would like to say that I think Woolsandals, Col. W. E. Applegate's colt, is one of the best three-year-olds that I have ever seen. Jockey Charley Koerner will ride him for Col. Applegate in the Derby. Koerner is under contract to me and is riding now in the East for Harry Payne Whitney. He is one of the greatest jockeys in the world and certainly had a successful season on the coast during the past winter. Koerner knows a horse and after he had won with Woolsandals out in California he told me he considered Col. Applegate's colt one of the best three-year-olds he had ever been on and that if he shipped well to Louisville he would surely win the Kentucky Derby. Koerner will leave New York Saturday night and will reach here next Sunday night in order to arrive in Louisville in ample time to ride Woolsandals in the Derby. From all I can understand Troxler will be on Arcite, Koerner on Woolsandals, D. Austin on Red Gauntlet and Dave Nicol on Ovelando. These four I consider to have the best chance in the big race next Monday, and if one of these do not win the classic I will be very much mistaken. As I said, I lean toward Woolsandals in the classic event, not because my jockey is going to ride him, but because he is one of the greatest three-year-olds that the West has produced in years, and he belongs to one of the finest men connected with the turf in this part of the country."

* * *

While the track at Churchill Downs was very muddy and heavy yesterday morning on account of the rain which continued throughout the night before a great deal of serviceable work was indulged in by the trainers who have their charges quartered at Churchill Downs and Douglas Park. The rain stopped shortly before sunrise, and, though the sun failed to show his face until shortly before noon, a large number of railbirds visited the course.

The track was heavy and sticky and as a consequence very few Derby candidates received any sort of work. As a matter of fact Ovelando, Martin Doyle's son of Orlando—Sister, was the only Derby possibility that was given anything that looked like work. Ovelando had only arrived from Lexington a few hours before, but he was sent half a mile in 55 seconds, which was meant merely as a pipe-opener for a serious trial which will be held to-day or to-morrow.

It can be stated that if George Long concludes to set down Arcite for the full Derby distance a mile and a quarter to-day and to-morrow and the son of Alvescot negotiates the Derby route under 2:09 he will be a warm favorite in next Monday afternoon's big race. Wise turfmen believe that Arcite will be worked this fast by his trainer, and if he does not they will be disappointed. It is almost certain, however, that Mr. Long will delay his speed test until the track is fast and ready for thoroughbreds.

* * *

Though the mud was inches deep at Churchill Downs yesterday a numbe of horses were given work that will do them much good in preparation for the races which will begin next Monday. The Minks and Golden Bird were sent three-eighths of a mile in :38½; Harlequin negotiated a mile in 1:54, while Rickey was worked three-quarters of a mile in 1:26, and was only breezing at the end. Friction and Solvent were sent three-eighths of a mile in :40. They were only cantering and it was evidently the intention of their trainer to only give these thoroughbreds light exercise and keep them in condition until the track became fast for hard work. Dargin and Mary Buchanan were breezed half a mile in :53. Beacon Light was sent around the circle, and in spite of the heavy going the mile was negotiated in 1:47 with the greatest of ease. Frontenac worked a half a mile in :55 very handily, while Cull went over the same distance in the same time. Spion was sent three-eighths in :38, and that good mare, Lady Charade, worked five-eighths in 1:06. Kleinwood was only given light work. He was galloped half a mile in :55½. Calita was sent three-eighths in :40, and Col. Brady negotiated half a mile in :55. The track was so heavy that no serious questions were asked of the horses yesterday morning.

* * *

Tommy Pemberton, a close personal friend of Ed Shelley, the well-known bookmaker, arrived in the city last night from Buffalo, and will remain here during the aprpoaching meeting. Pemberton, as is well known, is one of the best steeplechase jockeys in the country, and there is every reason to believe that he will be successful during the coming period of racing. Pemberton has already secured a number of good mounts over the sticks at Churchill Downs, and his friends believe that he will make good, as he has done heretofore, because he is in good condition and is eager to again get in the saddle.

* * *

With the coming of the turfmen from the far West there came rather a good story that is told on a prominent horseman who raced at Ascot Park during the cold months. He was accompanied by his wife during the season, and she plays an important part in the happening, says the New York Telegraph.

Out there in Los Angeles during the winter was one of the most plausible characters of the turf, who is well known in the East. He may be known as the Colonel for identification purposes.

Mrs. Horseman would occasionally play the races, and the Colonel was the real busy tout, with her a frequent victim. By religiously following his advice, she found herself entirely out of pin money just when the Colonel had given her one that couldn't lose.

The next day Mr. Horseman missed a twenty-dollar gold piece that he knew he had left in his trousers' pocket. He had an idea of just where the coin had gone, and it did not take long for him to secure a confession from his wife.

The story of how she had picked the family pocket to play a tip from the Colonel got about in the hotel, and in due course it reached the ears of that worthy himself. He was more tickled than anyone who listened to the scandal.

A few nights later Mr. and Mrs. Horseman, with a party of friends, were dining in one of the fashionable places of Los Angeles when the Colonel appeared on the scene. Finding his way to the table, he called out merrily:

"Say, Horseman, old chap! You'd better hang your jeans high to-night. I've got a hot one for the missus to-morrow!"

LEXINGTON FORM CHART.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—Third day of Lexington Jockey Club. Weather cloudy; track heavy.

Presiding Judge, Charles F. Price; Associate Judge, J. N. Camden; Starter, Jake Holtman; Secretary, W. R. Letcher; Clerk and Handicapper, Will Shelley.

1937—FIRST RACE—Four furlongs; purse $400; for maiden two-year-old fillies. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Winner, C. Karr's b. f., by Cesarion—Grandma II.; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :12 2-5, :25 3-5, :38 1-5, :51.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
1926	Ancient	110	3	......	......	2...1	1...2	1...5	J. Lee	4-1	5-2	6-5
......	Lady Vie	*110	7	......	......	5...1	4...2	2...h	T. Taylor	15-1	20-1	8-1
......	Cousin Francis	111	4	......	......	3...2	3...2	3...2	Foy	6-1	5-1	2-1
......	Brocade	110	10	......	......	6.nk	5...1	4...h	F. Burton	10-1	15-1	8-1
......	Hester Zorra	110	2	......	......	1.nk	2...3	5...3	D. Austin	3-1	5-1	2-1
......	La Samada	110	8	......	......	7...1	8...1	6...h	Bilac	10-1	16-1	7-1
1904	Ada O. Walker	110	5	......	......	6...1	6...1	7...3	Troxler	6-1	6-1	5-2
1926	Della	110	6	......	......	9...1	9...1	8...2	D. Riley	15-1	15-1	4-1
......	Merrigo	110	9	......	......	10...1	10...2	9.1½	J. Butler	25-1	30-1	10-1
......	Francis Fry	110	1	......	......	4...2	7...1	10...6	J. Foley	10-1	15-1	7-1
......	Esther Brown	110	12	......	......	11.nk	11...1	11...2	G. Swain	10-1	16-1	7-1
......	Jessiana	110	11	......	......	12	12	12	L. Jones	25-1	30-1	12-1

Ancient reveled in the going, caught Hester Zorra at the turn for home, raced her into defeat and was only galloping at the end. Lady Vie outgamed Cousin Francis in the final drive. The latter had no excuses, but had no contention for the third place. Hester Zorra had early speed, but stopped as if short.

1938—SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse $400; for three-year-old fillies. Start good. Won cantering; place easily. Winner, J. W. Ferguson's br. f., 3, by Handspring—My Fair Kentucky; trained by A. L. Darnaby. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: 24 3-5, :49 4-5, 1:17 1-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
443	Dainty Dame	101	5	......	1...2	1...8	1...6	1...6	J. Kramer	2-1	11-5	4-5
1925	Fantastic	112	2	......	6...½	4...2	3...3	2...3	J. Lee	1-1	1-1	2-5
1099	Miss Alert	101	6	......	3...h	2...3	2.1½	3...8	Moreland	3-1	7-2	1-1
1928	Fay	100	8	......	7...4	5...h	5...4	4...2	J. Butler	15-1	15-1	5-1
1103	Elancer	104	4	......	4...½	3...h	4...2	5...1	T. Taylor	10-1	20-1	7-1
......	Helen Virginia	100	1	......	2...1	6...3	6...h	6...6	Bilac	30-1	40-1	12-1
990	Wild Violet	100	3	......	5...h	8	7...3	7...2	D. Austin	15-1	40-1	15-1
1729	Baltimore Belle	100	7	......	8	7...h	8	8	J. Walsh	10-1	50-1	15-1

Dainty Dame assumed command at the first quarter, spreadeagled her field, opened up a long lead entering the stretch and won in a common canter. Fantastic, shuffled back after the start, was compelled to run around her field; finished strong, but could never get to the winner. Miss Alert tired chasing the winner, and was easily the best of the others.

1939—THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse $400; for four-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner, J. Hergenrether's b. c., 4, by Cesarion—Colleen Rhue; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :12 3-5, :25, :50 4-5, 1:12 1-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
1064	Bourbon News	111	4	......	4...2	2...½	2.1½	1...2	Moriarity	30-1	40-1	15-1
227	Gambrinus	111	6	......	6...1	3...3	3...½	2.1½	D. Boland	2-1	5-2	1-1
729	Rosessa	111	1	......	1...½	1...1	1...h	3.1½	Foy	20-1	20-1	8-1
1874	Oak Grove	106	7	......	5...h	4...h	4...h	4...½	T. Taylor	5-1	10-1	7-2
845	Louis C	108	8	......	8...1	6...h	7...1	5...1	J. Foley	30-1	30-1	10-1
1917	La Sorciere	109	5	......	2.1½	3...h	5...2	6.nk	Troxler	2-1	3-1	6-5
1024	The Mate	108	2	......	7...h	8...2	8...6	7...½	G. Swain	25-1	25-1	8-1
......	Agnola	108	3	......	3...h	7...½	6...1	8...5	J. Lee	5-1	16-5	6-5
1727	French Nun	105	9	......	9	9	9	9	J. Butler	10-1	15-1	5-1

Bourbon News followed the pace closely, moved up strong entering the turn for home, caught Rosessa, raced her into defeat and won going away. Gambrinus, slow to begin, was going strongest at the end; with a better break would have been a serious contender. Rosessa tired after forcing the pace. The others were never contenders.

1940—FOURTH RACE—One mile; purse $500; for three-year-olds and up; handicap. Start good; won easily; place same. Winner, W. H. Fizer & Co.'s b. c., 4, by Giganteum—Bloomer; trained by owner. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time, :25 4-5, :50 1-5, 1:16 2-5, 1:45 4-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
[1907]	John L. Inglis	116	1	2...5	2...4	2...5	2...5	1.1½	Minder	3-5	4-5	.....
1927	Zal	102	2	1...2	1...2	1.1½	1...½	2...3	T. Taylor	8-5	6-5	.....
1000	High Bear	102	3	3	3	3	3	3	Dearborn	5-1	12-1	.....

John L. Inglis was much the best, raced in behind Zal until making the turn for home, when Minder let out a wrap on John L. Inglis and he went to the front without an effort. Zal forced the pace on sufferance, but ran a creditable race. High Bear never had a chance.

1941—FIFTH RACE—Four furlongs; purse $400; for two-year-old colts and geldings. Start good; won driving; place same. Winner, J. C. Milam & Co.'s b. c., by Lactantius—Cherry Button; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time, :12 4-5, :25 1-5, :38 3-5, :50 1-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
1929	R. C. Rann	105	3	......	......	3...4	2...½	1...h	J. Lee	6-5	2-1	7-10
1929	Great Pirate	113	5	......	......	1...1	1...2	2...4	J. Foley	3-2	1-1	2-5
1912	Orlandot	105	1	......	......	2...1	3...5	3...6	Minder	15-1	12-1	5-1
......	Phil Chinn	102	7	......	......	4.1½	4...3	4...3	Bilac	30-1	30-1	12-1
......	Lady's Man	105	4	......	......	5...2	5...2	5...h	J. Butler	30-1	30-1	12-1
1929	Gilvedear	105	11	......	......	7...1	6.1½	6.nk	T. Taylor	30-1	30-1	12-1
......	Insurgent	105	10	......	......	8...1	8...1	7...4	G. Swain	15-1	30-1	12-1
......	Arlin	105	2	......	......	9...1	9.nk	8...2	B'champ	10-1	20-1	7-1
......	William Bissett	102	6	......	......	11	11	9...h	B. Hatchell	30-1	50-1	20-1
......	McAtee	105	8	......	......	6...h	7...2	10...½	D. Austin	12-1	7-1	5-2
......	St. Mecca	108	9	......	......	10...2	10...1	11	L. Jones	30-1	50-1	20-1

R. C. Rann caught Great Pirate in the run through the stretch and the two fought it out to the wire, R. C. Rann getting the race in the closing strides. Great Pirate forced the pace, raced Orlandot into defeat and was easily the best of the others. The field was badly strung out at the finish.

1942—SIXTH RACE—One mile; purse $400; for three-year-olds and up; selling. Start good; won easily; place driving. Winner, W. A. Smith & Co.'s b. f., 3, by Woolsthorpe—Extra; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time, :25 3-5, :51 2-5, 1:17 3-5, 1:46 2-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
993	Della Thorpe	95	1	1...h	1...h	1.1½	1...3	1...6	G. Swain	8-1	7-1	5-2
1930	Early Boy	107	4	2...1	2...2	2...2	2...3	2.1½	Foy	7-1	9-1	7-2
1928	Suzanne Rocamora	106	8	5.nk	5...4	3...½	3.1½	3...2	F. Burton	6-1	7-1	5-2
240	Carew	102	2	4.1½	4.nk	4...3	4...2	4...h	W. Cole	5-1	7-2	8-5
1918	Quagga	92	9	9	9	8...3	7...3	5...6	Bilac	6-1	6-1	2-1
......	Monvina	91	7	8...1	8...1	7.nk	6...1	6...5	T. Steele	30-1	40-1	15-1
286	County Clerk	105	5	6...3	6...8	6...6	5...2	7...2	D. Austin	15-1	15-1	6-1
1928	Beatrice K.	110	3	3...½	3...h	5...h	8...4	8.nk	J. Butler	3-1	11-5	6-5
714	Fast Flight	110	6	7...4	7...3	9	9	9	J. J. Walsh	30-1	40-1	15-1

Della Thorpe found the track to her liking, raced Early Boy into submission, drew away on the far turn and won going away. Early Boy was always in keen contention and was never in danger of losing the place. Suzanna Rocamora ran forwardly throughout. Carew had no excuses. Quagga evidently does not like the mud. Beatrice K. could not concede the weight.

The O'Brien-Burns Fight.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 30.—Interest in the fight between Tommy Burns and Philadelphia Jack O'Brien before the Pacific Athletic Club here May 8 for the heavyweight championship is increasing. Betting remains even, although so far only scattering wagers have been made. It is expected that the house will be worth to the management about $55,000. The men are fighting for 60 and 40 per cent. of a $30,000 purse.

South Atlantic League Results.

At Macon—Macon 3, Jacksonville 4.
At Charleston—Charleston 3, Augusta 5, ten innings.
At Columbia—Columbia6, Savannah 10.

South Bend at Evansville, Dayton at Canton and Springfield at Wheeling, all postponed on account of rain.

College Baseball Games.

Sewanee, Tenn., April 30.—University of the South 16, University of Nashville 6.

CORPORATIONS FILE ARTICLES AT FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—Incorporation articles were to-day filed in Department of Secretary of State as follows:

Walton Bank and Trust Company, of Boone county, with $50,000 capital stock. The incorporators are D. M. Bagby, R. C. Green and J. F. Stephens.

W. J. Frazier Company, of Kenton county, with $20,000 capital stock. The incorporators are Ferdinand Bader and George Deddens, of Concinnati, and F. B. Respess, of Newport, and J. H. Schulte, of Covington. The company will operate a distillery in Woodford county.

Worthville Canning Company, of Carroll county, with $10,000 capital stock. The incorporators are A. J. Stevens, of Washington, Ind., and Emmett Stout and Sidney Carr, of Worthville.

Shelby County Colored Fair Association, of Shelby county, with $1,000 capital stock. The incorporators are George Hinkle, Shel Davis and John Ellis.

Woman's Club of Kentucky, of Boyle county, with no capital stock. The incorporators are John Stites and J. A. Shuttleworth, of Louisville; C. H. Rodes, R. T. Quisenberry and W. G. Dunlap, of Danville. The objects and purposes of the corporation are the higher education and training of young women in the principles of the Christian religion, in the languages, literature, sciences, music and art.

H. L. Mickle Lumber Company, of Kenton county, with $50,000 capital stock. The incorporators are C. C. Hagemeyer, H. L. Mickle and L. A. Mickle, of Covington.

ALLEGED BRASS THIEVES GO TO JUVENILE COURT.

Three Boys Said To Have Removed Gas Fixtures From Unoccupied Saloon and Sold Them.

Alleged to have broken into an unoccupied saloon at 215 First street, belonging to the Frank Fehr Brewing Company, and to have stolen the brass fixtures, Louis Riley, aged twelve years, of 125 West Market street; Frank Reinhardt, aged twelve years, of 225 West Market street, and Thomas Dolan, aged thirteen years, of 438 East Main street, were arrested by Patrolman McGrath at Brook and Market streets yesterday afternoon on a charge of housebreaking. Riley is a step-son of Sid Leonard, who is now serving a term in the Frankfort penitentiary for hold-ups committed last winter.

The three boys are said to have broken into the saloon yesterday morning, and to have taken away all the brass gas fixtures, valued at about $50, and to have disposed of them to a junk dealer on Market street. Patrolman McGrath learned of the robbery, and "getting next" to the brass fixtures in the junk shop he got a description of the sellers and, as a result, locked up the three boys. They will be presented in the Juvenile Court at its next session.

COMMITTEEMEN DISCOVER LOOPHOLE IN ORDINANCE.

Measure To Give Home Telephone Company Greater Privileges Said To Have Faulty Clause.

At the meeting of the Telephone Committee of the Commercial Club at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, attention will be given to certain clauses in the ordinance now before the General Council, and which is said to be so worded as to allow the Home Telephone Company, for which the measure was drawn, to charge such rates as it may desire for telephone service. It is the purpose of the ordinance to give to the Home Company privileges which are enjoyed now solely by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company. It is said that some members of the committee, of which P. A. McDowell is chairman, have discovered what they maintain is a defect in the measure and one that would make it possible for the two competing companies to agree on an exorbitant price rate should they so desire. The matter of the proposed reduction in the rates of the Cumberland Company is now in the hands of a committee of the Board of Trade.

ZAL IS AGAIN BADLY BEATEN

Kentucky Derby Colt Runs Second To John L. Inglis In Mud.

MISS ALERT ALSO DEFEATED.

Bad Weather Conditions and a Heavy Track Cause Falling Off In Attendance.

ONLY TWO FAVORITES WIN.

LEXINGTON SELECTIONS.

First Race—Fleming, Barnsdale, Vipsania.
Second Race—Black Mary, Skyo, Lady Sichel.
Third Race—Mortiboy, Mandate, Boxara.
Fourth Race—Shirley Rossmore, Bucket Brigade, Headline.
Fifth Race—Ralbert, Highbear, Posing.
Sixth Race—St. Noel, Fonsoluca, Oberon.
Two Best Bets—Mortiboy, Ralbert.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—The appearance of Zal, the Kentucky Derby eligible, and Miss Alert, which is being given a preparation for the Kentucky Oaks, served as the magnet to attract a large crowd of Louisville racing enthusiasts to the third day of the meeting at the Kentucky Association track to-day.

Owing to early morning rains the track was left in a very heavy condition, and light showers, which fell throughout the entire afternoon, seemed to put the lovers of the thoroughbred in a bad frame of mind, despite several "good things" that went over the plate.

Both Zal and Miss Alert were defeated, which put a dent in the bankroll of the players, but on form neither figured to come home in front, and cannot be said that they made a bad showing. As Zal performed over a heavy track, which is to his liking, and did not come home a winner, it cannot be said that he made a display fitting for a Derby candidate. The colt led to the head of the stretch, but at the end John L. Inglis was only cantering and could have won by a much wider margin.

Miss Alert finished many lengths behind Dainty Dame, which was ridden by a stable boy. Dainty Dame, however, showed that she is a right sweet sort of a filly, and is a promising candidate for the Latonia Oaks, but is not eligible to the Kentucky Oaks. It was the first start of Miss Alert this season, and on her showing she will have to improve a lot to beat Altuda, Victoria B. and other good misses, which are being prepared for the Kentucky filly classic.

Weather conditions were anything but favorable at the Kentucky Association track to-day. Rain began falling early in the morning and continued throughout the day. This caused a decided falling off in the attendance, but those who did venture forth were amply repaid for braving the elements, as the programme that had been provided for the day's sport was a most attractive one. True, several of those carded to start in the various events declined the issue on account of the heavy track, but those with a known liking for the going were liberally supported. The chief attraction was the handicap, at one mile.

The regulars kept the bookmakers busy taking wagers. Interest centered in the meeting between Zal, John L. Inglis and High Bear. Posing was withdrawn, owing to the track conditions.

Ed Corrigan arrived this afternoon from Chicago, where he has been since the close of the City Park meeting. He thinks that the prospects are good for racing to be resumed in the Windy City, but refused to give his reasons. Corrigan says that his Derby colts have failed to show form and that his colors will not be carried in the Kentucky classic. He thinks that Ovelando will be returned the winner, and this opinion is shared by many shrewd owners here.

Fred Cook has gone to Illinois on business, but his place has been taken by Jules White, a big player.

Jockey Moriarity, who rode with fair success at Ascot Park, has arrived and will be at Louisville for the meeting.

The biggest surprise of the day was the victory of Bourbon News in the third race, when, at 40 to 1, he defeated the heavily-played favorite Gambrinus. Bourbon News was bid up and bought by Frank Risk. Gambrinus was claimed by Grover Hughes, but the claim was void, because Hughes was not authorized agent for bidder. Only two favorites won.

LEXINGTON ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse:

Index.	Horse.	Wt.	Index.	Horse.	Wt.
1073	Vipsania	107	......	George Young	112
......	Barbaria	107	......	Denigree	112
708	Dorothy Scott	107	......	Headley	112
1050	Intaglio	107	585	Hilgert	112
1927	Fleming	109	1925	Barnsdale	112
......	Autumn King	109	466	Silver Crest	112

SECOND RACE—Four and one-half furlongs; purse:

1926	Lady Sichel	100	1933	Richmond Duke	104
......	Mai Couria	101	1929	Habit	104
......	Belle Shirley	101	[1926]	Skyo	104
......	May Jene	101	1926	Black Mary	114
......	Merrifield	104	[1929]	John Marrs	107

THIRD RACE—One mile; purse:

205	Mandate	100	911	Affinity	110
1927	Mortiboy	110	......	The Abbot	110
1927	Boxara	110			

FOURTH RACE—Four and half furlongs; selling:

......	Buto	99	1933	*Cheswardine	99
......	Wild Cherry	99	1915	*Bucket Brigade	101
1444	Shirley Rossmore	99	......	Civet	102
1926	Fare	99	......	Top Lofty	103
1933	Billy Bowlegs	99	1926	Lady Handsel	103
1931	Darling Dan	99	1850	Headline	104

FIFTH RACE — Seven furlongs; selling:

[1927]	King Leopold	95	1108	Adesso	112
1928	Camille	96	1928	Ralbert	112
1925	Fantastic	99	1925	Fortunate	112
1927	Miss Lida	102	601	Lafayette	113
[1930]	Posing	108	1934	High Bear	116

SIXTH RACE—One mile and an eighth; selling:

1930	*Oberon	99	1646	Fonsoluca	104
1930	Request	99	1936	Merry Pioneer	105
1936	Skyward	101	1936	Dick Redd	107
1936	Hamilcar	101	1936	Golden Mineral	111
1935	Gauze	102			
1930	*St. Noel	103			
1930	Belden	110			

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Big Offer For John Marrs Refused.

Lexington, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—W. G. Grater & Co. yesterday refused $5,000 for the chestnut colt by Jack Point—Lizzie Gilman, John Marrs, which defeated Great Pirate and Col. Bob the first day of the meeting. The colt, which was practically overlooked in the betting, as the clockers had been unable to get a line on him, is a fine-looking animal, and has all the earmarks of a good racing tool, and will no doubt be a prominent factor in future two-year-old events.

Bourbon News, the Cesarion colt, which connected with the long end of the purse in the third race yesterday at the juicy odds of 40 to 1, was bid up $500 over his entered price of $300 by Frank Risk, who secured the colt at that price.

Grover Hughes, the trainer of Rossessa, which was entered in the third race, put in a claim for William Gerst's Gambrinus. The claim was not allowed by the judges, however, for the reason that Hughes was [not au]thorized agent of the owner of Rossessa.

JOCKEY MILLER UNABLE TO RIDE

Epocha Falls and Throws Rider, Whose Ankle Is Sprained.

JUGGLER WINS FEATURE RACE.

Takes Corona Stakes By Five Lengths From Rye and Orphan Lad.

SAVABLE ALSO A WINNER.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Jockey Walter Miller received injuries in the first race at Jamaica to-day which will probably keep him out of the saddle for several days. He had the mount on Epocha, heavily played at 7 to 2, but soon after the start Epocha stumbled and fell, throwing Miller heavily and spraining his ankle.

Juggler, at 5 to 2, easily won the Corona Stakes, the feature of the card, by five lengths.

The Greenfield Stakes, for two-year-olds, five furlongs, will be decided on to-morrow, there being seventy-six eligibles. The Columbus Stakes, for three-year-olds, one mile and a sixteenth, is on the card for Thursday, with Okenite, Gild, Marathon, Col. Jack, Tileing, J. C. Core, Campaigner, Molesey, Eddie Ware and Tim O'Toole notable in the list of entries. The Newtown Selling Stakes, at six furlongs, is scheduled for Friday, with Okenite, Marathon, Grapple, Pretension, Handzarra, Slickaway, Glorifier, Keator, Inquisitor, Zienap, Rye, Jacobite, Southern Cross and Workmaid the best eligibles.

On Saturday the Rosedale Stakes, for two-year-old fillies, five furlongs, and the Montague Stakes, weight for age, mile and a sixteenth, will be the attractions. Dr. Gardner will start in the Montague, meeting in all probability Cairngorm, Ironsides, J. C. Core, Oxford, Superman, Philander, Frank Gill, Cressina, Dishabille, Okenite, Don Diego, Ethon and others.

Dr. Gardner, because of his easy victory in the Excelsior Handicap, is already regarded as a possible winner of either the Brooklyn or the Suburban Handicap. As Roseben, from the same barn, is being pointed for the Metropolitan Handicap at Belmont Park, it is believed that Dr. Gardner will not start in that event, but will be specially prepared for the Brooklyn at Gravesend. Roseben, by the way, showed a phenomenal trial at the Brooklyn Jockey Club's track last Friday. Dave Johnson, Frank Weir and others clocked the big fellow a half mile in :46 2-5 and five furlongs in :59 3-5, with Jack Martin up. This work was done so easily that Johnson believes Roseben cannot lose the Metropolitan at a mile. It will be remembered that when Roseben broke the world's record for seven furlongs and ran the distance in 1:22 flat with 126 pounds at Belmont Park last fall, the Westchester Racing Association offered a $5,000 purse and a gold cup if Roseben could beat Salvator's world's record for a mile, 1:35½, made over a straight course, but the day Roseben was scheduled to try it rained and the track was turned into a sea of mud. At that Roseben would probably have come very close to Salvator's figures as he was in grand condition. Johnson says the Big Train, when he goes to the post for the Metropolitan, will be every bit as good as he was when he broke the seven-furlong record, and as the champion sprinter always did like the Belmont track, his owner naturally feels sure of the prize.

Hands Around went to the front at the start, made all the running in the opener, and won easily by two lengths from Bounding Elk, which was second all the way. Bennie Williams was third, five lengths behind. Bigot, the favorite, never figured, finishing fourth.

Dr. Hollis beat the barrier and made the running to the stretch, followed by Barbary Belle and Anna May. In the run home Barbary Belle closed with a rush and won easily by a length and a half from Dr. Hollis, which beat Teacress three-quarters of a length for the place.

In the third race Inquisitor rushed to the front at the start and cut out the running, followed by Don Domo and Grapple. They ran this way to the stretch, where First Premium closed with a rush and won by half a length. Don Domo beat Inquisitor three-quarters of a length for the place.

Orphan Lad rushed to the front at the start of the fourth race, set a hot pace to the stretch, with Juggler and Rye alternating in second place. In the run to the wire Juggler took the lead and held it to the end and won as he pleased by five lengths from Rye, which beat Orphan Lad a head for the place.

Savable, the old Futurity winner, took the lead at the quarter and never was headed off, winning by a head from Molesey, the favorite. The latter was second all the way and beat Azora five lengths for the place.

Dr. Lee was first to show, and led the way to the stretch, followed by Communipaw and Millstone. There Communipaw nailed the leader and won easily by three lengths from Millstone, which beat Wise Hand a length and a half for the place. The latter closed strong. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; five furlongs:
Hands Around, 99 (Becker), 15 to 1.... 1
Bounding Elk, 102 (Shilling), 30 to 1.... 2
Bennie Williams, 106 (Mountain), 10 to 1.... 3
Time, 1:01 1-5. Soldano, Tivoli, Bigot, Caesar's Wife, Trey of Spades and Complete also ran. Epocha fell.

Second Race—Selling; six furlongs:
Barbary Belle, 95 (Notter), 5 to 2...... 1
Dr. Hollis, 106 (Koerner), 7 to 1........ 2
Teacress, 106 (McDaniel), 4 to 1........ 3
Time, 1:13 3-5. Quinn Brady, Ballot Box, Commune, Anna May, Homeless, Glamor, Ace High and Right and True also ran.

Third Race—Six furlongs:
First Premium, 122 (Becker), 12 to 1.. 1
Don Domo, 113 (Preston), 15 to 1...... 2
Inquisitor, 119 (Nicol), 6 to 1........ 3
Time, 1:13 1-5. Hot Toddy, Grapple and DeMund also ran.

Fourth Race—Corona Stakes; selling; one mile and seventy yards:
Juggler, 108 (Mountain), 5 to 2........ 1
Rye, 108 (Notter), 4 to 1.............. 2
Orphan Lad, 97 (Beckman), 9 to 5..... 3
Time, 1:44 4-5. Orbicular, Suffice and Campaigner also ran.

Fifth Race — One and one-sixteenth miles:
Savable, 105 (Musgrove), 4 to 1........ 1
Molesey, 88 (Clauson), 9 to 10........ 2
Azora, 101 (Grand), 7 to 1............ 3
Time, 1:47 4-5. Master of Craft and Gold Circle also ran.

Sixth Race—Selling; five furlongs:
Communipaw, 97 (Brussel), 6 to 1...... 1
Millstone, 92 (Henry), 15 to 1........ 2
Wise Hand, 97 (Beckman), 50 to 1...... 3
Time, 1:01. Pass Him Out, Kernochan, Tos. Hiram, Dr. Lee, Marktime, Bentinck, Coat of Arms and Thomas Hoy also ran.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; selling:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Robin Hood	12	Marvel P.	103
Slickaway	118	Master Lester	100
Chief Hayes	112	Nigger Mike	98
Fustian	111	Autumn Flower	88
Banner	111		

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs; selling:

Helen B.	109	Iwami	99
Semipro	104	William H. Lyon	99
Gold Foil	102	Benrose	99
Bereaud Jr.	102	Snakewood	99
Quick Dance	101	Marbles	99
The Thorn	100	Sussex	99

THIRD RACE—Mile and one-sixteenth; selling:

St. Valentine	119	Water Bearer	103
Jacquin	116	Lord Badge	101
Maxnar	111	Shenandoah	101
Robador	109	Ocean Spray	101
Taxer	107	Tyrolian	99
Retort	106		

FOURTH RACE—The Greenfield; five furlongs:

Ziephen	115	Transvaal	110
Apple Toddy	110	Aunt Rose	107
Alauda	110	Woodland	107
Hartford Boy	110	Hollister	107
Sepoy	110		

FIFTH RACE—Mile and one-sixteenth; selling:

Lally	109	Chancellor	102
Marathon	108	L. Stanhope	103
Punky	107	Eudora	101
Tony Bonero	106	Tanager	100
Cobleskill	103	Umbrella	96

SIXTH RACE—Mile and one-sixteenth; handicap:

W. H. Carey	120	Dolly Spanker	106
Whimsical	115	Philander	105
Good Luck	111	Samuel H. Harris	102
Athlete	108	Tommy Waddell	108

SEVENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling:

Masson	112	Le Sorella II.	101
Eonite	107	Senator Beckham	100
Youthful	105	Tinker Bell	99
Twigs	103	Abracadabra	99
Enlist	102	Raimondo	99
Toplitski	102	Mackerel	99
Concerned	102		

CASE OF LATONIA RACE TRACK NEARS AN END.

CINCINNATI, O., April 30.—Arguments were concluded to-day in the case of the Latonia Agricultural Society against the city of Latonia and Mayor J. T. Earle. The case will be submitted to Judge Shaw next Monday on briefs prepared by both sides. Attorney Harvey Myers, for the plaintiffs, claims the city will, unless restrained, tear down the fences surrounding the race course and cut streets through the track.

JUBILEE WINS FEATURE.

Ormonde's Right, At Odds-On, Takes Another Race At Pimlico Track.

Baltimore, April 30.—There was a good crowd at Pimlico this afternoon to see seven races decided. The card included the Druid Park Stakes for two-year-olds, at five furlongs, in which the best youngsters at the track were carded to meet.

Nellie Burns took the day's inaugural after a lively brush through the stretch with Abjure. East End came with a belated rattle, but could not get up in time and finished third.

Laughing Eyes broke out of the maiden class in the second, putting the skiddoo sign on Patrician and Fred Mace, who finished in the order named.

Only four faced the barrier in the third, and Ormonde's Right played a return engagement, romping home in front of Hyperion.

The Druid Park Stakes, at five furlongs, the feature of the card, for two-year-olds, went to Jubilee, an added starter, in a driving finish, with Billy Hibbs second and Glorious Betsy third.

Rocket won the timber-topping event, with Paprika second and Mr. McCann third. Summaries:

First Race—Seven furlongs:
Nellie Burns, 108 (Coleman), 3 to 1.... 1
Abjure, 108 (Lloyd), 10 to 1.......... 2
East End, 113 (Liebert), even.......... 3
Time, 1:29½. Panique, Water Pansy, Ran After, Chippewa and Verness also ran.

Second Race—Four furlongs; maidens:
Laughing Eyes, 109 (Mitchell), 15 to 1. 1
Patrician, 112 (Alex), 3 to 1.......... 2
Fred Mace, 112 (Lloyd), 4 to 1........ 3
Time, :50. Bulkhead, Esterbelle, Bar G., Miss Cushman, Guardo, Kirtsie, Carmino, Fruro and Gallant Lizzie also ran.

Third Race—One mile:
Ormonde's Right, 112 (Hennessy), 2 to 5 1
Hyperion, 104 (Floyd), 3 to 1.......... 2
Cursus, 112 (Diggins), 15 to 1........ 3
Time, :50. Pleasant Days also ran.

Fourth Race—Druid Hall Park Stakes; five furlongs:
Jubilee, 112 (L. Smith), 6 to 1........ 1
Billy Hibbs, 114 (Johnson), 2 to 1..... 2
Glorious Betsy, 109 (Alex), 20 to 1.... 3
Time, 1:01½. Bilfil, Jock Wood, Merryman and Blember also ran.

Fifth Race—Steeplechase; two miles:
Rocket, 132 (Hagan), 13 to 1.......... 1
Paprika, 132 (Saffel), 3 to 1.......... 2
Mr. McCann, 132 (Archibald), 4 to 1.... 3
Dr. Reis, Incantation, Mooksie and Garterette also ran.

Sixth Race—Three-quarters of a mile; for three-year-olds and upward; selling:
Belle Strome, 105 (Moesel), 3 to 1..... 1
Dog Rose, 97 (Johnson), 15 to 1....... 2
Beldemo, 100 (Hennessy), 4 to 1....... 3
Time, 1:14½. Prince Brutus, Niblick, Wabash Queen and Viperine also ran.

THREE FAVORITES FIRST.

Sugarmaid, At a Good Price, Beats Cloudlight In Victoria Handicap At Oakland.

San Francisco, April 30. — Sugarmaid, quoted at 7 to 1, gained a victory over Cloudlight in the Victoria Handicap at Oakland to-day in a driving finish. Favorites scored in the first three events. Summaries:

First Race—Three and one-half furlongs; selling:
Charay, 106 (Goodchild), 2 to 1........ 1
Tallen, 108 (Brown), 9 to 2............ 2
Gluckstern, 105 (Mentry), 60 to 1...... 3
Time, :42 1-5. Janet L., Gigana, Rio Vista, Aggrippena, Katie Gleason, Miss Butte, Parasol, Clara Mulholland and Cora L. also ran.

Second Race—One mile; selling:
Fair Fagot, 110 (Sandy), 6 to 5........ 1
Royal Maxim, 110 (Gross), 10 to 1...... 2
Eloto, 105 (W. Kelley), 16 to 5........ 3
Time, 1:42 2-5. Seven Bells, Avona, Menden, Tetanus, Jezebel, Mohawk, Eulallie B., Hankwell and Furze also ran.

Third Race—Six and one-half furlongs:
Ethel Day, 110 (Gross), 9 to 20........ 1
Lotta Gladstone, 105 (Sandy), 30 to 1.. 2
The Mist, 110 (Keogh), 6 to 1.......... 3
Time, 1:26 4-5. Sunmark, Kinders, Storm, Little Buttercup, Lady King and Serenity also ran.

Fourth Race—Victoria Handicap; seven furlongs:
Sugarmaid, 107 (Fischer), 7 to 1....... 1
Cloudlight, 110 (Keogh), 4 to 1........ 2
George P. McNear, 102 (H. Smith), 13 to 5.... 3
Time, 1:25. J. C. Clem, Rubric and Martinmas also ran.

Fifth Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
Blagg, 109 (A. Brown), 4 to 1.......... 1
Kokomo, 110 (Sandy), 13 to 10......... 2
Nappa, 112 (W. Kelly), 12 to 1........ 3
Time, 1:04 4-5. Woolma, Native Son, Edwin T. Fryer, Zelina, Palemon, Otto Price, Treasureseeker, Remember and Johnny Lyons also ran.

Sixth Race—One mile:
Bob Ragon, 104 (Gross), 10 to 1........ 1
Miss Officious, 92 (W. Kelly), 5 to 2... 2
Cabin, 110 (A. Williams), 9 to 5....... 3
Time, 1:41 1-5. The Missourian, Edith James, Jolly Witch, Mamie Algol, Eckersall, Fisher Boy, Integrity and Sea Lad also ran.

High School and University School.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock the High School baseball team will play its first game with what may be called its local opponents. Thus far only teams from out of the city have tried conclusions with the Purple, but to-day Duffy's nine will line up against University School. This game, which is to be played at Reccius Park, on the corner of Twenty-eighth street and Garland avenue, will show pretty well what chances High School has of winning from K. M. I. when it faces the soldiers on the coming Saturday afternoon at High School.

Duffy's men will try hard to make more runs to-day off University's crack pitcher Fay than K. M. I. made Saturday—that was five. The Cadets won, however, 5 to 1, and Dosker, who will pitch to-day for High School, hopes to hold the Blue and White to as small a score as did Long of K. M. I.

Already the followers of "dope" have one basis for a comparison of High School and K. M. I., for both teams have played the nine representing the Louisville College of Dentistry, and both lost to the Dentists. High School was beaten 10 to 3, and K. M. I. 5 to 1, owing to the effective pitching of big Nearline, of the college nine. These two scores seem to support the followers of the two teams in their belief that Saturday's game between High School and K. M. I. will be one of the hottest ever pulled off on the park at Brook and Breckinridge. The spirit of rivalry between the Purple and the Institute boys has always been intense, and a large delegation of uniformed rooters will come in from K. M. I. to be at the game Saturday. Those who see this contest will have a splendid line of dope on the first High School-Manual game soon to be played, for the soldiers have already disposed of Manual by the score of 5 to 4.



Good Fishing TACKLE is the cheapest. You will find the best doesn't cost much when you get our prices.
BOURNE & BOND, 319 W. Market Wholesale & Retail

CHICAGO WINS ANOTHER GAME

Philadelphia Beats Brooklyn In Well-Played Red-Hot Game.

PIRATES ARE UNABLE TO PLAY.

New York, Philadelphia and Cleveland the Winners In American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

MILWAUKEE ....5 | MINNEAPOLIS 3
LOUISVILLE ....0 | COLUMBUS 2
INDIANAPOLIS ...3 | Toledo-Kansas City
ST. PAUL ....2 | (Wet grounds).

National League.

PHILADELPHIA 3
BROOKLYN 2
CHICAGO ....4 | Pittsburg-St. Louis
CINCINNATI ....3 | (Rain).

American League.

PHILADELPHIA 3
WASHINGTON 2
NEW YORK ....3 | CLEVELAND 4
BOSTON ....1 | ST. LOUIS 2

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	9	3	.750	Kansas City	4	4	.500
Louisville	6	4	.600	Milwaukee	6	7	.462
Indianap.	6	5	.545	St. Paul	5	8	.385
Toledo	6	6	.500	Minneap.	3	8	.273

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	13	2	.867	Boston	6	7	.462
New York	11	3	.786	Cincinnati	4	10	.286
Pittsburg	7	3	.700	St. Louis	3	13	.188
Philadel.	8	5	.615	Brooklyn	1	11	.083

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadel.	10	4	.714	Cleveland	6	7	.462
Chicago	9	4	.692	Boston	5	9	.357
Detroit	8	5	.615	Wash'gton	4	8	.333
New York	8	5	.615	St. Louis	4	12	.250

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

Milwaukee at L'ville. St. Paul at Indianap.
K. City at Toledo. Minneapolis at Colum.

National League.

Chicago at Cincinnati. Brooklyn at Philadel.
Boston at New York. St. Louis at Pittsburg.

American League.

Chicago at Detroit. Philadel. at Washg'ton.
St. Louis at Cleveland. New York at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia 3, Brooklyn 2.

Philadelphia, April 30.—Philadelphia defeated Brooklyn here to-day in a closely contested game. The home team won the game in the ninth inning after two men had been retired on an error, a base on balls and a hit by Pitcher Corridon. Score:

Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Alperman 2b	4	1	4	1	Thomas cf	4	0	2	1
Batch 2b	0	0	0	0	Gleason 2b	4	0	1	2
Casey 3b	3	1	1	2	Titus rf	4	0	1	0
Lumley rf	4	1	1	0	Magee lf	4	1	0	0
Jordan 1b	4	1	10	0	Bransfield 1b	4	1	15	1
McCarthy lf	4	0	2	0	Courtney 3b	4	0	1	1
Maloney cf	4	0	3	0	Doolin ss	4	2	2	3
Lewis ss	3	1	2	5	Jacklitsch c	2	0	5	4
Ritter c	2	0	3	1	Corridon p	3	1	0	9
McIntyre p	3	1	0	2					
Totals	31	6	*26	11	Totals	33	5	27	21

*Two out when winning run scored.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—2
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1—3

Errors—Alperman, Batch, Courtney. Two-base Hits—Lumley, Magee, Bransfield. Three-base Hit—Alperman. Stolen Bases—Casey 2, Lumley. Double Play—Thomas, Jacklitsch and Courtney. Left on Bases—Brooklyn 3, Philadelphia 7. Bases on Balls—Off McIntyre 3, off Corridon 1. Struck Out—By McIntyre 3, by Corridon 4. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Klem.

* * *

Chicago 4, Cincinnati 3.

Cincinnati, April 30.—To-day's game between Cincinnati and Chicago was marked by poor pitching and loose fielding. Mowry, of the locals, established a new record by making three errors in one inning, although no runs were scored. Capt. Ganzel and Outfielder Mitchell were benched for disputing decisions. Score:

Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Huggins 2b	2	0	1	7	Slagle cf	2	0	0	1
Davis cf	3	1	3	0	Sheckard lf	4	1	0	0
Lobert ss	3	0	0	2	Randall rf	4	2	1	0
Ganzel 1b	3	1	6	0	Chance 1b	4	2	10	0
Schlei 1b	1	0	4	0	Steinfeldt 3b	2	1	1	2
Mitchell rf	3	0	2	0	Hoffman ss	1	0	4	2
Odwell rf	1	0	0	0	Evers 2b	2	0	3	2
Kruger lf	4	1	2	0	Moran c	5	0	8	1
Mowry 3b	2	0	2	2	Overall p	4	0	0	2
McLean c	3	0	7	3					
Hall p	0	0	0	1					
Leary p	2	0	0	3					
Totals	27	3	27	18	Totals	28	6	27	10

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Cincinnati	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3
Chicago	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0—4

Errors—Davis, Schlei, Mowry 3, Moran. Two-base Hit—Randall. Three-base Hits—Ganzel, Kruger. Hits—Off Hall 2 in three innings; off Leary 4 in six innings. Sacrifice Hits—Hoffman 3, Evers. Stolen Bases—Slagle, Chance 2, Moran. Double Play—Overall, Hoffman and Chance. Left on Bases—Cincinnati 4, Chicago 12. Bases on Balls—Off Hall 7, off Leary 5, off Overall 6. Struck Out—By Leary 4, by Overall 6. Hit by Pitcher—By Overall 1. Time—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpire—O'Day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia 3, Washington 2.

Washington, April 30.—Plank held Washington down to six hits to-day and Philadelphia won out by timely hitting. The fielding of Knight and Jones was the feature. Score:

Wash.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Phila.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Ganley rf	4	1	1	0	Hartsel lf	5	0	1	0
Schlafly 2b	4	0	5	3	M. Cross ss	5	0	2	5
L. Cross 3b	4	1	1	1	Seybold rf	4	2	1	0
Anderson cf	3	0	7	0	Davis 1b	4	2	13	0
Altizer cf	3	0	6	0	Murphy 2b	2	2	1	0
Jones lf	4	2	3	0	Schreck c	3	0	6	1
Perrine ss	3	1	0	3	Knight 3b	4	0	0	3
Bl'kenship c	4	1	4	1	Lord cf	4	2	2	0
Kitson p	2	0	0	0	Plank p	4	2	0	6
*Nill	1	0	0	0					
†Hickman	1	0	0	0					
Hughes p	0	0	0	1					
Totals	33	6	27	9	Totals	35	10	‡26	15

*Batted for Kitson in eighth.
†Batted for Altizer in ninth.
‡Perrine called out for Schlafly's interference.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
Washington	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0—3

Errors—Altizer, M. Cross, Knight. Two-base Hits—Perrine, Seybold. Hits—Off Kitson 8 in eight innings; off Hughes 2 in one inning. Sacrifice Hit—Schreck. Stolen Base—Hartsel. Left on Bases—Washington 4, Philadelphia 7. Bases on Balls—Off Kitson 1, off Plank 1. Hit by Pitcher—By Kitson 1. Struck Out—By Kitson 3, by Plank 4. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Evans.

WEBER PIANOS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
(Incorporated.)



Goin' Fishin'?
Better first see our line of
Fishing Tackle!
"Everything a fisherman could wish."
If out of city write for Catalog.
Wholesale and Retail.
The Sutcliffe Co.
(Incorporated.)
225 FOURTH AVENUE.

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD!
Coca-Cola
At all Saloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands.
5c. a Bottle.
Coca Cola Bottling Works, Louisville, Ky. (Incorporated.)

Cleveland 4, St. Louis 2.

St. Louis, April 30.—Cleveland won the final game of the series from St. Louis. Score:

St. L.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Cleve.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Stone lf	5	1	2	0	Hinchman cf	4	0	3	0
Hemphill rf	4	0	1	0	Stovall 1b	5	2	13	0
Niles cf	4	2	2	2	Flick rf	3	1	1	0
Wallace ss	4	1	2	7	Lajoie 2b	4	1	2	7
Yeager 3b	4	2	3	0	Clark c	4	2	7	1
Jones 1b	3	2	11	0	Bradley 3b	3	1	0	1
Dethanty 3b	2	1	2	2	Birm'ham lf	4	0	1	0
Buelow c	3	0	3	1	Turner ss	3	1	0	0
Morgan p	3	0	1	2	Liebhardt p	4	0	0	3
Stephens c	0	0	0	0					
*Pickering	1	0	0	0					
†Butler	1	0	0	0					
Totals	34	9	27	14	Totals	34	8	27	12

*Batted for Buelow in eighth.
†Batted for Morgan in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2
Cleveland	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0—4

Errors—Yeager, Delehanty, Stovall. Three-base Hit—Niles. Sacrifice Hit—Flick. Stolen Bases—Hinchman, Lajoie, Turner, Yeager. Double Play—Leibhardt, Lajoie and Stovall. Left on Bases—St. Louis 9, Cleveland 7. Bases on Balls—Off Morgan 2, off Leibhardt 3. Hit by Pitcher—Delehanty. Struck Out—By Morgan 3, by Leibhardt 6. Passed Ball—Clark. Time—Two hours and one minute. Umpires—Sheridan and Stafford.

* * *

New York 3, Boston 1.

Boston, April 30.—Orth's hitting was as effective as his pitching in winning to-day's game for New York, 3 to 1. Score:

N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hoffman cf	4	2	2	0	Sullivan cf	4	1	2	0
Keeler rf	4	2	2	0	Parent lf	3	2	5	1
Elberfeld ss	3	1	2	2	Unglaub 1b	4	0	9	0
Chase 1b	4	0	13	2	Collins 3b	4	0	1	3
Laporte 3b	4	1	3	1	Grimshaw rf	4	0	4	0
Conroy lf	4	0	0	0	Ferris 2b	4	1	4	3
Williams 2b	3	0	1	2	Wagner ss	4	1	0	2
Kleinow c	4	0	4	0	Ar'bruster c	3	0	2	2
Orth p	3	2	0	5	Dineen p	2	0	0	3
					Harris p	0	0	0	0
					*Tannehill	1	0	0	0
Totals	33	8	27	12	Totals	33	6	27	12

*Batted for Dineen in eighth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T.
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0—3
Boston	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Errors—Keeler, Chase, Wagner. Two-base Hits—Orth, Elberfeld. Home Run—Orth. Hits—Off Dineen 8 in eight innings; off Harris 0 in one inning. Sacrifice Hit—Parent. Stolen Base—Hoffman. Double Plays—Dineen, Armbruster and Unglaub; Parent and Ferris. Left on Bases—New York 5, Boston 6. Bases on Balls—Off Dineen 1. Hit by Pitcher—By Dineen Elberfeld. Struck Out—By Orth 3. Time—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpires—Hurst and Connolly.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Atlanta 2, Birmingham 1.

Atlanta, Ga., April 30. — Turner's hit over the left-field fence in the sixth inning, which netted a home run, saved Birmingham from a shut-out to-day. Score by innings:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.
Birmingham	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Atlanta	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	*—2

Two-base Hit—Oyler. Three-base Hit—Fox. Home Run—Turner. Sacrifice Hits—C. Smith, Jordan. Double Play—Smith to Dyer to Jordan. First Base on Balls—Off Zeller, 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Zeller, Molesworth. Struck Out—By Zeller, 6; by Turner, 3. Time — One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—S. O'Leary and Mitze.

Little Rock 4, New Orleans 1.

Little Rock, Ark., April 30.—Hitting at opportune times, Little Rock took the second game of the series from New Orleans this afternoon. Lakaff, the new pitcher secured from Detroit, was tried out, and, while the visitors found him for a total of ten hits, he was invincible with men on bases. Gatins was ejected from the game in the sixth inning for too strenuous objections to one of Carruthers' decisions. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—T
Little Rock	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	*—4
New Orleans	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base Hits—Page, Bowcock. Sacrifice Hit—Miller. Bases on balls—Off Lakaff 2. Struck Out—By Lakaff 3; by Guese 2. First on Errors—Little Rock 1. Passed Ball—Kimble. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Zimmer and Caruthers.

Shreveport, La., April 30. — Shreveport-Memphis game postponed on account of wet grounds.

Nashville, Tenn., April 30. — Nashville-Montgomery game postponed on account of rain.

Central League Results.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 30. — Grand Rapids defeated Terre Haute 4 to 3 to-day in an uninteresting game. Donovan's fielding was a feature. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.	H.	E.
Grand Rapids	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0—4	8	2
Terre Haute	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0—3	6	3

Batteries—Bliss and Moran; Brossius and Freese.

CROSS-COUNTRY RUN AT THE BLIND SCHOOL.

A great deal of interest is being taken by the blind boys in their first cross-country run, which will take place on the athletic field of the Kentucky Institution for the Blind Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock. The distance will only be two miles, but as the race will be run on a quarter-mile track by at least eight teams the contest should prove to be very interesting. A longer distance, it is found, would be too exhaustive to the contestants.

In order to make the contest close and uncertain, some of the teams will be given a handicap. Perkins and Routh appear to be the strongest entry. The teams have been practicing hard for the run and are in condition to go the distance. The following teams will compete and be given time handicaps:

Teams.	Handicap.
Perkins and Routh	Scratch
E. Short and Brown	Scratch
Ison and White	1 min. 30 sec.
A. Short and Truitt	1 min. 40 sec.
Fitzner and Stringer	1 min. 50 sec.
Ray and Isaacs	2 min. 30 sec.
Hellen and Scalf	3 min.
Chambers and Nave	3 min. 10 sec.
Cook and Ricketts	3 min. 10 sec.

FOX RIDGE COAL

Summer Prices
EFFECTIVE FOR MAY.
25 Bu. Fox Ridge Lump $3.50
100 Bu. Fox Ridge Lump $14.00
Jellico and Pittsburg same prices as above.
Scanlon Coal Co.
Incorporated.

A BIT OF ADVICE

Before you start on a morning shopping trip look over the advertising columns of the Courier-Journal. You may find some store offering the very thing you want, and at a bargain. Watch the Courier-Journal ads if you want to get the live store news.

Down! Down! Down!
Goes OUR price. For May delivery we will sell Best Pittsburg Lump Coal, hand screened, at $3.50 per load—$14.00 per 100 bushels. Note our change in location.
Eclipse Coal Co.
Lincoln Bldg. 4th and Market. Second Floor.
PHONES 1821. WM. EVERING, Mgr.

AMUSEMENTS.

Mary Anderson Theatre SHUBERT THEATRICAL CO. DIRECTORS
TO-DAY Matinee ....2:15 Evening 8:15
THOS. W. ROSS in THE OTHER GIRL.
Prices—Evening 25c to $1.50; Mat. 25c to $1.00.

White City
Greenwood Ave. and River.
CREATORE AND HIS BAND.
Granada and His Elephant.

MATINEE To-day. Every Day. AVENUE
Prices 10c, 15c, 25c; To-night 15c, 25c, 50c.
LINCOLN J. CARTER'S SPECTACULAR PRODUCTION "DOWN MOBILE" A PRETTY STORY OF THE SUNNY SOUTH.
Next Week—Cole & Johnson.

FONTAINE FERRY PARK
OPENS SUNDAY, MAY 5.
ADMISSION FREE.

BASEBALL.
MAY 1 and 2, 3:30 p. m.
Milwaukee vs. Louisville.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

STRS. CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

LOUISVILLE and EVANSVILLE PACKET CO. For Owensboro, Evansville and way points. Steamer GLENMORE, Monday and Thursday. Steamer TARASCON, Tuesday and Friday. Steamer TELL CITY, Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m. Freight received daily. Wharfboat foot of Fourth. Both phones 495-827.
C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

LEE LINE STEAMERS

To MEMPHIS Georgia Lee leaves May 2, noon. Peters Lee leaves May 9, noon.
$9.50 One Way; $16.00 Round Trip.
$2.50 to Evansville; $2.50 to Cincinnati.
Through freight and passengers for all Ohio, Cumberland, Tennessee and Mississippi rivers north to St. Louis, south to Vicksburg; Arkansas river points to Pine Bluff. Room 201, 238 W. Main, Commercial Bldg. annex. Phones: Cumb. M. 26; Home 7610.
W. F. BRANDENBURG, A. F. and P. A.

FOR SALE.
Excellent business house; now used as a grocery doing a good business. Will sell the property for
$4,200
and the stock at invoice.
COTTAGE—5 rooms, bath, attic, furnace, electric lights; in elegant location. You cannot do any better.
$3,200
E. T. FARMER,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
445 West Jefferson.

PIANOLAS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
(Incorporated.)

TEN DAYS IN PRISON FOR AUTO SPEEDING.

Yonkers, N. Y., April 30.—William E. Dodge, of New York, son of the philanthropist, William Earl Dodge, and son-in-law of Henry T. Sloane, the millionaire carpet manufacturer, was to-day sentenced to serve a ten-days' term in prison in addition to paying a fine of $100 for automobile speeding. The sentense was imposed by City Judge Beall. Dodge had been arrested before for the same offense, on the first occasion being fined $25 and the next $50.

Well-Known Riverman Dead.

Evansville, Ind., April 30.—[Special.]—Capt. John G. Eigenmann, aged 69, one of the best known river contractors along the lower Ohio river, died here to-day from the result of an operation for carbuncle. He built some of the big dams below Pittsburg.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

STAGES OF THE RIVERS.

Louisville, Ky., April 30, 1907.

	Flood in ft.	Height, in ft.	Change, 24 hrs.	R'fall, 24 hrs.
Louisville	28	9.8	+0.3	.26
Frankfort	31	6.7	—0.1	.36
Evansville	35	20.3	+1.0	.40
Paducah	40	18.7	.....	.20
Nashville	40	10.2	+0.1	.42
Chattanooga	33	7.6	—0.1	T.
Cairo	45	28.3	+0.2	1.80
St. Louis	30	17.8	.....	.64
Memphis	33	21.5	+0.4	1.40
Helena	42	28.8	+0.7	1.86
Vicksburg	15	34.4	—0.7	T.
Shreveport	20	6.7	+0.4	.02
New Orleans	16	14.6	—0.5	...
Little Rock	23	7.5	+1.2	.66
Kansas City	21	11.9	+0.2	.76
Davenport	15	8.8	—0.2	.52

+Increase. —Decrease. T.—Trace.

Reports of the maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended April 30 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	56	.60	Memphis	56	1.48
Amarillo	52	.01	Modena	60	.00
Atlanta	78	T	Montgomery	78	T
Bismarck	60	.00	Nashville	68	44
Cairo	48	1.80	New Orleans	82	.00
Cincinnati	68	.16	New York	66	.00
Charlotte	80	.00	North Platte	54	.00
Chattanooga	76	.14	Oklahoma	50	T
Chicago	38	.60	Omaha	50	.00
Cor. Christi	62	.06	Palestine	46	.32
Davenport	50	.20	Pittsburg	70	.20
Dodge City	46	.02	San Antonio	50	.69
El Paso	76	.00	Shreveport	52	.52
Fort Smith	48	.16	St. Louis	56	.60
Galveston	74	.04	St. Paul	46	.00
Indianapolis	46	.14	Vicksburg	72	2.22
Jacksonville	80	.00	Washington	78	.00
Kansas City	48	.06	Yellowstone Park	50	.00
Little Rock	52	.54			
Marquette	36	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, April 30, 1907.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	29.80	30.10
Temperature	66	50
Dew point	61	50
Relative humidity	85	74
Wind velocity	12	13
State of weather	Cloudy	Cloudy

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

[Official.] Louisville, April 30, 1907.

Maximum temperature	77
Minimum temperature	50
Mean temperature	64
Normal	61
Departure for day	+3
Departure for month	—227
Departure since March 1	+59
Prevailing winds	South
Mean barometer	29.95
Mean relative humidity	80
Character of day	Cloudy
Total precipitation	.26
Normal	.14
Departure for day	+.12
Departure for month	—2.04
Departure since March 1	—1.01

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

City of Cincinnati, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, from and to Carrollton....Tarascon, from and to Evansville.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Louisville, Capt. Brennan, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m. ....Tell City, Capt. Howard, for Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was rising last evening, with 10 feet in the canal, 7 feet 8 inches on the falls, and 27 feet at the foot of the locks. Business good. Weather cloudy.

DRIFTWOOD.

The City of Louisville for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....The Helen Gould for Carrollton at 4 p. m....The Tell City for Evansville at 4 p. m. to-day....The Georgia Lee for Memphis, St. Louis and all way landings at noon to-morrow....The Glenmore will go to Evansville to-morrow afternoon....Several coal tows will be in from Pittsburg to-day....The City of Louisville is in to-day with a big trip. ....The W. W. O'Neil will be up to-morrow and will go back South....When Capt. Burgess gets his dam across the head of the falls completed, there will be no more boats sticking in the river at Rising Sun and Medoc bars....Capt. Harkins has sold his sectional docks at Greenville....How long is this hot and cold weather going to last?....One of the most beautiful and romantic stretches on the Ohio river is located about forty miles down the river, and is known as the "Narrows." The river is narrow, and the banks are high and covered with green foliage, and it is beautiful for miles. Excursionists on the Evansville packets admire and enjoy the picture.... The Ironton correspondent of the St. Louis Waterways Journal says: "The roustabout labor has more or less been a good deal of trouble to the packets, and more especially to the Pittsburg steamers, for the rousters don't care about making so long a trip. This tribe of river habitation can exist on a three-cent schooner and a bowl of soup, and all they care for is a few dimes in their pockets. The steamboat companies are greatly handicapped by this class of help, and it is impossible to make scheduled time. A steamboatman was saying this morning that it was a conundrum to understand, for part of the time they have more help than needed, and have to refuse several work, when all of a sudden a turn takes place, and it is impossible to get men to work. He says when a roustabout can lie out of a night on a straw pile and size up the situation as business being brisk is just the time when he doesn't want any work, only for an hour or so to get twenty or thirty cents."....The W. W. O'Neil and tow passed Cairo coming up Monday.... Capt. Jim Rees has returned to Memphis. ....The Blue Wing brought down a barge of lumber from Madison for Capt. Ed Howard....The J. B. Finley and tow passed Memphis coming up Monday.... The Sadie Lee has laid up at Memphis to repair....Business is very lively on the levee lately....A few tows of coal are leaving Pittsburg every day....The Kanawha is falling....The Goldenrod has gone on up the river, hanging out lights and making changes....The Jim Moren, Tom Dodsworth and Raymond Horner arrived from Pittsburg yesterday with tows of coal. All go back with empties. ....The Alice Brown went back to Pittsburg....The Georgie Lee is having her chimneys repaired at Cincinnati. She goes down to-morrow for Memphis.... Capt. Paris C. Brown is at French Lick Springs. He says: "There is a big run on the place."....The Duquesne left Pittsburg Monday with a tow of coal for this city....The upper Ohio is full of towboats coming with tows of coal....The Iron Age and Ed Roberts went back to Pittsburg....The dams in the Kanawha are all down....The harbor will look lively now for a few days. The arrivals of coal tows will make it so....The Ed Roberts went below with a tow of coal. ....Mrs. Elizabeth Dittmann, widow of Capt. Charles Dittmann, who was a captain and pilot on the Louisville and Cincinnati old Mail Line packets for many years, died a few days ago at Boston, aged eighty-three. She was buried at Boston. She was a venerable Christian woman, highly esteemed and known for her Christian virtues and loved by all who knew her.... All the packets had good trips in and out yesterday. Business was unusually brisk on the levee....Several towboats go South with tows of coal....Pilot Dan Kane returned from Cairo yesterday.... The Crescent put a tow through the canal yesterday for the Oakland to take South....The Fulton returned from Cairo yesterday with a tow of empties.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, April 30. — [Special.]—The fine shipping stage in the rivers promises to last for a few days more, as the rains were reported to be heavy in the Monongahela and Allegheny valleys. There was 9.4 feet at Davis Island dam to-night, and the effects of the rains were beginning to be felt by stopping the river from falling. A rise of a foot is expected. While coal shippers and packet line operators are enjoying the river conditions, the Government Engineers, who are all ready to push to completion the works on the locks and dams of this district, are held back. The towboat Jim Wood is scheduled to leave to-morrow with 4 boats and 11 barges. The Charlie Brown is due with empties to-morrow. The Charlie Jutte was the only towboat going out with a tow to-day. W. H. Crump, A. J. Schaaf and Fred Theis, of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company, are on their way to Southern ports to take care of the coal shipped out last week.

Cincinnati, April 30. — [Special.] — At 7 p. m. to-day the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 31 feet, and rising. The departures of packets to-day were: Virginia for Pittsburg, Tacoma for Pomeroy, Courier for Maysville, Lizzie Bay for Madison, and City of Louisville for Louisville. The Georgie Lee will leave for Memphis Wednesday. The Helen White arrived in this port early this morning. The City of Louisville left to-night in place of the Indiana for Louisville, after having some minor repairs made in preparation for the coming excursion season. Cloudy and cold.

Madison, Ind., April 30. — [Special.]—River 25.4 feet; rising. Light rain. The Albert M. Slack brought 7,000 cedar logs out of Kentucky river to Madison today.

Evansville, Ind., April 30. — River 20.6 feet; rising. Cloudy and cooler.

Cairo, April 30.—River 28.5 feet; rising. Cloudy and cold. Arrived: Charlotte Boeckler, lower Mississippi, 1 p. m.

St. Louis, April 30. — River 17.8 feet; stationary. Departed: Stacker Lee, Memphis. Cloudy and cold.

Memphis, April 30.—[Special.] — River 21.5 feet; a rise of four-tenths in twenty-four hours. The Peters Lee departed for Cincinnati. The Lucille Nowland departed for Arkansas river with a good trip. The S. S. Brown arrived from Vicksburg. The towboat Dolphin No. 3 arrived from St. Francis river with a tow of barges loaded with logs. The license of Capt. Frank Haytl, late of the towboat Jos. B. Williams, was suspended for fifteen days by Local Inspectors Waltz and Phillips for running his boat after her certificate of inspection had expired. Capt. John Douglas takes his place.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, April 30.—Sailed: Deutschland, Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Gera, Bremen; Ethiopia, Glasgow.

Fastnet, April 30.—Carmania, New York for Queenstown and Liverpool, 206 miles west at 4:17 p. m. Probably reach Queenstown 6:30 a. m. Wednesday.

Rotterdam, April 28.—Arrived: Petersburg, New York for Libau.

Marseilles, April 29.—Arrived: Algeria, New York.

Liverpool, April 29.—Arrived: Titian, New York for Manchester.

Moville, April 29.—Sailed: Furnessia, from Glasgow, New York.

Naples, April 25.—Arrived: Madonna, New York.

Cherbourg, April 29.—Arrived: Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York via Plymouth for Bremen and proceeded.

Antwerp, April 30.—Arrived: Finland, New York via Dover.

Palermo, April 26.—Sailed: Indiana from Genoa, New York.

Barcelona, April 26.—Sailed: Antonio Lopez, Genoa, New York.

Sable Island, April 30.—Baltic, Liverpool for New York, 764 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3:30 p. m. Will probably dock at 3:30 p. m. Thursday.

New York, April 30.—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from Bremen; Oscar II., from Copenhagen; Giulia, from Naples; Grosser Kurfurst, from Bremen.

MADDEN CASE TO COME UP FOR HEARING TO-DAY.

Cincinnati, O., April 30.—[Special.]—The case of John E. Madden, the Kentucky horseman, for modification of his wife's divorce decree so that he be relieved from payment of $250 a month alimony because she is now the wife of Louis V. Bell, a reputed millionaire and New York City Club man, was set for hearing before Judge Pfleger, to-day, but went over until to-morrow morning, as another case was still before the court.

Death of a Prominent Farmer.

Salyersville, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—J. Harlin May, a prominent farmer and timber dealer of this place, whose remains arrived here from Lexington, where he died of blood poisoning, was to-day buried in the family cemetery near his home. The funeral services were conducted in the courthouse by the orders of Odd Fellows and Maccabees, to which he belonged. Five hundred persons formed the procession which accompanied the body to its last resting place. Mr. May was forty-two years of age and belonged to one of the oldest and prominent families of Magoffin county. His widow, who was Miss Nannie Day, of Morgan county, with two daughters, survive him.

Death of Well-Known Woman.

Hickman, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—After a few days' illness, Miss Mary Rogers died at her home near Reelfoot Lake, several miles west of Hickman. Miss Rogers was well known, belonging to a prominent family of the county. She was a sister to Mrs. Dr. C. A. Holcombe, of this town. She was fifty-two years of age.

Death of Ex-Union Soldier.

Williamsburg, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—Andrew Lawson, aged sixty-nine years, one of the most highly respected citizen and an ex-Union soldier, died at his home last night at 10 o'clock. He had been in bad health for several months. He was an elder in the Christian church.

Charged With Murder.

Williamsburg, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—George Bull was placed in jail here last night charged with murder. He was arrested on Powell river in Tennessee. It is alleged he killed a man at Saxton about a year ago.

AT THE DERBY

Congressman Longworth and Wife Will Be Seen.

WILL FIRST ATTEND RACES AT LEXINGTON.

WILL COME TO LOUISVILLE IN BIG TOURING CAR

WITH DISTINGUISHED PARTY.

Lexington, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—It was authoritatively announced here today that Congressman Nicholas Longworth and his wife, who was Miss Alice Roosevelt, the President's daughter, ex-Mayor Julius Fleischman and wife and Clough Anderson, all of Cincinnati, will arrive here Saturday to attend the races. It is also said they will spend Sunday touring the Bluegrass in Mr. Fleischman's big motor car, in which Sunday evening, they will go to Louisville to attend the Derby on Monday. Monday night will be spent in Louisville, and Tuesday morning they will start back to Cincinnati in the automobile.

While in Lexington the party will be the guests at the home of D. Gray Falconer. Mr. Fleischman and Mr. Anderson will arrive here Friday in time to attend the races, coming from Cincinnati in one of Mr. Fleischman's smaller automobiles, while Saturday morning Mr. and Mrs. Longworth and Mrs. Fleischman will arrive in Mr. Fleischman's big touring motor car. After luncheon at the Falconer residence the party will atend the races, and spend Saturday night in Lexington, Sunday morning the party will visit a number of stock farms and other places of interest in this vicinity and Sunday afternoon the whole party, including Mr. and Mrs. Falconer, will proceed to Louisville inu the big motor car which seats nine persons, and will spend the night in Louisville to be ready for the great Kentucky Derby on Monday.

* * *

B. E. Brewer, a member of the senior class of the Agricultural Department of Kentucky State College, and a member of Company C, Kentucky State Guards of this city, has been notified of his appointment as a cadet to the United States Army School of Instruction at St. Thomas, Ky. The appointment was made under the provisions of the Dick bill, which provides that each State shall be allowed to appoint one member from each regiment of State guards to a cadetship in the School of Instruction. If he passes a satisfactory examination he will be given an appointment as second lieutenant in the regular army.

Mr. Brewer matriculated at State College from Williamstown, Grant county, and besides standing high in his studies, has made a brilliant record as a football player and in other branches of athletics. He will graduate in June from the scientific department of the college. Mr. Brewer received his appointment from Henry P. Lawrence, Adjutant General of Kentucky, and if he accepts he will enter the school at Fort Thomas on October 6. He is at present a sergeant in the hospital corps of Company C.

L. E. Hillenmeyer, of Kentucky State College, and W. H. Whitley and John Field, of Kentucky University, left this morning for Richmond, Va., to attend the Pi Kapper Alpha fraternity convention of the Southern Colleges, which begins at Richmond to-morrow.

CRIMINAL ASSAULT

Attempted On White Woman By Negro In Barren County.

Glasgow, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—The report of a criminal assault from Jennie, in the northwestern part of the county, has reached here. Although the assault occurred several days ago, the matter has been kept quiet in order to catch the perpetrator.

While Mrs. Will Buster was in her orchard gathering twigs for kindling a negro of that locality sprang from behind a tree with a knife in his hand, telling the frightened woman he would kill her if she made an outcry. He dealt her a blow which rendered her prostrate on the ground. Grasping the fallen woman he started toward the woods near by, dragging her along the ground. When Mrs. Buster had partially recovered from the blow she began to scream, and Turner Sturgeon, a neighbor, ran to her assistance. When he appeared on the scene the negro released his victim and fled. Mrs. Buster was badly hurt and is still in a serious condition from her injuries and the fright. A posse has been scouring the woods in that section, but up to the present no trace of the negro has been found.

BOARD OF HEALTH'S POWER

Defined In Decision of Judge Bugg At Mayfield.

Paducah, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—The State Board of Health has no authority to revoke the license of a practicing physician until that physician has been convicted in some competent court, is the gist of a decision by Circuit Judge Bugg, at Mayfield, in granting a temporary injunction restraining the State Board of Health from revoking the license of Dr. R. T. Rudd, of Fulton, accused of performing criminal operations. It is understood that the State Board will appeal the case. This is the first case under the announced policy of the board to enforce regularity on the part of practicing physicians in this State.

NOMINEE FROM FRANKLIN.

Attorney Buford Choice of Democrats For Representative.

Frankfort, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—This was the last day for candidates for the Democratic nomination for Representative from Franklin county in the lower house of the General Assembly to pay entrance fee for the primary election called, and there was but one entry. This is former County Attorney James T. Buford. He will be declared the party nominee by the Democratic Committee, which will call off the primary. The nomination in this county is equivalent to election.

LOUISVILLE FIRM

Gets Contract To Supply State With Stationery.

Frankfort, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—The State Library Commission to-day opened bids for supplying stationery to the State Departments. There were three bidders—George G. Fetter Company, C. T. Dearing Company and John P. Morton Company, of Louisville. The contract was awarded to the first-named company, it having submitted the lowest bid. The contract is for one year.

OUT OF RACE.

Dr. N. R. Fitch Quits Candidacy For Democratic Nomination.

Bowling Green, Ky., April 30.—Dr. N. R. Fitch, candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Legislature from the Twenty-third district, to-day announces his withdrawal from the race. This leaves only two candidates in the field, M. H. Sledge and Duncan Milliken. The primary will be held next Saturday.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—20-acre highly improved farm situated on pike 4½ miles (city limits) Louisville; this is the prettiest and best improved and best located garden and chicken farm around Louisville; about 250 bearing fruit trees; new 6-room frame house and all kinds outbuildings; in the very best of condition; splendid well and cistern at the door; land all level and rich garden soil; level pike all the way to city; in order to make quick deal will sell for about what the improvements cost; part cash; balance on long-time payments, 6 per cent.; title perfect and insured; might consider good city property in exchange; if you want a beautiful and cheap country home don't fail to see this little farm, as it will suit any one in beauty, location, price and soil.
WILLIAM H. STINE, Owner, 131 W. Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky. Cumb. phone, local, long-distance. Main 1140. **

FOR SALE—By C. J. CRONAN, ROOM 313 LOUISVILLE TRUST BLDG., FIFTH AND MARKET:
Residence, 3-story brick, of 11 rooms; lot 40 ft. by 460, with large slaughter house on rear, $4,700.
Building lots, Seventh and Breckinridge sts., at a bargain.
Lot, Fourth, near Hill, 47x200, $75 per ft.
Residence, 5 rooms, Madison, near Twenty-fourth st., $2,400. *

FOR SALE — $5,500 FOR EITHER OF THREE GOOD PRESSED BRICK HOMES:
1514 First, 9 rooms and stable.
108 W. Oak, 8 rooms.
105 W. Burnett, 9 rooms and stable.
Look at these houses; you cannot build them for the money. BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st. *

FOR SALE—BUSINESS PROPERTY—A valuable business block in close proximity to the corner of Fourth and Market sts.; leased for five years; can be had for a little less than $35,000. Will entertain your offer. KENTUCKY REALTY COMPANY, Incorporated, 416 W. Jefferson st. Home phone 5866. Cumb. M 603-A. *

FOR SALE OR TRADE—For a farm with house in Kentucky, between Louisville and Lexington, 4-room cottage, 904 E. Oak st., New Albany, Ind., 21 feet front by 172 feet deep; all improvements, including stable and chicken houses. Apply Cumberland phone 940, or Home phone 1138—A.*

FOR SALE—Good Germantown cottage bargain; almost new; 4-room frame; L shape; metal roof cottage; brick foundation; lot 35-150. We have tenant at $12 a month. Fruits and grapes in yard; $1,200 to settle estate. JAMES L. BROWN, 451 W. Jefferson st. **

FOR SALE—CENTRAL—Good brick of 8 rooms, Fifth, near Broadway; rents for $300; large, deep lot; $3,000. Another on Sixth, near Chestnut, 12 rooms; rent $390; price, $4,000. Nice 8-room pressed brick and stable, Walnut st., near Floyd; $5,000. BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st. *

FOR SALE—Nice chance for conservative buyer to acquire a double brick of 6 rooms each side; semi-central; owner wishes to sell immediately; rented to good tenants at $402; $2,850 is the price; get in quick. O. S. KLINE, BASYE & CO., 516 W. Jefferson. *

FOR SALE—Have you something you don't need? House, lot, debt, automobile? We may have something you like; we trade; we do things. TERRY & TICE, 823 Paul Jones. Both phones. *

FOR SALE—2, 3 or 5 acres, with forest trees, on electric line, right at Lyndon Station; it's fine; very desirable. TERRY & TICE, 823 Paul Jones. *

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

George W. Grant to George B. Wurtz, 50 feet north side of Virginia, 300 feet east of Thirty-second	$ 700, etc.
C. A. Finnegan to C. J. Murphy, 20 feet east side of Twenty-seventh, 220 feet north of Bank	1
Emma Giesel to J. C. Jackey, 20 feet south of first alley north side of Hill, 120 feet east of Ninth	1
Lucy O'Connor to William Stockhoff, 35 feet south side of Walnut, 357 feet east of Preston	2,500
Sol Lazarus, etc., to W. C. Hoefflin, 30 feet north side of Chestnut, 180 feet west of Thirty-fourth	1, etc.
James T. Short to P. H. Spencer, lot 18, block 4, Beechmont	450
Ann Finn to Maggie B. Summers, 25 feet south side of Stevens, 50 feet west of Heinsohn's lane	550, etc.
A. E. Figg to Charles Strassel, lot 9, block 2, South Louisville Land Co. subdivision	200
W. C. Hoefflin to Marks Sales, etc., 25 feet north side of Virginia, 450 feet west of Thirty-sixth	1
Alfred Franz to H. H. Gocke, 35 feet west side of Eighteenth, 220 feet south of Bolling	1
James E. Bell to Edward C. Scales, 40 feet east side of Roberta	420
Charles J. Brown to George F. Morris, 100 feet north side of Greenwood, 99 feet west of Twenty-sixth	1, etc.
McLean Davis Lumber Co. to Wood Mosaic Floor Co., 15 acres, Jefferson county	1
W. J. Hockensmith to Marks Sales, etc., 45 feet west side of Eighth, 45 feet south of Madison	2,000 etc.
William F. Comstock to Ed Schreiner, 25 feet south side of Garfield, 80 feet west of Twenty-ninth	1
F. S. Olmstead to C. M. Phillips, 32 feet south side of Alford, 498 fet west of Twenty-sixth	1
G. J. Lampton to Jeanette G. Shadburne, 30 feet southeast corner of Stratton and Twenty-first	2,200
Frank J. Gosnell to Cecelia E. Borst, 30 feet east side of Shelby, lot in Maupin's subdivision	1
H. H. Gocke to Melvina Franz, 35 feet west side of Eighteenth, 220 feet south of Bolling	1
J. R. Dorsey to W. F. Hockensmith, 65 feet east side of Twenty-ninth, 260 feet north of Walnut	1
Anton Wagner to Charles Laufer, 23 feet south side of Main, 147 feet west of Twenty-second	1
Julius Wanner to C. K. Crawford, 23¾ feet northwest side of Hamilton, 313 feet southwest of Baxter	650
Julius Wanner to C. K. Crawford, 24 feet northwest side of Hamilton, 289 feet southwest of Baxter	600, etc.
C. K. Crawford to Julius Wanner, 90 feet west side of Eighteenth, 100 feet south of Foree	1,050, etc
Julius Wanner to C. K. Crawford, 20¼ feet northwest side of Hamilton, 337 feet southwest of Baxter	600, etc.

Death of An Aged Man.

Evansville, Ind., April 30.—[Special.] Daniel Donavan, aged 65, who fell from a street car yesterday, fracturing his skull, died from his injuries to-day.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—
WEEKLY REDUCTION SALE
SECOND-HAND AUTOMOBILES.
These choice second-hand cars are now advertised at the lowest prices ever made for cars in good condition, but we must convert them into cash, and they will be still further
REDUCED 5 PER CENT. EACH SATURDAY
at noon, until a final limit price is reached, unless sold in the meantime.
THEY ARE ALL GREAT BARGAINS NOW.
If you wait too long for reductions they will be sold to some one more prompt and fortunate.

	Price this week.	Final limit.
Northern runabout	$193	$150
Eldridge runabout (2-cylinder)	193	150
Pope-Toledo touring car	343	300
Haynes runabout (2-cylinder)	301	250
Haynes touring car	558	500
Knox touring car	558	525
Knox runabout (2-cylinder)	515	450
Waverley Electric (new bat.)	459	400

These are in best condition, having been overhauled in our own shop.
KENTUCKY AUTO CO. (Incorporated). 1049 Third st. *

FOR SALE—
DISTILLERY
SLOP.
STITZEL DISTILLING CO.,
STORY AVE. AND BUCHANAN ST.*

FOR SALE—Dry goods; stock and fixtures; to settle estate of Mrs. L. Thameling, Clay and Breckinridge sts. For information apply to G. JANSEN, Twenty-first and Bank sts., or A. JANSEN, Twenty-sixth and Cedar sts. *

FOR SALE—The LOUISVILLE HORSE and MULE MARKET, will sell at Public Auction, Saturday, May 4, at 10 a. m., 35 head of horses and mules, belonging to J. T. Spear Construction Co. This stock will be sold regardless of price. 125 East Market. **

FOR SALE — Grocery, meat, vegetable and milk dairy stand; a rare chance; old stand, with good run of trade. Will invoice or lump sale. Owner wishes to retire; has other business. Low rent. Address G 48, this office. *

FOR SALE—Fancy surreys, traps, runabouts and stanhopes; come at once and get a bargain; we must sell quick, as we need the room. Central Stables, Second and Guthrie. FRANK J. SCHUSTER. *

FOR SALE—Saloon, restaurant and hotel fixtures of Braun's hotel and restaurant; only restaurant in city. Address JOHN BRAUN, Owensboro, Ky. *

FOR SALE—Carload of horses belonging to James Tinsley, of Mauckport, Ind., will be sold privately this week. 123 East Market. Home phone 5659. **

FOR SALE AND HIRE—Horses and mules; also first-class livery. 316 Twelfth st. Home phone 5220. Cumb. Main 895—A. *

FOR SALE—MAHOGANY BEDROOM SET; very handsome; fine condition; bargain if sold to-day. SUTCLIFFE, 1933 First st. *

FOR SALE—50 slightly used BICYCLES, $10, $12.50, $15, $17.50. SMITH BICYCLE CO. Home phone 5614. *

FOR SALE—4 sound work horses, cheap. Green Alley Stables, 2008 W. Jefferson. *

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third st. *

FOR SALE—12 horses and mules; cheap. At Bourbon Stockyard Stable. **

FOR SALE—2 good horses, cheap. 809 Stone st., near New Main. **

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; 10 days' trial free. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main. *

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE — On railroad and canal, near Eighteenth st.; lots for coal or lumber yard, or small factory; above highest floods. ROWAN BUCHANAN, 518 W. Jefferson st., 2d floor. *

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT — TWO FLATS — 5 and 6 rooms, 1458 Second st.; nice, large rooms; large, shady yard; all in perfect repair; $35 for either; screens and water furnished; stable with lower flat.
BRICK DWELLINGS.
108 W. Oak, 8 rooms, $38.
1514 First st., 9 rooms, $45.
1833 Third st., 9 rooms, $55.
1803 Third st., 12 rooms, $66.66.
BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st. *

FOR RENT — Partly furnished, new 7-room residence on Pewee Valley electric line, with 6 acres, garden, fruit and shade; for the summer or by the year; rent very reasonable. KENTUCKY REALTY COMPANY, Incorporated, 416 W. Jefferson st. *

FOR RENT—211 Galt ave., new house, 8 rooms; all conveniences and furnace. Apply at 114 Galt ave., Crescent Hill. GEO. H. FISHER & CO., Agents, 432 W. Jefferson. *

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Modern 4-room flat, first floor; separate entrance. 1901 Barret ave. J. I. BOONE, 255 Fifth st. **

FOR RENT — 5-room flat. CENTRAL APARTMENT, flat 4. Phone 4621 Home.*

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—One-room in Pirtle apartments, 917 Second st., third flat. *

FOR RENT—First-class furnished room. 733 Third st. Phone 4621. *

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT — Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 817 Fourth avenue, just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building, and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. For further information apply on the premises or telephone South 1308. *

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Lady's gold-filled watch, Hampden movement, on interurban car, between New Albany and Louisville, or on Green between Third and Fifth. Return to V. LORCH and receive reward. *

LOST—On Chestnut, between Fourth and Fifth, locket, monogram P. G. W.; picture inside; return to 305 Guthrie Coke and receive reward. *

LOST—Scotch collie; answers to name Mugs; liberal reward. Return to 2009 Baxter ave. *

STRAYED.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

STRAYED—Bulldog; dark body, white on face and chest. Reward if returned to MILTON SMITH, 1240 Fourth ave. *

MOVING AND PACKING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

RAPLEE MOVING CO., 416 W. Jefferson, expert PACKERS and MOVERS of household goods and PIANOS. Home 3445 or Cumb. Main 1874—A.*

WINTERSMITH'S TONIC TONES.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—FURNISHED FLAT by refined married couple for a month; must be complete for housekeeping and in good neighborhood; from 4 to 6 rooms, including bath; references exchanged. Address Z Z 6, Times office. **

WANTED—Beginning Monday, May 6, a second-story front room, with good board and bath, for a married couple; must be reasonable. Address at once to J. L. MAYER, care General Delivery, post-office, city. *

WANTED — Second-hand furniture and carpets; highest price paid for feathers. J. COHEN, phone 7927, 259 E. Market. *

WANTED—Students to learn telegraphy. Louisville School of Telegraphy, 3d floor, cor. Fifth and Market, 307 Fifth st. *

WANTED—Board in the country, near Anchorage, for couple with two children. Address F 160, this office. **

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd. *

WANTED—Board in the country, accessible to town, for family of 4 women. Address 1211 First st. *

WANTED—To buy old BICYCLES. SMITH BICYCLE CO. Home phone 5614*

WANTED—Bicycles. LIPSKI'S, 104 W. Mkt. *

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—We have openings now on hand for traveling salesmen in following lines: 2 wholesale groceries, $150 and $200; hardware, $125; grocer's specialties, $75 to $125; agricultural implements, $125; patent medicines, 5 men, $75 to $175; axle grease and oils, $100; hardware specialties, $125; packing house, $75 to $100; cakes and crackers, $75 to $100; drug specialties, $175; pharmaceuticals, $125; candy and confections, $100; commercial printing, $125; clothing, $125; cigars, $100; canned goods, $100; baking powder, $100; buggies and wagons, $125; flour, $100; many other lines now open and waiting, particulars of which we will send on request. Also have openings for high-class clerical and executive men, managers, etc.; manager for real estate business, $3,000; candy factory; electric light plant; wholesale grain business; lumber yard; preserving plant; grocery store; dry goods store; assistant bank cashiers and tellers; bookkeepers; accountants, male stenographers; assistant bookkeepers; bill and entry clerks; shipping clerks; collectors; pay roll and voucher clerks; furniture salesmen. If you will give full particulars regarding kind of position wanted we will write full details. The success of our business is not an accident, but the inevitable result of our adopted policy of always rendering first-class service. No ladies handled—men only. SOUTHWESTERN REFERENCE AND BONDING CO., 825 Wilson bldg., Dallas, Texas. *

WANTED—2 more salesmen. Good proposition with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson. *

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—High school boys and girls, office men, men in factories, to sell Sterling collars; easy work; no investment; $3 to $5 per week can be earned from the start; permanent employment to right parties; will not interfere with present position. For particulars inquire afternoons this week. Employment department HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO., 414-22 W. Market st. *

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky. *

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE—Male cooks, waiters, men with wives, clerks, porters, drivers, mechanics, tradesmen, laborers, farmers, gardeners, dairymen, teachers, families, etc., get work at the true office. LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third ave. *

WANTED—First-class book and job linotype operator; also first-class head proofreader; $21 per week or better, according to ability; nonunion; references required. DEMOCRAT PRINT AND LITHO. CO., Little Rock, Ark. *

WANTED—3 good hustling boys to carry afternoon routes on The Times in central part of city. Apply Room 6, 2d floor, Courier-Journal office bldg., 515 Fourth ave., circulation dept. Times. *

WANTED—GO TO SEA! If you are between 17 and 25 years of age, or a mechanic under 35, call at the Recruiting Office in the Federal building, and investigate positions in the navy. *

WANTED—At Long Run, Ky., 15 teamsters and scraper-holders on Louisville and Eastern R. R.; money any time; wages $2 per day. WM. M'CARTY, contractor. *

WANTED—Man to drive laundry wagon; German preferred; must be sober and steady worker. Apply AMERICAN LAUNDRY CO., 1000 Story ave. *

WANTED—Young man with good education; excellent chance for promotion, with large manufacturing concern. Address C 155, this office. *

WANTED—30 laborers and 20 car builders. CONTINENTAL CAR AND EQUIPMENT CO., Highland Park, Ky. Cumberland South 1019—A. *

WANTED—Boys to serve as messengers; good hustlers can make $1.50 per day. Apply at WESTERN UNION TEL. CO., Third and Main sts. *

WANTED—Carpet layer; first-class; good salary and steady work to right party; call between 8 and 9 a. m., carpet dept., J. BACON & SONS. *

WANTED—Young man for delivery work; one who can drive preferred. WILLIAMS' MESSENGER CO., 419 W. Walnut.*

WANTED—Men at KENTUCKY WAGON MFG. CO., Third and K; steady work for the right men. *

WANTED—Competent coachman, houseman; references required. Apply at 1629 Fourth ave. *

WANTED—50 laborers. AMERICAN STEEL AND WIRE CO., Clay and Fulton sts. *

WANTED—Spoke turners. MUNCIE WHEEL AND JOBBING CO., Muncie, Ind. *

WANTED—Boy. Apply at PARISIAN CORSET STORE, Paul Jones bldg. **

WANTED—Drug clerk; registered in Ky. Apply Box 146, Bardwell, Ky. *

WANTED—Harnessmaker at J. SCHNEIDER'S, 224 E. Market st. *

WANTED—Barber at Louisville Hotel. *

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Dressmaker by dry goods store, catering to the best trade, in a live Southwestern city of 30,000 population; offers a splendid opportunity to a first-class dressmaker; must be capable of managing 15 or more assistants. Address with references, BOSTON STORE, Fort Smith, Ark. *

WANTED—1,000 NICE GIRLS—All good of womankind get places with the best citizens free of charge. LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third ave. Fine cooks, nurses, maids, housekeepers, etc. Very excellent ones get high wages.*

WANTED—Lady stenographer and assistant bookkeeper; must thoroughly understand bookkeeping and write good business hand; salary $30 per month. Address X 152, this office. *

WANTED—Girl to answer telephone; wages to commence $4; give experience. Apply X 96, this office. *

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—Steady, experienced man; good penman; wants work on books or other clerical employment; modest salary; best of references. Address X 51, this office. *

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$475,000 or any part for investment in bonds and other preferential securities; applications received from principals and authorized brokers. Jno. L. Clarkeson, 100 Broadway, New York. *

WANTED—Two men with $5,000 each; engage in money-making manufacturing business; money doubled twelve months; guaranteed. 316 Louisville Trust building. *

STOCK companies incorporated; if you have stocks or bonds for sale, let me try to sell them for you. GEORGE M. KELLOGG, Broker, 540 Ellicott Square, Buffalo. *

FOR SALE — Lease on good paying medium - priced hotel at West Baden Springs. Address Lock Box No. 8, West Baden, Ind. *

WANTED—Honest, middle-aged man take charge office with $1,250; guarantee $150 month. 316 Louisville Trust bldg. *

WILL pay spot cash timber lands, saw and shingle mills. 316 Louisville Trust bldg. *

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

We make loans on HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS OR ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE.
We offer all of the inducements advertised in this paper and GUARANTEE YOU FAIR, HONEST TREATMENT AND A SQUARE DEAL.
UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., 413 W. Market st., second oor. Call Home 1516 for our agent.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY? If you are Patronize the "OLD RELIABLE" KENTUCKY LOAN CO.
All we ask is that you give us an opportunity to compare our rates and methods of doing business with that of other companies.
423 Fourth, cor. Green. Over jewelry store. Call, write or phone 2495.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, AND SALARY. LOWEST RATES. EASIEST PAYMENTS. 502 FOURTH ST., OVER KIRBY'S 10c STORE.

$5.00 TO $200.
WE LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., Without Removal.
LONGEST TIME——LOWEST RATES.
Easy Payments—Strictly Private.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names, without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 60 principal cities; save yourself money by getting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg.

MONEY FOR HIRE.
Use our money; it will cost less.
From the oldest, biggest and best.
Loans on furniture. Loans on salary.
FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
Entrance 407 Fourth ave., cor. Jefferson.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—MME. BABEY'S NEW CURTAIN LAUNDRY, formerly 625 Second; hand work exclusively; family washing and ironing. Both phones 2631.*

PERSONAL—PAST, PRESENT and FUTURE revealed by Prof. H. W. West, the noted Psychic Palmist, permanently located 510 W. Chestnut. Fee 50c and $1.

PERSONAL—Massage and baths MISS McCLELLAN, 634 4th Tel. Main 3539. *

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Furnished room, with board. Best of references. 1114 Second st. *

BOARDING—Elegant rooms, with unexcelled table board. 1027 Fourth ave. *

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office corner Main and Fourth streets. Both 'Phones 258.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday, S, Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.
This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati	* 3:15am	a* 2:25am
Cincinnati	a* 8:50am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:50pm
Cincinnati	x a* 5:05pm	xa*11:40am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:30pm	* 8:40am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:10pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:00pm	†10:00am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:00pm	* 7:50am
Knoxville Mail	* 8:10am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 7:25am	xa †12:20pm
Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 2:00pm	xa † 6:00pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:20pm	† 7:40am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 6:20am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:00pm	†10:00am

Sunday Trains.

Frankfort and Lexington	xa 6:00pm	xa 10:25am
Bowling Green Accommo.	6:10pm	10:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:00pm	9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:30pm	10:00am

From First and Water-Street Station.

Cincinnati and East	....	† 7:45pm
Frankfort Accommodation	† 3:50pm	† 8:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:00pm	* 8:20am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	† 8:00am	† 5:35pm
La Grange Accommodation	† 5:40pm	† 7:[illegible]

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 2:45 a. m. train to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Knoxville and Bristol, and on the 9:30 p. m. train to Memphis and New Orleans.

SUBURBAN LINES TIME TABLES—In effect April 27, 1907.
Pewee Valley Line ....To Beard, Ky.
From Fifth and Green—First car leaves 6 a. m. Every half hour thereafter until 7 p. m.; then on the hour.
Prospect Division—Cars leave for Prospect at 5:36 a. m. and on the hour and half hour thereafter from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m., daily; last car Sunday at 10 p. m. Extra cars on Saturday night at 10 and 11 and on Monday night at 11 o'clock. Cars leave Prospect for Louisville at 6:20 a. m. and ten minutes before and twenty minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:50 a. m. and 9:50 p. m., daily. Last car Sunday night at 10:50. Extra cars Saturday night at 10:50 and 11:50 and Monday night at 11:50.
Jeffersontown Division—Cars for Jeffersontown leave Baxter and Highland avenues at 5:15 a. m. daily, and thereafter leave Terminal Station at 6 and 7 a. m., and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 9:15 p. m. Last car Sunday night at 10:15 and Saturday night at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 6 and 7 a. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m., and at 11:15 Sunday night and 12:15 Saturday night, to Highland ave. only.
Salt River Division—Cars leave for Orell forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 4:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. daily. Last car leaves for Orell at 9 p. m., daily except Saturday, when last car leaves at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville forty-five minutes after each hour, between the hours of 5:45 a. m. and 8:45 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell at 10 p. m., daily except Saturday, when it leaves at 12 midnight.
Okolona Division—Cars leave for Okolona thirty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m., daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m., daily. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Okolona at 9:45 p. m. daily.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office 234 Fourth avenue.
N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed.
7:30 a. m. daily—Evansville Express—Evansville, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and way stations.
10 a. m. daily—St. Louis Special—Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.
5 p. m. daily—Evansville Limited—Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville and way stations.
10:15 p. m. daily—St. Louis Limited—Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.
Trains from St. Louis arrive 7:10 a. m. and 6:10 p. m. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive 12:35 p. m., 6:10 p. m. and 10:58 p. m. daily.
TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.
Trains leave Fourth avenue crossing twenty minutes later.
6:30 a. m. daily—Local for Lexington and way stations.
7:50 a. m. daily—Florida Limited—Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Southeast and Florida.
4:25 p. m. daily—Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.
7:45 p. m.—Florida Special—Lawrenceburg, Danville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Atlanta and Southeast.
Trains from Lexington and local stations arrive 9:40 a. m., 6:25 p. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from Danville arrive 9:40 a. m., 11:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and river. City ticket office, Fourth and Market. Effective Sunday, Dec. 2, 1906:

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:50pm
Central City Accom.	4:30pm	10:00am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:50pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	4:30pm	10:00am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:50pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through car Tuesdays & Fridays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

SUBURBAN LINES TIME TABLES—In effect July 1, 1906:
Pewee Valley Line..............To Beard, Ky.
From Fifth and Green—First car leaves 6 a. m. Every half hour thereafter until 7 p. m.; then on the hour.
Prospect Division—Cars for Prospect leave the terminal station at 5:30 a. m. and six minutes after the hour thereafter.
Jeffersontown Division—First car leaves East End barn for Jeffersontown at 5:20 a. m. Leaves terminal station at 6 and 7 a. m. and 15 minutes after each hour thereafter.
Salt River Division—First car leaves terminal station at 4:55 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour thereafter.
Okolona Division—First car leaves terminal station for Okolona at 5:30 a. m. and 30 minutes after each hour thereafter.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

	East.		West.
Lv. Louisville (Sou. Ry.)	7:50am	Arr.	9:00pm
Lv. Versailles (L. & A.)	12:00m	Arr.	5:50pm
Lv. Nicholasville	12:45pm	Arr.	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond	1:40pm	Arr.	3:50pm
Lv. Irvine	2:50pm	Arr.	2:40pm
Arr. Beattyville	4:30pm	Lv.	1:00pm

All trains daily except Sunday.

FREE TRIP TO LOUISVILLE

MAY 6 to 18 Both Inclusive MAY 6 to 18

In order to put out-of-town people upon the same basis with Louisville people for shopping in Louisville the Retail Merchants' Association, composed of the leading stores in every line, will rebate railroad and boat fares between dates above on these conditions:

The rebate is made on a basis of one and one-third fare for the round trip for 100 miles; rebate books are issued by all of the merchants members of the association; the total amount of purchases from all the association stores is counted. For further particulars address

J. V. BECKMANN, Manager.

SPRING RACES and Many Other Attractions During This Period.

At no time of the season is shopping more advantageous than during this period. All stocks are in the height of their completeness, and many special sale inducements are then on. Every line is fully represented by members of this association.

RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

MEMBERS

THE ARONSON COMPANY, 354 Fourth Avenue.
THE ART COMPANY, 519 Fourth Avenue.
J. BACON & SONS, 332 West Market Street.
D. H. BALDWIN & CO., 529-531 Fourth Avenue.
R. BAUDE, 306 West Market Street.
BESTEN & LANGEN, 538-540 Fourth Avenue.
THE BIG STORE, 424-434 West Market Street.
BOSTON SHOE COMPANY, 553 Fourth Ave. and 534 Fourth Ave.
BYCK SHOE COMPANY, 338 Fourth Avenue.
CRUTCHER & STARKS, Fourth Ave. and Jefferson St.
J. DOLFINGER & CO., 584 Fourth Avenue.
T. B. DUNCAN & SONS, 517 to 521 Third Avenue.
ECLIPSE COAL COMPANY, 339 West Market St.
GEO. G. FETTER COMPANY, 424 W. Main Street.
GEHER & SONS, 217 West Market Street.
JAMES GREENE, 527 E. Market St.
GREENSTEIN'S, Market St., bet. Second and Third.
H. J. GUTMAN & CO., 521 Fourth Avenue.
J. S. HILTON, 413 Fourth Avenue.
HARTMAN FURNITURE CO., 436 West Market Street.
HUBBUCH BROS., 524-528 West Market Street.
HUSCH BROS., 324 Fourth Avenue.
JONES & MILLER CO., 316 West Market Street.
KAUFMAN-STRAUS COMPANY, 543-549 Fourth Avenue.
FRED W. KEISKER & SON, 586 Fourth Avenue.
WM. KENDRICK'S SONS, 336 Fourth Avenue.
JAS. K. LEMON & SONS, 511 Fourth Avenue.

MEMBERS

LEVY BROS., Third Ave. and Market St.
JOHN C. LEWIS COMPANY, 558-574 Fourth Avenue.
LOEVENHART & CO., Third Ave. and Market St.
LORCH & LEVI CO., 318 Fourth Avenue.
MAMMOTH GROCERY COMPANY, Second and Jefferson Streets.
W. H. M'KNIGHT, SONS & CO., Fourth Ave. and Walnut St.
MONTENEGRO-RIEHM MUSIC CO., 628-630 Fourth Avenue.
NORMAN & TAYLOR, 620 Fourth Avenue.
OFFICE SUPPLY COMPANY, 438 West Main Street.
RAAB & BOHMER, 223 West Market Street.
E. G. REIMERS, 1516 Baxter Avenue.
RHODES-BURFORD FURNITURE CO., 628-630 West Market Street.
ROCHE & ROCHE, Paul Jones Building.
RODGERS & KRULL, Fourth Ave. and Green St.
SCHUPP & SCHMIDT MFG. CO., 421-423 West Market Street.
SPENCER HAT COMPANY, 415 Fourth Avenue.
STARR DRY GOODS CO., 523 Fourth Avenue.
STEWART DRY GOODS CO., Fourth Ave. and Walnut St.
HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO., 414-422 West Market Street.
THALHEIMER & FRANK, 321 Fourth Avenue.
THE HUB, 202 West Market Street.
GEO. WOLF & CO., 528 Fourth Avenue.
LOUIS ZAPP & CO., 324 West Market Street.
HAYS CLOAK AND SUIT CO., Fourth Ave. and Jefferson St.
AUG. R. BAUMER, Masonic Temple Bldg.

OUSTER SUIT.

Another Action Against the Standard In Ohio.

STATE WOULD NOT SUFFER IF TRUST IS BANISHED.

MOTIONS OVERRULED TO QUASH PRESENT INDICTMENTS.

LEGAL ISSUES INVOLVED.

Findlay, O., April 30.—George H. Phelps this afternoon filed a suit against the Standard Oil Company, its subsidiary companies, and directors, asking that they be enjoined from doing business in the state of Ohio, and claiming they are operating against the provisions of the Valentine anti-trust law. Mr. Phelps, in a journal entry filed later, stated he and the people he represented were ready to furnish a bond in the sum of $100,000 that the people of Ohio, would not want for the necessary oil products should the companies be ousted as prayed.

Circuit Judge Duncan late this afternoon overruled the motions to quash the indictments against the Standard Oil Company and its constituent companies, but sustained demurrers to the indictments found by the grand jury in January, 1907. Judge Duncan stated he would be ready to hear the first trial the week beginning May 13. Prosecutor David will endeavor in the meantime to obtain a ruling from the Supreme Court on some of the legal issues involved.

ERIE EARNINGS.

Expending Portion For Improvements and Will Continue Policy.

New York, April 30.—The Erie railroad earnings, according to a statement issued to-day, continue to increase.

"For the year ended June 30, 1906," the statement says, "the gross reached $50,000,000 and the net $14,667,000, of which $9,650,000 were paid out for interest and rentals, $1,926,000 were expended for improvements, $2,555,000 as dividends on first and second preferred stock, leaving a balance to profit and loss of $534,000. For the nine months this year the gross has increased $1,582,000 and the net $63,541. The cost of operation was largely increased by the severe winter and a general wage advance. The weather conditions were bad in February and March. In February, 1906, but $1,500 was spent in removing snow and ice, while in February, 1907, the cost was $55,000.

"The earnings for April will probably be $700,000, or $300,000 in excess of the same month of the previous year, as there was a suspension of mining in the anthracite region at this time last year.

"Thus far this year the company has expended on improvements out of earnings $1,325,000 and is continuing this policy."

New Sawmill and Stave Plant.

Hickman, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—Nearly all the material is here and work has begun on the new sawmill and stave factory, which the Mengel Company, of Louisville, will put here. Their factory on this site burned several weeks ago. This factory will be much larger than the former one and will add much to the town's industries. The sawmill will be a new addition.

A SEVERE DROUTH STARTS AT BRISTOL.

Bristol, Tenn., April 30.—[Special.]—In accordance with the result of the local option election, April 23, twelve saloons in Bristol, Va., closed doors permanently at 10 o'clock to-night. At that hour the red lights were extinguished. Bristol, Tenn., saloons must do likewise November 1.

Apoplexy Proves Fatal.

Parkersburg, W. Va., April 30.—The Rev. J. D. Simmons, of this city, editor of the Baptist Banner, who was stricken with apoplexy while at Buckhannon on Sunday, died to-day. He was one of the best-known ministers in West Virginia. The funeral will occur Wednesday at Buckhannon, W. Va.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Tuesday Evening, April 30.—Call money remained easy in New York to-day and time funds continued to relax for the short periods. Business was quiet in the local market. Rates for credit were quoted at 6 per cent., with a fair demand.

Exchange on New York was quoted at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,961,904
Balance	278,986
Month's clearing	56,030,981
Corresponding month last year	52,248,866

There was a fair demand for Louisville Traction common in the local market to-day. It sold at the Stock Exchange in two lots of fourteen and thirteen shares at 106½ and closed at 106 bid for thirteen shares, with a round lot offering at 106¼. Northern Texas Electric common, West Penn common and Chattanooga preferred were a shade stronger. Rochester Railway and Light 5s were wanted at an advance of ¼. The rest of the list was very quiet. In the outside list St. Louis United Railways common and Kansas City common were unchanged.

At the Stock Exchange for $2,000 Louisville Railway 5s 106 and interest was bid. Rochester Railway and Light 5s were 98½ and interest bid for $2,000 and $1,000 offered at 99. For $1,000 L., H. and St. L. 5s 106¼ and interest was bid. Louisville Home Telephone 5s were 77 and interest bid and 79½ asked for $2,000. Columbia Trust was 132 bid for twelve shares and five offered at 130½. Ten shares of Avery preferred were offered at 102. Ten shares of Bourbon Stock Yards were offered at 98. One hundred shares of Peoria Light common were offered at 45. For ten shares of Chattanooga preferred 77¼ was bid. East St. Louis and Suburban preferred was 80 bid and 81 asked for twenty-five shares. Louisville Traction common opened at 105½ bid for eleven shares, then 105¾, fourteen sold at 106½ and thirteen at 106½, 106½ bid for five, one hundred offered at 106¾ and 106 bid for thirteen. Northern Texas Electric common was 39½ bid and 40¾ asked for twenty-five shares. For twenty-five shares of Rochester Railway and Light 89 was bid. Twenty shares of Savannah common were offered at 19. Fifty shares of Springfield were offered at 75¾. West Penn Railways common was 34½ bid and 36½ asked for twenty-five shares.

St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 33 bid and 34¾ asked; the preferred at 70 to 70⅝ and the 4s at 81⅛ to 81¼. Kansas City Railway and Light common closed in Chicago at 52 to 54. United Railways Investment common sold in New York at 38 and 37, closed at 36 bid, 37 asked. The preferred closed at 56 to 57 and Detroit at 71 to 71½. Subway closed at 17⅜ to 17¾. Giroux at 8⅜ to 9 and Crucible Steel common at 9¼ to 9⅝. West Penn common was offered in Pittsburg at 35. New Orleans common sold in New Orleans at 23¾ and was quoted at 23⅞ to 24. The preferred was 72½ to 73 and the 4½s 84¼ to 85.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities on the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s.	88¾	89
Chattanooga Railway 5s	99	100
City 4s, 1910	*100	101
City 5s, old L., 1911	*104	105
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	*102½	102¾
City 4s, Mun., 1928	*103½	104
City 4s, Parks, 1936	...	...
City 4s, refunding, 1937	*103½	104½
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	*96	98½
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	*96	98½
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	*96	98½
City 3s, sewer and parks, 1941	*80½	81
Dallas Electric 5s	...	*97½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s.	*98	99¼
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	*70	82
Houston Electric 5s	...	*99
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	*94¼	94¾
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*106	106½
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	*103	104½
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	*77	79½
L., H. and St. L. first mor. 5s	*106¼	107
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	*95¾	96¼
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	...	*100
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s.	83½	85
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	...	*99
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	*94	...
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	*95
Peoria Light Co. 5s	...	*95
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*98½	99
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*93¾	94¾
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s.	*99½	101
Seattle Electric Ry. 5s	*104¾	107
Savannah Electric 5s	...	*99
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s.	*99	100
West Penn Rys. 5s	...	*100

*Sells with interest.

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	...	†146½
Bank of Commerce	...	191½
B. F. Avery & Sons com.	100	102
B. F. Avery & Sons pref.	...	102
Birmingham Ry. and Light com.	97½	98¾
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref.	102¾	104¼
Bourbon Stock Yards	...	98
Citizens' National Bank	210½	220
Columbia Trust Co.	132	†130½
Central Home Telephone	12	16½
Chattanooga Railway com.	35	40
Chattanooga Railway pref.	77¼	80
Col'bus, Delaware & Marion Ry.	...	43
Dallas Electric com.	35	45
Dallas Electric pref.	...	75
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	50½	51
E. St. Louis and Suburban pref.	80	81
Evansville Light com.	45	46½
Evansville Light pref.	87	89½
First National Bank	...	158
Fayette Home Telephone	27	28½
Federal Chemical com.	50	55
Federal Chemical pref.	...	†100
Fidelity Trust Co.	...	358
German Bank	385	...
German Insurance Bank	385	425
German Security Bank	174	176½
Grand Rapids Ry. com.	...	74
Grand Rapids Ry. pref.	...	84¼
Houston Electric com.	...	45½
Houston Electric pref.	...	97½
Kentucky Wagon Works	147	153
Knoxville Ry. and Light com.	54	57½
Knoxville Ry. and Light pref.	95	97
Louisville and Eastern com.	20¾	†22
Louisville and Eastern pref.	71¾	75
Louisville National Banking Co.	148	149
Louisville Title Co.	99	100
Louisville Bridge stock	140	144
Louisville Gas stock	125	130
Louisville Heating com.	50	57
Louisville Heating pref.	86	88
Louisville Home Telephone	42	48
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com.	60	65
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref.	†120	126
Louisville Traction com.	106	106¼
Louisville Traction pref.	115	116
Lexington and Interurban Rys.	...	15
Louisville Trust Co.	170	185
Mayfield Woolen Mills com.	...	...
Mayfield Woolen Mills pref.	...	103
Michigan Light com.	...	84¾
Michigan Light pref.	...	101
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage.	95	98
Memphis St. Ry. com.	68	75
Memphis St. Ry. pref.	80	82½
National Bank of Kentucky	197¾	199¼
Nashville Ry. and Light com.	36	40
Nashville Ry. and Light pref.	75	78
New Albany St. Ry. pref.	85	...
New Galt House com.	40	46
New Galt House pref.	95	†98
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	23	24½
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref.	70	71½
Northern Texas Electric com.	39½	40¾
Northern Texas Electric pref.	80	82½
Norfolk Ry. and Light	17	...
Paducah Trac. and Light com.	19½	22
Paducah Trac. and Light pref.	...	75
Peoria Light com.	...	45
Peoria Light pref.	...	90¼
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	89	92
Rochester Railway pref.	†97	98¼
Rehm-Zeiher Co. pref.	100	...
Springfield Ry. and Light	...	75¾
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com.	40	45
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref.	...	88
Southern National Bank	...	148
Stock Yards Bank	125	127
Seelbach Realty com.	...	90
Seelbach Realty pref.	...	...
Seattle Electric com.	85	88
Seattle Electric pref.	101	103
Savannah Electric com.	...	19
Savannah Electric pref.	87	87¾
Third National Bank	108	100
Turner, Day & Woolworth com.	...	108¼
Turner, Day & Woolworth pref.	121	125
Toledo Railways and Light	25	26
Union National Bank	229	232
United States Trust Co.	...	130
United Railways Invest. com.	37½	40
United Railways Invest. pref.	60¾	63
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon	57	60
Western National Bank	85	90
West Penn Rys. com.	34½	36½
West Penn Rys. pref.	72	75

†Less than ten shares.

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following were the sales at to-day's session of the Stock Exchange:

14 shares Louisville Traction com. ... 106½
13 shares Louisville Traction com. ... 106½

Earnings of the Kansas City Railway and Light Company during March show a handsome gain over the corresponding month of last year. They were at the rate of 3 2-5 per cent. on the common stock, as against 1 3-5. For the ten months ending with March earnings were at the rate of 6 1-5 per cent. on the common, as against 4 3-5. The company should show close to 6½ per cent. on the common at the end of the fiscal year, May 31, and this is considered by many amply sufficient to justify the inauguration of dividends on the common. The statement follows:

-March—	1907.	1906.	Inc.
Gross earnings	$474,464	$407,630	$66,834
Operating expenses	258,893	219,230	39,663
Net earnings	$215,571	$188,400	$27,171
Taxes and interest	152,052	135,907	16,145
Surplus	$63,519	$52,493	$11,026
Ten months ending March 31:	1907.	1906.	Increase.
Gross earnings	$4,753,616	$4,265,750	$487,866
Operating expenses	2,385,948	2,123,153	262,795
Net earnings	$2,367,668	$2,142,597	$225,071
Taxes and interest	1,464,064	1,365,062	99,002
Surplus	$903,604	$777,535	$126,069

The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company has issued its annual report for the year ended December 31, 1906. The company has changed its method of accouting and the following comparative figures are taken from previous published reports and the items classified so that all periods indicated are figured on the same accounting basis.

Income account:

Gross sales and earnings	$13,263,970	$10,951,979
Exp., repairs and maint.	10,512,810	8,467,839
Net	$2,753,160	$2,484,140
Deprec., renewals & repl.	770,677	625,090
Balance	$1,982,483	$1,859,050
*Charges	895,145	830,765
Surplus	$1,087,338	$1,028,285
Dividends	960,456	921,902
Balance	$126,882	$106,383

*Less "other income," which in 1906 amounted to $52,829.

The gross sales for the past three years and store business, representing twenty-four stores, shows the following favorable increases:

	1906.	1905.	1904.
Gross sales	$13,008,453	$10,837,672	$8,920,932
Store business	1,631,648	1,476,481	1,350,810

The physical condition of the mills during the past year has been improved by liberal expenditures. While a general rehabilitation of old equipment has been taken care of by liberal maintenance, the Executive Committee has realized the necessity of increased steel and rail productive capacity, and have authorized the construction of a modern steel works and rail mill. These extensive improvements are expected to double the steel output and rail capacity and radically reduce the costs of production. The benefits expected from these additions to plant will not be operative until the last half of 1907.

For the month of March Rock Island shows an increase in gross earnings of $1,108,918, and in net earnings of $396,874, or 26.6 per cent. and 38 per cent. respectively. For the nine months the increases are $5,396,858 in gross and $2,280,494 in net, or 13.7 and 19.4 per cent. 'Frisco gross and net earnings for the nine months' period show respective increases of 15 and 17 per cent.

A test case will be presented to the courts ere long to determine whether the Interstate Commerce Commission has placed the right construction upon the Hepburn law when it forbids railroads to exchange transportation for newspaper advertising. A number of roads, including the Harriman lines, have taken a stand like the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville in opposition to the commission.

A peculiar phase of the anti-pass law has developed in Logan county, Illinois, in which Fred W. Obermiller brings suit against the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville road for failure to issue to him an annual pass this year as in former years. In consideration of a pass for life he deeded to the company, now controlled by the Illinois Central, a strip of land in front of his premises for a passing track. The road refused to issue the pass this year, alleging that it would be in violation of the law. Obermiller now asks the courts to compel the road to issue a pass or to cancel the deed. As the land is indispensable to the company, the litigation may force different terms of settlement.

BROKERS' MONTHLY LETTERS.

Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.'s monthly review follows:

"Owing to the gradual ease of money, stocks locally have been in noticeably better demand during the latter part of the past month. Conditions heretofore on account of tight money have placed some local stocks absolutely without bid, while others were wanted at concessions only, and then in small quantity. While some of our local tractions have not been in strong demand they have at least been salable, while others, such as Louisville Traction, Springfield and West Penn have shown some rally and are apparently in considerable demand, 4 to 5 points higher than the low figures of one month ago. This is not to be wondered at, considering the scarcity of money in the local banks for speculative purposes. As conditions along that line from now on will show improvement, we think it will undoubtedly result in a better and broader demand for securities at higher prices than are prevailing to-day. This should show results, as almost without exception encouraging reports are heard from the different properties. International Traction stock still remains dormant, and while there is no pressure to sell the stock at present, it presents no upward tendency. We quote the common nominally 50, asked 55; preferred 73½, asked 75½, while the bonds may be quoted 71½ to 72½. Several things have happened in that company's affairs in the past few weeks which can be taken as very bullish features, and will probably have effect with the further ease of money. The new cross line, which is very badly needed, will operate its cars within the next few weeks and will result in at least $150,000 increase in the gross earnings of this company to start on. The company has at last secured the much-wanted franchise on Franklin street, which is invaluable to the company, as it will immediately relieve the severe congestion of traffic in the central part of the city. There has been considerable disappointment because no action has been taken on the preferred dividend, but the holders of these securities can rest assured that as soon as Wall street and money have assumed a more normal condition, action will be taken along this line with as little delay as possible. This is something that can be fixed up in a day, and when it is accomplished both the common and the preferred stocks should respond with quick advances, as this is undoubtedly acting as a hindrance to any activity in the stock, even at the low prices prevailing to-day. Very flattering reports are obtained as to the progress of the company's affairs. After about one year of total inactivity in the shares of the Springfield Railway and Light stock, investors in this city and the East are beginning to realize the price of this stock is hardly up to the reports that this company is showing the public of its earning capacity. Apart from the fact that Springfield could readily pay a larger rate of interest, the stock presents some speculative possibilities which make it extremely attractive just now. The properties in general have been so very dull in the last six or twelve months that the continued and encouraging reports should stimulate an advance in the Clark properties all along the line. We look for a dull New York market, with possibly a sagging tendency until the crops are assured."

The monthly review of Marvin H. Lewis & Co. is as follows:

"The market for local securities throughout the month of April was quiet, but as it closes we believe we can detect a more confident feeling among financiers in regard to the outlook. One of the chief drawbacks to any general activity in the local market is the rather low state of banking reserves for this season of the year, but as money is now working much easier in New York recuperation locally may naturally be expected in due time. Already a somewhat better inquiry is noted for the high-class bonds which have long been favorites in this market, and many of these are now readily salable at small advances, whereas a month ago they were only taken at price concessions. Among the speculative stocks, Louisville Traction common and Springfield Railway and Light have attracted most attention, Traction common advancing about 8 points and Springfield 3. The latter is, in our judgment, an excellent purchase. Earnings for the first three months of this year are at the rate of about 9.75 per cent., and as an investment proposition the stock yields 5.33 per cent. We also wish to call attention of those who can afford to buy and lock up non-dividend paying stocks to such speculative issues as East St. Louis and Suburban common, St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat and Power Company common, Northern Texas common, St. Louis United Railways common, Kansas City Railway and Light common, West Penn common, Evansville Light common, International Traction common, Peoria Light common, Tri-City Railway and Light common, and Portland Railway, Light, Heat and Power common. Earnings of these properties are showing good gains, whereas the prices for the stocks named have declined. Kansas City, St. Joe and St. Louis United Railways common are now selling about as low as they were two or three years ago, and they are worth much more intrinsically. Relative to Evansville Light common, the business of the company is growing rapidly, and in the past two months they have put in 400 new meters at Evansville, representing a very large increase in business as compared with the same period last year. East St. Louis is also growing rapidly and the common stock of the East St. Louis and Suburban company merits more than passing attention. Statistics show that Portland, Oregon, is advancing more than any other city in the Pacific Northwest, a section of the country in which growth has been phenomenal in the past two or three years. According to data furnished by the Chamber of Commerce of Portland, the population of the city at the end of 1906 was 195,195. For the month just ended building permits were issued for $1,500,000 of new structures. The clearings of Portland last week showed an increase of 75 per cent. and for the week previous 64 per cent., these gains being greater than shown by any other city in the country. For the past six months the weekly gains in clearings have ranged between 50 and 75 per cent. There has been no padding, such as reclearing of daily balances, the increase being solely due to the gain in the city's business. With the single exception of Hartford, Conn., the home of several large insurance companies, Portland, Ore., has to-day more wealth per capita than any city in the United States, and the recent report of the Controller of the Currency shows a very substantial gain in banking reserves, a rather significant fact at the present time. We simply call attention to these facts because we have been consistently bullish on the preferred and common stocks of the Portland Light and Power Company. This is an E. W. Clark & Co. property, and we have assurances which make us firm in the belief that the purchaser of the common stock of this company who will exercise reasonable patience will be amply rewarded in the way of profits. It is a dull time just now, but there is something in repetition, and we want our friends to remember that we have taken a very decided stand on these securities."

J. M. Sharp & Co. in their monthly review say:

"The long-continued dullness of the local stock market was only slightly broken during the past month. Immediately following the first of the month, when rather large dividend and interest payments were made, there was some improvement in the demand for high-class bonds and preferred stocks, but this demand proved of unsatisfactory proportions and was soon satisfied, after which the market dropped back into the same old rut, with a drooping tendency, until a little over a week ago, when Louisville Traction common, Louisville Home Telephone and Springfield Railway and Light came to life and gave a good account of themselves and imparted a more hopeful feeling generally. Although money conditions have relaxed appreciably at the leading foreign capitals and in New York, little improvement has been experienced by Louisville or other interior cities. However, the tendency is toward easier conditions, and unless there should be an unexpected turn in the trend money will be more plentiful here and elsewhere. Louisville Traction common dropped to 99¾. At this price it met with buying, which pushed it up to 107¾, where it encountered rather large offerings and hesitated and stood at 105½ to 107 at the close of the month. The company has to contend with an unusual number of adverse factors. The agitation for lower fares seems to be losing ground and the franchise has been pronounced sound by the company's counsel, and, according to reports, by other eminent legal lights. Louisville Home Telephone receded to 40, then advanced to 43½, and was quoted at 42@48 at the close of the month. No action has been taken by the City Council on the new franchise for the company, but friends of the company express confidence that the franchise will be granted. Springfield Railway and Light, after touching 72½, turned upward and quickly reached 76. It was reported that, at a recent election, the people of Springfield voted overwhelmingly in favor of an extension of the company's franchise for twenty years, and that a Mayor and Council disposed to follow this action were elected. The stock pays 4 per cent., is earning 9, and it is considered probable that it will begin paying 5 in the fall. Several preferred and good dividend-paying stocks were in better demand. We believe bonds and high-class stocks have reached bottom prices, and would advise our friends to buy now and adhere to these classes of securities."

The monthly letter of Almstedt Bros follows:

"The local market during the past month displayed some improvement and prices in most cases are higher than those which prevailed a month ago. The most notable improvement was in Louisville Traction common stock, which, after selling at par, has become active and is now in request at 107 to 108. The company is showing very favorable increase in earnings, both in gross and net, and still better prices are predicted for the stock. There has also been an active demand for Springfield Railway and Light Company stock, which has had a 5-point advance. The demand no doubt is also due to the very fine showing of earnings which the company has recently been making. There are numerous other properties which are showing good earnings. Among them we may mention International Traction, Seattle Electric, St. Louis United, Portland Railway, Light and Power, East St. Louis and Suburban and Northern Texas Traction. Considering the earning power of these various companies, it would not surprise us to see an upward movement in them at any time. We have noticed a better inquiry for bonds recently. Sales have been more numerous than heretofore."

W. L. Lyons & Co., in their monthly review, say:

"The investor taking advantage of the recent slump in bond values was well repaid. Prices of all bonds of local interest as well as elsewhere have advanced from 1 to 4 points over the low figures of last month. The local stock situation, although still somewhat congested and stagnant, shows more animation than in some time. The undertone is steady and appears to improve. With a fair bull movement in New York stocks, the standard local issues should have an advance. Springfield Railway and Light and Louisville Traction common were the features with the tractions, while Tobacco Warehouse common showed most strength and activity in the industrials. The price of Home Telephone during the past two weeks, through forced selling, declined to 39, but has since recovered some 4 points. A steady demand was noted in city bonds, while Governments ruled firm and unchanged. Short term railroad notes continue popular and are selling at top prices."

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Minnesota two-cent fare law went into effect to-day.

Canadian coal strike situation serious and becoming worse.

Rush of iron consumers to secure requirements for last half of this year.

Rains all over Kansas, which are expected to save the wheat crop.

London Stock Exchange closed to-day.

United States Circuit Court of Appeals confirms the decision against packers for rebating.

Competition of new issues responsible for the heaviness in consols in London.

Good supply of money in Eastern cities, but rates continue firm in West.

Chicago labor situation more peaceful than in years.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—The most important news of the day was the announcement that the Atchison company would issue $25,000,000 of new convertible bonds, which caused some heaviness in that stock, but their ability to borrow the money is certainly a reassuring fact and shows a decidedly more friendly feeling toward railroad properties and the continuation of such ability to borrow by other railroads will naturally lead to a renewed period of prosperity. Crop news was better, which also served as a sustaining influence. We still believe that the tendency is upward and that stocks should be bought for a further rise, ignoring day-to-day fluctuations.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—There seems to have been no liquidation during the past few days and much of the selling has been profit taking by professionals. There seems to be much less fear of crop failures and it looks as if all probable damage has been fully discounted so far as prices of stocks are concerned. If the rumor proves true that the Kuhn-Loeb syndicate has taken $25,000,00 of the new Atchison convertible 4s, it will strengthe the confidence in the monetary situation and doubtless give impetus to an upward movement in prices.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—There was some realizing in Union Pacific, said to be for the pool. The close, although rather heavy, had a good undertone.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—After opening gains ranging from ½ to 2 points, urgent buying ceased and continued sales to realize profits and some short selling caused a reaction later in the forenoon of 1 to 1½ points in the higher priced stocks and reactional recessions in the lower priced issues.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—Stocks closed rather heavy after a series of spurts during the afternoon. Union Pacific, while it was vigorously bid up at times, seemed to be freely supplied between 148 and 148½. The same was true of other grangers on the rise. The short interest has been considerably reduced. We might very well have some further recession and we do not advise buying except on drives. Regarding the proposed Atchison bond issue, which it was reported would be put out at par less 2½ per cent. commission to an underwriting syndicate, denials were made to-day by the various bankers that there has been any sale as yet. But we consider it only a question when the transaction will be closed. As the money market is now very easy and the weather in the wheat belt prmoises to be more moderate, it may be taken for granted that a few more bond or note issues will be brought out. This is probably a good time to have them, while we are marking time on the crops.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—There is a well-defined report that the Atchison company has about completed negotiations with Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for the sale of $25,000,000 4 per cent. convertible bonds which, it is said, will be offered to stockholders at par. If true, this is a favorable indication, as far as it goes, showing that the bankers expect some improvement in the bond market.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—There was no change to the professional tone of the market despite the increased activity during the first hour, apparently designed to attract commission house business. Less was heard of the impending changes in Union Pacific, the underlying strength of which was apparently lending weight to predictions of higher prices before the movement runs its course. A report that the Atchison Company was preparing to sell $25,000,000 convertible bonds found denial, though doubtless were conditions favorable such action would be taken. The early strength in the market was in part the reflection of more favorable crop advices from the West. We see no reason to change our previous advices relative to the future of the markets.—(E. & C. Randolph to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—There was no news of importance, except that the weather throughout the wheat belt continues favorable to the growing crop and this feature encouraged the bulls who have been buying stocks recently. Union Pacific did not do so well to-day, but was the feature in activity. It is quite evident that high-priced securities are being accumulated by the right kind of people. Although the market for the past week has been more or less of a trading affair, we believe that on moderate setbacks standard issues will do to buy.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—The market reacted after the early strength and then became dull on the decline, which was considered a good sign. Some realizing in Union Pacific affected the entire list, but there seemed to be considerable demand for the stock on recessions. The expectation that favorable report of the corporation would be issued after close had a favorable influence on Steel preferred and common. Prices backed and filled during the afternoon session, but in the last hour rallied under lead of Union Pacific, which sold to the high point of the present advance. The market closed with renewed strength in most stocks and full of activity.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, April 30.—Money on call easy at 2@2½ per cent.; ruling rate 2¼; closing bid 2; offered at 2; time loans irregular; 60 days 3½; 90 days 3¾; six months 4½; prime mercantile paper 5½@6. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8610@4.8615 for demand and at $4.83@4.8305 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.84 and $4.87; commercial bills $4.82¾@4.82⅞. Bar silver 66c. Mexican dollars 50⅝c. Government bonds easy. Railroad bonds irregular.

More business was done during the first hour of to-day's session of the stock market than in the same time for many days past. Some of the features of the movement had commenced to arouse distrust by that time and there was a relapse into dullness and uncertain fluctuations. Many stocks were active during the first hour that have been unresponsive to the recent attempts to revive speculative interest and the whole market took on an appearance of breadth and volume that has been conspicuously lacking in the recent operations. This served as an answer to criticisms of yesterday's dealings that they were practically confined to Union Pacific, but the fact became evident in a short time that this diversion of speculative activity was being taken advantage of to market holdings of Union Pacific itself. It was this that checked the upward movement and induced the subsequent reaction, thus serving to reaffirm the dominance of Union Pacific in the present market.

The heavy tone of United States Steel was a drag on the market also. There was no expectation of an increase in the dividend at the meeting to be held later in the day, but all interest centered on the showing of unfilled orders on hand on March 31. That these should exceed the record figures reported on December 31 was scarcely hoped, owing to the seasonable drawbacks of the spring quarter in the trade. But speculators feared that the showing of a decrease, however explained, might be seized on to point an argument that trade reaction was indicated. The London market was dull on the eve of to-morrow's May day holiday and contributed nothing to the activity of this market. Stocks were but little responsive to the good showing of the Weather Bureau's weekly bulletin on the crops and to the moderate damage indicated by the Kansas State Agricultural report for April. A plentiful rain for present needs in the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys was the report by the Government Bureau. Coupled with news of additional rains since and promise of more and the decided heaviness in the wheat market itself the factors in the crop outlook were generally toward reassurance. The leadership of Western railroad stocks in such strength as the market showed was a reflection of the crop news.

An incident of the day was the sale of a Stock Exchange seat at an advance over the price at the preceding sale. A sustained demand for the seats in periods of dullness in stocks is looked on as a sign of confidence in early future revival of business. Much attention was paid, however, to reports in circulation of the intended dissolution of certain stock market connections as an evidence of decline in speculative interests in quarters hitherto most absorbed in that pursuit. Whether prompted by unpleasant experiences of the recent past or by judgment of future probabilities the effect of the example was not stimulating to the market.

The rates for money for short periods continued to relax, but money brokers reported some stiffening of rates for longer periods. Some effect on future railroad earnings is looked for from advances in freight rates which went into effect in various quarters to-day.

Bank Clearings.

Boston, April 30.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $31,999,987; in New York $302,869,097. New York funds sold at par.

Cincinnati, April 30.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,307,900. Collateral loans 5@5½ per cent. New York exchange par and 10c premium.

Chicago, April 30.—(Special.)—Clearings $46,343,972; balances $5,639,938. New York exchange sold at 15c discount.

Memphis, April 30.—(Special.)—Clearings $635,508. Exchange par selling, $1 discount buying.

New Orleans, April 30.—Clearings $3,548,385. New York exchange 50@75c discount; commercial paper 7@8 per cent.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'sg Bid.
Adams Express	...	...	...	280
Amal. Copper	38,100	95⅝	94⅝	95
Am. Car & F'dry.	1,100	37⅞	37⅝	37¼
Do preferred	...	...	...	99½
Am'n Cotton Oil	100	30¼	30⅛	30¼
Do preferred	...	...	...	82
American Express	...	...	...	200
Am. H. and L. pf.	...	...	...	21½
Am. Ice Securities	...	...	...	74½
Am'n Linseed Oil	...	...	...	12½
Do preferred	100	27½	27½	27
Am'n Locomotive	700	63⅝	63⅛	63½
Do preferred	100	110	110	106
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	42,700	135½	133⅜	134½
Do preferred	...	...	...	108½
Am. Sugar Ref'g.	200	125⅞	125⅜	125⅝
Am. Tob. pf. ctfs.	200	92½	92¼	92
Ana. Mining Co.	5,800	63⅜	62⅝	62½
Atchison	24,400	96⅞	95½	95⅞
Do preferred	100	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
Atl. Coast Line	400	104⅞	104½	104
B. and O.	2,600	100	99½	99⅝
Do preferred	...	...	...	88½
Brooklyn Rapid T.	4,000	60¼	59⅝	59⅝
Canadian Pacific	1,800	177½	176⅜	177¼
Central of N. J.	...	...	...	185
C. and O.	1,900	42½	42⅛	42¼
Chicago Gt. West.	1,400	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝
C. and N. W.	300	154	153¼	153¼
C., M. and St. P.	35,400	138⅜	137	137½
Chicago T. and T.	...	...	...	6
Do preferred	700	14¼	14½	15
C.,C.,C. and St.L.	700	72½	72	72¼
Col. Fuel and I.	1,400	36¼	35⅝	35⅜
Col. and Southern.	1,800	25⅝	25½	25⅜
Do 1st pref.	200	60	60	59⅝
Do 2d pref.	200	47¼	47¼	47
Consolidated Gas	200	133	132½	132
Corn Prod. Ref'g.	200	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜
Do preferred	200	78¼	78	77½
Central Leather	...	...	...	20
Do preferred	...	...	...	86
Del. and Hudson	1,100	190	188	188½
D., L. and W.	...	...	...	472
D. and R. G.	100	29¼	29¼	28½
Do preferred	...	...	...	74
Dist. Securities	100	70¼	70¼	70½
Erie	1,700	24⅝	24⅜	24⅛
Do 1st pref.	400	56½	55⅝	55½
Do 2d pref.	...	...	...	38
Gen. Electric	300	149	149	148½
Gt. Northern pref.	15,100	138⅜	137¼	137⅜
Illinois Central	100	147	147	145
Internat'l Paper	200	14½	14½	14⅜
Do preferred	200	74½	74½	74½
Internat'l Pump	...	...	...	28
Do preferred	...	...	...	78½
Iowa Central	500	18⅝	18½	18½
Do preferred	...	...	...	36½
Interboro-Met.	300	25⅝	25½	25
Do preferred	800	60¼	60	59½
K. C. Southern	300	25⅞	25½	25¼
Do preferred	500	60⅝	60	60¾
L. and N.	500	120½	120⅜	120¼
Mexican Central	100	22	22	21⅞
Minn. and St. L.	800	50⅛	48⅜	49½
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	...	...	...	105
Do preferred	400	135⅝	135	134½
Missouri Pacific	1,800	76⅝	76¼	75⅝
M., K. and T.	3,500	37⅝	37	37⅛
Do preferred	300	66	65⅝	66
National Lead	1,300	63¼	62½	62½
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	...	...	...	53½
N. Y. Central	2,100	119⅝	118⅜	118⅜
N. Y., O. and W.	400	38½	38	38½
Norfolk and West.	5,200	78¼	77⅜	77⅝
Do preferred	...	...	...	80
North American	200	74⅝	74½	74½
Northern Pacific	24,600	137¼	135½	136
Pacific Mail	...	...	...	28
Pennsylvania	32,300	128	126⅛	127¼
People's Gas	100	92⅝	92⅝	92½
P.,C.,C. and St.L.	...	...	...	70
Pressed Steel Car.	300	36½	36½	33
Do preferred	200	93¾	93½	93⅝
*Pullman Pal. Car	...	...	...	160
Reading	173,900	114	112⅝	112⅝
Do 1st pref.	...	...	...	83½
Do 2d pref.	...	...	...	81
Republic Steel	300	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	300	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rock Island Co.	2,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
Rubber Goods pfd.	...	...	...	[illegible]
St. L. & S.F. 2d pf	...	...	...	[illegible]
St. L. Southwest.	...	...	...	[illegible]
Do preferred	...	...	...	[illegible]
Southern Pacific	26,300	86¼	85½	85¾
Do preferred	100	117	117	116
Southern Railway	800	22¼	22	22⅛
Do preferred	600	67½	67⅝	65½
Sloss-Sh'f'l'd Steel	100	55⅝	55⅝	57½
Tenn. Coal and I.	200	147⅝	147	146½
Texas and Pacific	800	29⅝	29¼	29¼
T., St. L. and W.	200	30	30	29⅝
Do preferred	300	53¼	53¾	53⅞
Union Pacific	219,300	148⅝	147	147⅝
Do preferred	200	88	88	88
*U. S. Express	300	103	100	91-100
U. S. Realty	...	...	...	71½
U. S. Rubber	...	...	...	42
Do preferred	...	...	...	101
U. S. Steel	38,300	38¼	37¼	37⅞
Do preferred	4,100	102	101⅝	101⅝
Va.-Car. Chemical	...	...	...	27⅛
Do preferred	...	...	...	103
Wabash	100	14¼	14¼	14
Do preferred	400	26	25⅝	26⅛
Wells-Fargo Exp.	...	...	...	230
West'house Elec.	200	144¾	144	144
Western Union	...	...	...	82¾
W. and L. E.	...	...	...	12
Wisconsin Central	...	...	...	17½
Do preferred	...	...	...	40

Total sales for the day, 777,700 shares.
*Ex-dividend.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, April 30.—Bonds were irregular. Total sales (par value), $1,446,000. U. S. 3s declined ¼ per cent. on call.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	104
Do coupon	104
3s, registered	102½
Do coupon	103¼
Old 4s, registered	101¼
Do coupon	101¼
New 4s, registered	129½
Do coupon	130½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s	73⅝
American Tobacco 6s	106
Atchison general 4s	98⅝
Do adjustment 4s	92½
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	100⅝
Do 3½s	92½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s	84½
Central of Georgia 5s	109
Do first income	*90
Do second income	70
Do third income	*62
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	102⅛
Chicago and Alton 3½s	69
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	95⅝
Chicago, Rock Island and Pac. R. R. 4s	72⅞
Do collateral 5s	*88
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	100½
Colorado Industrial 5s, series A	64
Colorado Midland 4s	68¼
Colorado and Southern 4s	90⅝
Cuba 5s	102
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	*95
Distillers' Securities 5s	84
Erie prior lien 4s	97¼
Do general 4s	82½
Hocking Valley 4½s	104½
Japan 6s	98¼
Japan 6s, 2d series	98¼
Japan 4½s	91⅝
Japan 4½s, 2d series	91
Japan 4s	83½
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	101
Manhattan consol. gold 4s	99⅝
Mexican Central 4s	81
Do first income	23
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	87
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	98¼
Do seconds	84½
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	82½
New York Central general 3½s	94⅝
New Jersey Central general 5s	124½
Northern Pacific 4s	102
Do 3s	72
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	98
Oregon Short Line refunding 4s	92
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	96
Reading general 4s	96⅝
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	110
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	81¼
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	76½
Seaboard Air Line 4s	74½
Southern Pacific 4s	90¼
Do first 4s, certificates	93½
Southern Railway 5s	110⅝
Texas and Pacific firsts	115
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	80
Union Pacific 4s	102
United States Steel second 5s	99⅝
Wabash firsts	111½
Do debenture Bs	68⅛
Western Maryland 4s	74
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	82
Wisconsin Central 4s	81

*Offered.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, April 30.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance	$249,969,939
Gold coin and bullion	103,951,316
Gold certificates	42,191,730

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, April 30.—Money was in fair demand in the market to-day. Discounts were firm. With the holiday to-morrow and the consols settlement progressing dealers in home securities on the Stock Exchange were not inclined to engage in fresh business, and the public still abstained from purchasing, with the result that prices generally were on the down grade. Consols, after an early weakness, closed at about the lowest quotations of the day. Russians were easy on fears of the dissolution of the Douma and talk of a fresh loan. Japanese Imperial 6s of 1904 closed at 101⅞. Americans were the firmest section. Although business was not large, prices advanced to over parity. Pacific stocks again received the most attention on the more favorable crop and weather reports. Later the receipt of the New York opening prices caused uncertain fluctuations and the market closed dull. Copper shares were firm. Closing: Consols for money 85 3-16; do for the account 85 7-16; Anaconda 12⅝; Atchison 99⅝; do preferred 99⅝; Baltimore and Ohio 102⅝; Canadian Pacific 182; Chesapeake and Ohio 43⅝; Chicago Great Western 11⅝; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 141½; De Beers 27; Denver and Rio Grande 30; do preferred 78; Erie 25¼; do first preferred 58; do second preferred 40; Illinois Central 152; Louisville and Nashville 124; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 38½; New York Central 123; Norfolk and Western 80¼; do preferred 86; Ontario and Western 39; Pennsylvania 65⅝; Rand Mines 6⅝; Reading 58¼; Southern Railway 22¾; do preferred 07; Southern Pacific 88½; Union Pacific 152⅝; do preferred 91; United States Steel 39⅝; do preferred 104⅞; Wabash 15; do preferred 27; Spanish fours 95¼; Grand Trunk 31⅛. Bar silver steady at 30 7-16d per ounce. Money 2@2¼ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 per cent.; do three months' bills 3¼ per cent. Bullion amounting to £17,000 was taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day.

Paris, April 30.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm on the favorable reports from New York. Russian Imperial 4s closed at 78.70 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 497. The private rate of discount was 3 7-16 per cent. Three per cent. rentes 94f 95c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 15½c for checks.

Berlin, April 30.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm, but the transactions were extremely limited. Exchange on London 20 marks 47¾ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 5½ per cent.; three months' bills 4¾ per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, April 30, 1907.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1907.	Ship'd 1907.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	128,900	257,725	80,600	184,630
Bagging, lbs.	7,050	2,750	....	40
Boots and shoes, cases	550	298	370	490
Coffee, lbs.	54,570	39,742	33,790	44,010
Cotton, bales	10	....	101	....
Flour, bbls.	1,459	3,570	430	3,118
Furniture, lbs.	53,405	255,880	19,960	162,805
Corn, bush.	43,800	18,400	42,300	37,900
Malt, bush.	5,200	1,350	1,765	220
Oats, bush.	14,800	11,975	23,200	13,100
Rye, bush.	....	5,375	13,200	....
Wheat, bush.	1,400	....	14,400	1,600
Hardware, pkgs.	3,382	6,560	441	5,172
Hay, tons	333	25	90	56
Bacon, lbs.	123,104	93,415	58,645	174,417
Hams, lbs.	10,600	82,190	....	11,600
Lard, lbs.	38,530	60,305	240	36,115
Pig iron, tons	267	101	245	92
Leather, lbs.	3,080	24,025	1,290	77,505
Nails, kegs	1,083	972	346	518
Apples, gr., bbls.	....	123	....	7
Onions, bbls.	....	59	....	26
Potatoes, bbls.	2,040	1,085	7	698
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	....	6,420	....	22,160
Soap, lbs.	60,970	148,035	2,600	65,045
Sugar, bbls.	609	470	300	419
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	238	331	533	427
Tobacco, mfd., lbs	4,040	229,164	1,110	204,685
Whisky, bbls.	773	1,357	291	2,110
Wool, lbs.	340	15,940	75,820	6,735

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.80@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 70@82c per bbl.; lime 85c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 17c; Western cheddars 16c; full cream flats and twins 16½c; full cream dairies 17c; full cream long horns 17c; daisies 18c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13½@14½c; Maracaibo 11½@13½c; Laguayra 11½@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25½@26c. Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 12½c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 11½@13c; Santos 11½@15½c.

DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES—Ken-

tucky and Indiana sun-dried apples (quarters) 7½c; dark and wet 5c; sun-dried peaches (halves) 8c.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 51@53c per lb.; gray 45@47c; No. 1 old 40@43c; No. 2 old 30@35c; dark and mixed old goose 15@35c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed dark 25@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Choice timothy $1.90@2.10 per bu.; clover $8@8.30 per bu.; orchard $1.25@1.40; bluegrass, fancy $1.85@1.90; red top, fancy $8.50@8.75; English bluegrass $1.60; Tennessee millet $1.15; home millet $1; rape 6¼c per lb.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $4.50@4.75 per bbl.; plain patents $4.50; straights $4.50; family $4.50; low grades $4; winter patents $4.50@5; winter straights $4.25@4.50; low grades $3.75@4; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.85; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 9@9½c; prunes, California new 5½@9c; peaches 14c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 12@14c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 17c; Persian dates 5½c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $21.50; clover hay $19; wheat straw $7@7.50; timothy, No. 1 $21; No. 2 $20. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides 1@1¼c lower. We quote assorted lots: No. 1 dry flint hides 22c; No. 2 dry flint 20½c; No. 1 dry salted 20c; No. 2 dry salted 18c; dry kip and calf under 10 lbs. 19@21c; No. 1 G salt hides 10½c; No. 2 G salt hides 9½c; G S kip and calf under 15 lbs. 9½c; uncured stock ½@1c less; No. 1 horse G salted $3.75; No. 2 horse G salted $2.75; sheep wool skins 90c@$2.75; lambskins 50@70c; shearings, G salted 20@35c; shearings, dry 10@20c; goat skins 25@35c.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $22.50; shorts $22.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 26c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 65c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 37c.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 18c per lb.; filberts 12½c; California walnuts 12@15c; French walnuts 13½c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 8c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 15@18c; home-grown pecans 12c; cocoanuts $4.50 per 100; mixed nuts 15c per lb.; Brazil nuts 15½c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 $1.04 per gallon; No. 2 88c; linseed 41c for raw and 42c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 74c; extra No. 1 65c; No. 1 57c; No. 2 55c; gasoline, 87 degrees 23½c; stove gasoline 18½c; benzine, 63 degrees 16c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 23c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 58c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 60c; coal oil, Kentucky test 10½c; Indiana 10½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 12½c; turpentine 72½c; wood alcohol 40c; denatured alcohol 36c in bbls. and 40c in half bbls.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 7½c per lb.; red 7¾c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 6½c; fancy Patna 6½c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $6@6.25 per lb.; Indiana $6@6.50, Southern ginseng $6@6.25; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.20; May-apple 2¾c; blood root 5c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 30@35c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split or unstrung and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.17@1.32; 5-bu. bbl. 98c@$1.08; dairy salt $1.25@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks 70c per sack.

TALLOW—No. 1 5¾c; No. 2 4¾c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1905: Single 90 and 10 per cent.; double 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wools. Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 15@20c; clear grease 27@28c; medium tub-washed 36@37c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 32@34c; black wool 22@24c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	7.00	No. 3	4.50
Crystal dominoes	7.75	No. 6	4.60
Cut loaf	6.00	No. 7	4.50
Cubes	5.40	No. 8	4.45
XXXX powdered	5.35	No. 9	4.40
Powdered	5.25	No. 12	4.35
Stand. gran. bbls.	5.00	No. 13	4.30
Stand. gran. 2-lb.	5.25	No. 14	4.25

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$0 79
No. 3 red and longberry	77
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
New No. 3 white	55
New No. 3 mixed	54
OATS—	
No. 3 white	45½
No. 2 mixed	44¾
RYE—	
No. 2 Northwestern	76
No. 2 Western	75

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14¾c; heavy to medium 14¼@14½c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 11½c; regular clear sides 11¼c; breakfast bacon 17c; sugar-cured shoulders 10½c; bacon, extra 11½c; bellies, light 12½c; heavy 12¼c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 8¾c; pure in tierces 10½c, in tubs 10¾c; pure leaf lard in tierces 11¾c, in tubs 12¼c, in firkins 12¼c.

DRIED BEEF—12c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$2 for base.

TOOL STEEL—9c per lb. for base.

SOFT STEEL—$1.95 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.35; V-crimped $2.40 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.40; No. 12 $2.45; No. 14 $2.50; No. 16 $2.60; Nos. 18 and 20 $3; Nos. 22 and 24 $3.05; No. 26 $3; No. 28 $3.15 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—60, 10 and 5 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.15 base.

WIRE NAILS—$2.15 base.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$2 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.60 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.30; galvanized $2.60 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.95 base; Perkins $4.04½ base; Burden $4 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$2.65 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—Small sizes 70 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—Large sizes 60 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 11c; strict middling 11¼c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale:

BUTTER—Packing 19c per lb.; good country roll 20@21c; Elgin 35c in 60-lb. tubs, 35½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 36c; renovated 29c in 60-lb. tubs, 29½c in 30-lb. tubs, 30c in prints.

POULTRY—Hens 10@10½c per lb.; roosters 5½c; young chickens $3@5 per dozen; ducks 10c per lb.; turkeys 9@12c; geese 5c.

EGGS—14½c, case count; rehandled 15c; goose eggs 30c.

FRUIT—Willow apples $5.00 bl.; Ben Davis apples $5.00 per barrel; California navel oranges $2.75@4.00 per box; Messina lemons $4.50@5 per box; fancy red Spanish pineapples $4.50 per crate; bananas, fancy, 9 to 10 hands, in lots, bunch $1.75@2.25; fancy, 8 hands, in lots, per bunch, $1.50; fancy 4-bunch case, per case $8; fancy, 2-bunch ½ case, per case $4.00; fancy, 5 to 6-bunch case, per case $8; fancy, 3-bunch to ½ case, per case $4; extra large Jumbo, per bunch $2.25@2.50.

VEGETABLES—New Texas onions $2.00 per crate; Northern red and yellow onions $1.25 per bushel; Southern parsley 50c per doz.; Southern radishes 60c per doz. bunches; Southern new cabbage $2.75 per crate; green beans $3 per bu. hamper; new potatoes $3@3.25 per crate; green peppers $3 per crate; Florida tomatoes $3.00@3.25 per crate; home-grown potatoes $2@2.25 per bbl.; Northern potatoes 80c per bushel new potatoes $7.00 per barrel; cucumbers $1.25 per dozen; red peppers 50c per dozen strings; Southern turnips 60c per dozen bunches; Southern beets 50c per dozen bunches; home-grown kale 50@60c per bbl.; home-grown spinach $1.75 per bbl.; Florida strawberries $1.25 per gallon; Alabama strawberries $3.00@3.50 per 6-gal. crate; Tennessee strawberries $3@3.50 per 6-gal. crate.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Tuesday Evening, April 30.—Sales of leaf tobacco on the local auction breaks to-day were exceedingly small, only thirty-three hogsheads being offered, all dark, and with sales at only one warehouse. The quality and condition of the offerings were only fair. Leaf brought from $7.50 to $9.90 and lugs from $5 to $6. No special features were noted. First sale to-morrow will be held at the Home house.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, April 30.—(Special.)—The tobacco market was quiet to-day, but steady, at previous figures. Total offerings 27 hhds. New—8: 4 at $4.25@5.40; 4 at $6.30@7.95. Old—19: 1 at $5@7; 9 at $8.90@9.95; 4 at $10.50@11.25; 4 at $12.50@14.25.

Hopkinsville Market.

Hopkinsville, Ky., April 30.—(Special.)—The local tobacco market for last week showed considerable activity, this being confined more to hogshead offerings than to loose sales, as has been the case heretofore. Loose offerings are gradually falling off, as the season for these sales has about passed its busiest time, but offerings are yet received to sufficient extent to warrant holding the regular sales. On all offerings there was a ready demand and good prices continue to be secured.

Salesman C. F. Jarrett, for the Planters' Protective Association, reports as follows:

	Hhds.
Sales previously reported	460
Sales for past week	185
Receipts to date	3,500

The market continues strong and active, the demand being mostly for low grades. Nothing above medium grades has been sold. A firm and active demand for tobacco is anticipated throughout the season. Prices are very satisfactory to the farmers. They feel that the permanency of the organization is insured. There is some complaint of loss of plants.

The report of the inspector on the general market is: Receipts for the week 124 hhds.; receipts for the year 3,010; sales for the week fifty-one; sales for the year 241. All sales were made privately. Good prices were secured on all offerings and the supply seems to be insufficient for the demand.

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.)

Bonds	Sales	Price
Albany and Susq. 3½s.	$10,000	99⅜
Am'n Ice deb. 6s.	$8,000	83
American Tobacco 6s.	$62,000	106
American Tobacco 4s.	$6,000	73¾
Atchison conv. 4s.	$15,000	100
Atchison 4s.	$8,000	98⅜
Atchison adj. 4s.	$18,000	92½
C. and O. 5s.	$1,000	114½
C. and O., series A.	$2,000	101½
C. and A. 3½s.	$30,000	69
C., B. and Q. 4s.	$37,000	95⅞
C. and E. I. s. f. 6s.	$3,000	102⅝
C., M. and St. P. 4s.	$1,000	103¼
C.,R.I. and P. R. R. 4s.	$3,000	72¾
C., R. I. and P. Ry. 4s.	$15,000	100
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.	$27,000	89⅞
Col. Indus. col. tr. 5s.	$5,000	63⅜
Col. and Southern 4s.	$1,000	91
D. and H. conv. 4s.	$6,000	102¾
Dist. Securities 5s.	$5,000	84¼
Erie prior lien 4s.	$2,000	97¼
Japan 6s.	$2,000	98¼
Japan 2d 6s.	$10,000	98⅝
Japan 4½s.	$26,000	91⅝
Japan 4½s, K., L. & Co.	$1,000	91
Interboro-Met. 4½s.	$9,000	78¾
I. P. 4s.	$5,000	105
K. C., Ft. S. and M. 4s.	$2,000	80¼
Mexican Central 4s.	$1,000	81
M., K. and T. 2d 4s.	$5,000	84½
M., K. and T. 4½s.	$5,000	86½
Mo. Pacific con.	$5,000	120
M. and O. 4s.	$1,000	89
N. Y. Central 4s.	$2,000	97
N. Y. Central 3½s.	$4,000	94¼
N. Y. and Queens 5s.	$3,000	95
N. and W. g. m. 6s.	$9,000	129
N. and W. Poca. 4s.	$6,000	88⅜
Penn. 3½s of 1915.	$5,000	93¼
P. and E. income.	$5,000	62
Reading g. m. 4s.	$25,000	97¼
St. L. and I. Mtn. 4s.	$2,000	85¼
St. L. and S. W. 1st 4s.	$4,000	94¾
Seaboard Air Line 4s.	$2,000	74¼
Southern Pacific 4s.	$4,000	90
Southern Railway 5s.	$1,000	110¼
Third Avenue 4s.	$1,000	86
Union Pacific 4s.	$4,000	102⅝
U. S. R. and R. 5s.	$3,000	95
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.	$15,000	99⅝
Wabash 2d 5s.	$2,000	101½
Wabash-Pitts. T. 1st 4s.	$2,000	75¼
Wabash ex. 4s, ctfs.	$48,000	65¼
Western Md. conv. 4s.	$1,000	55½
West Shore 4s, reg.	$1,000	102⅜

Total sales (par value), $1,428,500.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, April 30.—Cattle—The receipts of cattle were light to-day, 54 head; for the two days this week 1,350. The market was extremely quiet to-day; not many buyers here, and the demand light. Desirable butcher cattle met with reasonably ready sale at current values; medium and common kinds slow and draggy. Feeder and stocker trade quiet and unchanged. Bulls and canners steady. Choice milch cows ready sellers; common and medium milkers and common springers very slow. No heavy shipping cattle here; feeling unchanged. The pens were well cleared. The market closed steady.

Calves—Receipts of calves 151 head; for the two days 327. The local demand was light, the market dull; bulk of best $5.25@5.75; common calves very slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs very light to-day, 970 head; for two days 4,217. The market opened 5c lower on heavy and medium hogs and 5c higher on heavy pigs and light shippers, bulk of sales to-day being, 100 pounds and up, $6.55; 100 pounds down $6; roughs $6 down. The pens were well cleared. The market closed steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts of sheep and lambs to-day were light, 22 head; for two days 603. The market was quiet and unchanged to-day; good fat sheep firm at quotations; medium and common kinds slow. Spring lambs selling from $7 to $9; demand rather limited and for lightweights; heavy lambs not wanted.

Quotations.

CATTLE.	
Light shipping steers	4 50@ 5 00
Choice butcher steers	4 50@ 5 00
Fair to good butcher steers	4 00@ 4 50
Common to medium butcher steers	3 25@ 4 00
Choice butcher heifers	4 25@ 4 75
Fair to good butcher heifers	3 50@ 4 00
Common to medium butcher heifers	3 00@ 3 50
Choice butcher cows	3 50@ 4 25
Fair to good butcher cows	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium butcher cows	2 50@ 3 00
Canners	1 00@ 2 25
Choice feeders	4 50@ 4 75
Medium to good feeders	4 00@ 4 50
Common and rough feeders	3 25@ 3 75
Good to extra stock steers	4 00@ 4 40
Fair to good stock steers	3 25@ 3 75
Common to medium stock steers	2 75@ 3 25
Good to extra stock heifers	3 25@ 3 50
Common to medium stock heifers	2 75@ 3 25
Good to extra oxen	4 00@ 4 50
Common to medium oxen	3 00@ 4 00
Good to extra bulls	3 50@ 4 00
Fair to good bulls	2 25@ 3 25
Choice veal calves	5 25@ 5 75
Common to medium veal calves	4 50@ 5 50
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@ 4 00
Choice milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	25 00@30 00
Plain, common milch cows	15 00@20 00
HOGS.	
Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	6 55
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs.	6 55
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs.	6 55
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	6 00@ 6 55
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	5 50@ 6 00
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs.	3 50@ 6 00
SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Good to choice fat sheep	5 00@ 5 25
Fair to good sheep	3 50@ 4 25
Common sheep	2 50@ 3 25
Bucks	2 00@ 4 00
Choice shipping lambs	6 50@ 7 00
Good butcher lambs	5 00@ 6 00
Culls and tail-ends	4 00@ 5 00

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, April 30.—Cattle—Receipts light. Market steady on all classes of butcher stuff and very active on the fancy lightweight heifers. The feeder and stocker trade continues very quiet, but few coming and requirements limited. Bulls and canners in strong demand at current prices. Good milch cows eagerly sought after at high prices, while the common kind are slow and draggy. No heavy shipping cattle here; feeling steady on this class.

Calves—Receipts light. Market continues very slow and draggy, with the best bringing $5.50, while the lightweight common kind are hard to find place for at $3@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts liberal. Market quiet and 5c lower on the heavies and mediums; others steady; 160 lbs. and up $6.55; 100 to 160 lbs. $6.50; 100 lbs. down $6; roughs $6 down.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. Market unchanged; best fat sheep $4@5; fancy fall lambs $7@8; extra lightweight spring lambs $8@10; common stuff hard to dispose of.

New York.

New York, April 30.—Beeves—Receipts 1,745; no trading; feeling weak; dressed beef in moderate demand at 7½@9½c per lb. for native sides; exports 900 cattle and 4,000 quarters of beef; to-morrow about 2,850 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 328; feeling weak to 25c lower; ordinary to prime veals sold at $5@6.50 per 100 lbs.; city dressed veals slow at 8@11c per lb.; country dressed 6@9½c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 920; no trading; feeling steady; dressed muttons steady at 9@11c; dressed lambs unchanged at 12@14½c; dressed city spring lambs slow at $3.50@7 per carcass; country dressed $3@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 2,496; none on sale; feeling nominally steady; prime State and Pennsylvania hogs sold late yesterday at $7.15@7.20 per 100 lbs.; a few choice light weights at $7.25.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, April 30.—Cattle—Receipts 10,800, including 700 Southerns; market steady; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.60@6.20; fair to good $4.75@5.60; Western fed steers $4.40@5.75; stockers and feeders $3.60@5.20; Southern steers $4@5.50; Southern cows $3.30@4.25; native cows $2.75@4.90; native heifers $4@5.25; bulls $3.25@4.50; calves $3@5.50. Hogs—Receipts 12,700; market steady to 5c lower; top $6.45; bulk of sales $6.35@6.40; heavy $6.30@6.37½; packers $6.35@6.42½; lights $6.40@6.45; pigs $5@5.60. Sheep—Receipts 4,400; market strong to 10c higher; lambs $7@8.60; ewes and yearlings $5.25@6.60; Western fed yearlings $6@6.75; Western fed sheep $5@6.60; stockers and feeders $4@6.

Chicago.

Chicago, April 30.—Cattle—Receipts about 3,000; market steady; common to prime steers $4@6.85; heifers $3@5.50; cows $3.25@5; bulls $3.40@4.60; calves $2.75@5.75; stockers and feeders $3@5.25. Hogs—Receipts about 10,000; market steady; some 5c higher; choice to prime heavy $6.52½@6.55; medium to good heavy $6.47½@6.52½; butcher weights $6.52½@6.60; good to prime mixed $6.50@6.52½; packing $6.20@6.50; selected hogs $6.55@6.65; pigs $5.50@5.55; bulk of sales $6.50@6.55. Sheep—Receipts about 15,000; market steady; sheep $4.25@6.30; yearlings $5.25@7; lambs $6.50@8.55.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 30.—Hogs—Market active; butchers and shippers $6.70; common $5.35@5.55. Cattle—Market steady; fair to good shippers $4.75@5.75; common $2.50@3.25. Sheep—Market slow and weak at $4@5.60. Lambs—Market dull at $5.25@7.15.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, April 30.—Wheat prices in the local market declined more than 1c per bushel to-day because of liberal profit taking, which was due to general rains in Kansas and other parts of the winter wheat belt. Part of the loss was regained on covering of shorts, the July delivery closing at a net loss of ⅝@¾c. Corn was off ⅜@½c. Oats were up ⅛@¼c. Provisions were a shade to 2½c lower.

The wheat market was subjected to heavy selling pressure during the greater part of the day, sentiment in the pit being extremely bearish until late in the day, when a little steadier feeling developed. There was quite general unloading of long wheat both by local and outside holders, while commission houses and pit traders also sold freely. The selling was the result chiefly of the complete break up of the prolonged drouth in the Southwest as shown by the Weather Bureau reports. Other factors which helped to depress prices were lower cables, absence of any fresh reports of damage by "green bugs" and an increase of 600,000 bushels in the world's visible supply, compared with a decrease of 4,075,000 bushels the corresponding time a year ago. The Kansas report, which at first was generally construed as quite bullish, was later taken up by the bears as another means of forcing prices to a lower level. This report gave .84 as the condition of winter wheat against .99 as estimated by the Government experts. The seemingly great disparity in figures was accounted for on the theory that the State report was based on statistics secured much later than those compiled by the Government and after the crop had been subjected to the blighting effects of the drouth, which was now at an end. The selling was less urgent during the last half hour of trading and prices made a fair recovery. The close was fairly steady. July opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 82@82¼c, sold off to 81c and closed at 81½@81⅝c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 45,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 394,000 bushels, against 359,000 for the same time a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 575 cars, against 729 last week and 240 a year ago.

The corn market was weak on active selling by longs and commission houses. The break in wheat prices was the chief depressing influence, although predictions of warmer weather for the corn belt had considerable effect. The demand came chiefly from cash houses and shorts. The market closed easy. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 49⅞@50c, sold off to 49⅛@49¼c and closed at 49⅜@49½c. Local receipts were 276 cars, with 67 of contract grade.

For the greater part of the day the oats market was weak, particularly the September delivery, of which there was brisk selling by Northwestern interests. These sales were based on more favorable weather for seeding operations. The wet weather in the West and Southwest also encouraged some selling. Active covering by shorts caused a moderate rally late in the day, the market closing quite firm. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 41⅞@42c, sold off to 41½c and then advanced to 42¼@42⅛c. The close was at 42@42⅛c. Local receipts were 357 cars.

Trading in provisions was characterized by free liquidation on the part of holders of May contracts who wished to avoid all possibility of having to accept the cash product on deliveries to-morrow. This had a weakening influence on the market in general. The weakness of grain also had a depressing effect. At the close July pork was off 2½c at $15.80. Lard was also down 2½c at $8.72½. Ribs were a shade lower at $8.67½.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 19 cars; corn 161; oats 123; hogs 31,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
*WHEAT—				
May	$0 79¼	$0 79⅜	$0 78¼	$0 78⅜
July	82	82¼	81½	81½
Sept.	83¾	84	82⅝	83⅛
Dec.	85¼	85⅝	84½	84¾
*CORN—				
May	50⅛	50⅛	49½	49½
July	49⅞	50	49⅛	49⅝
Sept.	49⅞	50	49¼	49½
*OATS—				
May	44⅝	45½	44½	45½
July	41⅞	42¼	41½	42
Sept.	35½	35⅝	35	35⅝
PORK—				
May	15 45	15 52½	15 42½	15 50
July	15 75	15 80	15 72½	15 80
LARD—				
May	8 55	8 57½	8 55	8 57½
July	8 77½	8 77½	8 70	8 72½
Sept.	8 85	8 85	8 80	8 85
RIBS—				
May	8 50	8 52½	8 50	8 50
July	8 67½	8 70	8 65	8 67½
Sept.	8 77½	8 80	8 77½	8 77½

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $3.10@3.40; straights $2.90@3.25; spring patents $3.40@3.50; straights $3@3.30; bakers' $2@2.80. Market steady.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat 82@85c; No. 3 do 75@84c; No. 2 red 78⅞@79½c; No. 2 corn 49⅝c; No. 2 yellow do 50c; No. 2 oats 45½c; No. 2 white do 44¾@45½c; No. 3 white do 41@43½c; No. 2 rye 68c; fair to choice malting barley 69@73c; No. 1 flax seed $1.14; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.21; prime timothy seed $4.30; clover, contract grades $15.25.

Provisions—Short ribs sides, loose $8.25@8.50; mess pork $15.50@15.62½ per bbl.; lard $8.57½ per 100 lbs.; short clear sides, boxed $8.62½@8.87½.

Whisky—Basis of high wines, $1.29.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creameries 18@25c; dairies 18@23c. Eggs firm; at mark, cases included, 15@15½c; firsts 15c; prime firsts 16¼c. Cheese steady at 14@15c.

Receipts—Flour 33,400 bbls.; wheat 65,200 bu.; corn 236,400; oats 459,000; rye 7,000; barley 74,700. Shipments—Flour 21,900 bbls.; wheat 175,200 bu.; corn 185,100; oats 248,500; barley 2,000.

Bradstreet's Available Supplies.

New York, April 30.—Special cable and telegraphic communications received by Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies as compared with previous account:

Wheat—United States east of the Rockies decreased 149,000 bu.; Canada increased 850,000; total United States and Canada increased 710,000; afloat for and in Europe decreased 100,000; total American and European supply increased 610,000.

Corn—United States and Canada decreased 1,640,000 bu.

Oats—United States and Canada decreased 89,000 bu.

The leading increases and decreases reported this week are:

Decreases.—Omaha, 116,000 bu.; Louisville, 108,000.

Increase.—Lincoln, Neb., and vicinity, 173,000 bu.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, April 30.—Butter weak; street price, extra creamery 27c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 21@27c; held, common to firsts 20@25c; State dairy, common to fancy 20@26c; renovated, common to extra 18@25c; Western factory, common to firsts 19@22c; Western imitation creamery, extra 25c; do firsts 22@23c. Cheese firm; State full cream, colored and white, small September fancy 15c; do small October best 14@14½c; do good to prime 13@14¼c; winter made, average best 12½c; do large September fancy 15c; do October best 14@14½c; do good to prime 12¾@13¼c; inferior 11½@12½c; skims 10½@10¾c. Eggs firm; receipts 28,174 cases; State, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white 21c; do choice 19@20c; brown and mixed extra 19@20c; firsts to extra firsts 18@18½c; Western storage packed, firsts 17½@18c; official price 17½c; seconds 16½@17c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3.25@3.26c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.73@3.76c; molasses sugar 3@3.01c; refined quiet; crushed 5.50c; powdered 4.90c; granulated 4.80c.

Flour—Receipts 51,167 bbls.; exports 425; market dull, but steady. Rye flour firm. Cornmeal firm; coarse $1.10@1.12.

Wheat—Receipts 45,000 bu.; exports 16,371. Spot market easy; No. 2 red 87½c in elevator and 88¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth 95c opening navigation f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter 89¾c opening navigation f. o. b. afloat. There was another severe decline in wheat to-day, following good rains in Kansas, but during the last half hour part of the loss was regained on covering and strength in outside markets. The close showed ⅝@1¼c net decline; May 88⅝@89¾c, closed 88⅞c; July 89@90c, closed 89¼c; September 89⅝@90⅝c, closed 90¼c.

Corn—Receipts 151,575 bu. Spot market firm; No. 2 60¼c in elevator and 57½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 white 59c and No. 2 yellow 57⅛c f. o. b. afloat. Option market was easier at first, in sympathy with wheat, but rallied on light car lot estimates, closing ⅛c net lower; May closed 60c; July closed 57⅞c; September 58@58c, closed 58c.

Oats—Receipts 133,500 bu. Spot market barely steady; mixed oats, 26@32 lbs., 47½c; natural white, 30@33 lbs., 48@49½c; clipped white, 36@40 lbs., 50@54½c.

Hay steady. Hops quiet. Hides dull. Leather, wool, beef and cut meats steady. Lard barely steady; Western prime $8.80@8.90; refined barely steady; continent $9.15; South America $10; compound $8.25@8.50. Pork and tallow steady. Cotton-seed oil firm; prime crude 38c bid; do yellow 46c. Petroleum steady. Rosin firm. Turpentine quiet at 67½@68c. Rice and molasses steady.

Metals.—The recent improvement in the London market for tin was continued, according to to-day's cables, with prices £1 higher at £195 for spot and at £192 5s for futures. Locally the market was firm, with spot quoted at $42.62½@42.95. Copper was also higher in London, with spot quoted at £104 10s and futures at £102 10s. The improvement abroad seemed to be accompanied by a withdrawal of outside offerings and prices in the local market are being gradually advanced to nearer the views of the producers, who have claimed that the market was being unnecessarily depressed. Lake is quoted at $24.75@25.50, electrolytic at $24@24.75 and casting at $22.75@23.50. Lead was unchanged at $6@6.10 in the local market, but advanced to £20 2s 6d in London. Spelter advanced to £26 in London, but was a shade lower at $6.50@6.60 locally. Iron was unchanged in the English market, with standard foundry quoted at 57s 9d and Cleveland warrants at 58s. Locally the market was unchanged. No. 1 foundry Northern is quoted at $25.25@26.25, No. 2 foundry Northern at $24.75@25.75, No. 1 foundry Southern at $26@26.50 and No. 2 foundry Southern at $25@26.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 30.—Wheat lower; on track: No. 2 red cash 80@80½c; No. 2 hard 77¼@79c; May 76⅝@76¾c; July 79¾c. Corn steady; on track: No. 2 cash 49¼@50c; May 47¼c; July 48⅜c; No. 2 white 50½@51c. Oats steady; on track: No. 2 cash 42¼c; May 41⅞c; July 39⅞c; No. 2 white 43½c. Lead dull at $5.92½. Spelter dull at $6.45. Poultry quiet; chickens 11c; springs 20@28c; turkeys 11@11½c; ducks 12c; geese 5c. Butter lower; creamery 24@28c. Eggs steady at 14c, case count. Flour steady; red winter patents $3.65@3.85; extra fancy and straight $3.20@3.55; clear $2.65@2.85. Timothy seed steady at $3@3.75. Cornmeal steady at $2.40. Bran firm; sacked on east track 93½@95c. Hay steady; timothy $15@18.50; prairie $10@13. Whisky steady at $1.33. Iron cotton ties $1.09. Bagging 10⅛c. Hemp twine 10c. Pork steady; jobbing $16.15. Lard lower; prime steam $8.35. Dry salt meats higher; boxed extra shorts $9.87½; clear ribs $9.75; short clears $9.75. Bacon higher; boxed extra short $10.75; clear ribs $10.75; short clear $10.87½. Receipts—Flour 7,000 bbls.; wheat 35,000 bu.; corn 79,000; oats 67,000. Shipments—Flour 15,000 bbls.; wheat 24,000 bu.; corn 118,000; oats 66,000.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, April 30.—Hog products: Mess pork $18. Lard—Compound 8⅝@8½c; pure 9⅝c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8⅝c; sides 9½c. Bacon—Short rib sides 10⅝c. Hams—Skinned 16c. Rice strong; Honduras head 4¼@6c; straights 3¼@4c; screenings 1⅞@2½c; No. 2 1 13-16c; Japan head 3@3⅞c; screenings 1⅞@2¼c. Flour—Extra fancy $3.20@3.50; patent $4.05@4.25. Cornmeal $2.80@2.85. Bran $1.15. Hay—No. 1 $21@22; No. 2 $20@21; choice $22@23. Corn—No. 2 sacked white 64c; mixed 63c; yellow 64c. Oats—No. 2 sacked white 51c; mixed 50½c. Sugar steady; open kettle centrifugal 3¼@3⅜c; centrifugal yellow 3⅞@4¼c; seconds 2⅜@3⅝c. Molasses quiet; new syrup 30@34c. Coffee steady; invoices, Rio No. 8 6¼c; No. 7 6⅝c; No. 6 7¼c; No. 4 7⅝c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, April 30.—Wheat—May 71⅝c; July 74½c; September 75¼c; cash: No. 2 hard 74@77c; No. 2 red 79@79½c. Corn—May 43¾c; July 44⅜c; September 45c; cash: No. 2 mixed 46c; No. 2 white 47½c. Oats—No. 2 white 42⅜c; No. 2 mixed 42½c. Butter—Creamery 20c; packing 15c. Eggs steady; extra fancy 16c; current receipts, cases included, new cases 14½c; second-hand cases 14c; cases returned 13½c; Southern cases included 13½c. Hay firm; choice timothy $14.25@15; do prairie $9.50@10. Rye steady at 60@64c. Receipts—Wheat 35,000 bu.; corn 26,000; oats 19,000. Shipments—Wheat 85,000 bu.; corn 13,000; oats 18,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 30.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.29. Butter firm; creamery, extra 35½c; firsts 31@33½c; dairy 17@18c. Eggs steady at 15c. Poultry firm; springers 14c; hens 10@11c; turkeys 7@12c. Flour quiet. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 81½@82½c. Corn slow; No. 2 mixed 53@53½c. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed 43¼@44c. Rye firm; No. 2 74c. Lard steady at $8.35@8.40. Bulk meats quiet at $8.87½. Bacon easy at $10.12½. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 30.—Wheat—May 81c; July 83½c; No. 1 hard 85½c; No. 1 Northern 84¼c; No. 2 Northern 82¼c. Flour—First patents $4.30@4.40; second patents $4.25@4.35; first clears $3.20@3.50; second clears $2.40@2.50. Bran in bulk $16.50@16.75.

Duluth.

Duluth, April 30.—Wheat—On track: No. 1 Northern 84⅜c; No. 2 Northern 83¼c; May 84¼c; July 85c; September 85¼c. Flax—On track and May $1.18½; July $1.20½; October $1.21. Oats—On track and April 42c.

Toledo.

Toledo, April 30.—Clover-seed—Cash and April $9.25; October $7.52½; December $7.57½; March $7.62½; alsike $7.55; timothy $2.25.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, April 30.—Barley firm; No. 2 75½@76c; sample 65@75c.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, April 30.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at an advance of 5@10 points and during the forenoon was about 5@15 points above the closing figures of yesterday on a moderate demand, inspired by higher European cables and bullish private estimates of the coming crop. Buying was by no means active, however, and the market eased off slightly in the afternoon under realizing. The close was quiet, net unchanged to 10 points higher. Sales were reported of 21,000 bags, including May at 5.45@5.50c, July at 5.40@5.45c, August at 5.40c, September at 5.35@5.40c, December at 5.30@5.35c, January at 5.35@5.40c and March at 5.40c.

Spot coffee quiet; No. 7 Rio 8⅝c; No. 4 Santos 7⅝c; mild dull; Cordova 9@12¼c.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, April 30.—The cotton market was more active to-day and trading was more general than for weeks, if not for months, past. Sales for the day were conservatively estimated at 450,000 bales and with a good demand for both accounts. The market made a new high record for the current bull movement and sold at the highest prices reached since late last autumn. The close was very steady at a net advance of 15@19 points. The opening was steady at an advance of 5@8 points in response to higher English cables and reports of cold weather in the South, where a spell of warm, dry weather is said to be urgently needed. There was very heavy realizing at the advance, but prices gradually worked higher and the market became very firm after the publication of the western belt forecast, indicating no immediate improvement in the character of the weather. The bullish weekly report of the Weather Bureau at midday also helped the market in the afternoon, and with July in New Orleans acting as though shorts were on the verge of a panic in that market and the South buying and realizing, sales were absorbed without checking the upward movement of prices. The close was within a couple of points of the highest on the active months. July was the most active position on the list and the local traders believe that there is a large short interest in that position, which is being rendered very uneasy by the continued poor weather and the persistent support of the bull clique. Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c higher. It was rumored that a private wire reported snow in Ellis county, Texas.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 15,000 bales, against 17,883 last week and 10,671 last year; for the week 65,000 bales, against 70,640 last week and 93,982 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 6,380 bales, against 1,539 last year, and at Houston 3,621, against 2,023 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 11.30c; do gulf 11.55c. Closed steady and 15 points higher; middling uplands 11.45c; do gulf 11.70c; sales 875 bales.

Futures closed very steady. Prices ranged as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g.
May	9.98	10.11	9.97	10.10
June	....	.....	.....	10.10
July	10.04	10.18	10.04	10.16
August	10.00	10.21	10.00	10.11
September	10.01	10.12	10.00	10.11
October	10.20	10.34	10.20	10.32
November	....	.....	.....	10.35
December	10.27	10.41	10.26	10.39
January	10.42	10.54	10.41	10.52
February	....	.....	.....	10.57
March	10.53	10.67	10.53	10.65

New Orleans, April 30.—Cotton spots closed firm at an advance of 3-16c on all grades. Sales were 1,050 bales on the spot and 275 to arrive. Quotations: Low ordinary 6⅝c; ordinary 7⅝c; good ordinary 8 15-16c; low middling 10¼c; middling 11⅜c; good middling 12¼c; middling fair 13¼c nominal; fair 13⅞c nominal. Receipts 6,332 bales; stock 162,152.

Early cables of a favorable nature from Liverpool, reports of damage to the crop and adverse weather conditions throughout various portions of the cotton belt caused the market to open at an advance of from 8 to 14 points above the close yesterday. As the day wore on predictions of colder weather caused the market to seek still higher levels. The Government weekly weather report was construed as decidedly bullish and had a marked effect on the market. The close was steady, prices ranging from 22 to 33 points above the close yesterday. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g.
January	10.57	10.71	10.57	10.71
May	10.95	11.10	10.95	11.10
June	10.95	11.14	10.95	11.14
July	11.06	11.27	11.05	11.25
August	10.78	11.04	10.78	11.04
September	.....	10.78	10.67	10.78
October	10.53	10.69	10.53	10.67
November	.....	10.66	10.55	10.66
December	10.52	10.70	10.52	10.68

Liverpool, April 30.—Spot cotton quiet; prices 1 point lower; American middling fair 7.52d; good middling 6.98d; middling 6.44d; low middling 6.10d; good ordinary 5.44d; ordinary 5.06d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 5,800 American; receipts 11,000 bales, including 5,800 American. Futures opened firm and closed very steady.

Savannah, April 30.—Cotton firm; middling 11c; net and gross receipts 1,523 bales; sales 4,009; stock 51,864; exports to France 3,110; exports to the continent 670; shipments coastwise 2,303.

Memphis, April 30.—Cotton steady; middling 11¼c; net receipts 1,402 bales; gross receipts 2,149; shipments 2,703; sales 2,200; stock 139,766.

Galveston, April 30.—Cotton firm; middling 11⅝c; net and gross receipts 4,982 bales; sales 1,108; stock 120,352; shipments coastwise 425.

St. Louis, April 30.—Cotton steady; middling 11¼c; net receipts 248 bales; gross receipts 1,826; shipments 1,378; sales 200; stock 38,445.

Boston, April 30.—Cotton steady; middling 11.45c; net receipts 110 bales; gross receipts 651; exports to Great Britain 50.

COTTON COMMENT.

With continued rain and cold weather we will see much higher prices. We would prefer to take a chance on warmer weather following this long spell of cold and rainy weather and sell on a scaleup, as the market as has had a big advance and much of the short interest has been covered.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

There will of course be heavy profit taking, but we think that advantage should be taken of all weak spots to purchase, and whatever reasonable profits are offered, to accept them.—(Hubbard Bros. & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

The powerful bull crowd in New York have the situation well in hand and utilize every bullish development. We are inclined to think that conditions favor the bulls at the moment and look for higher prices.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

From the appearance of the market to-day and the continued bad weather it would seem as though the bulls will not find it difficult to force a further advance.—(T. A. McIntyre & Co.

Should Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory meet with the same disappointment as Louisiana, Arkansas and the Middle States complain of, then even an average crop will be out of the question and much higher prices will be the result.—(Atwood, Violett & Co.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, April 30.—The dry goods market was quiet and firm to-day. Advances were named in percales and fine cambrics amounting to ¼c a yard. Jobbers' sales in April were ahead of last year in value, largely through the abnormal demand for cotton and silk goods. Considerable business is being done in contracts running through the balance of the year, but the spot trade is generally more quiet.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, April 30.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing, 22@26c; light fine 20@21c; heavy 15@17c; tub-washed 29@37c.

Boston Wool.

Boston, April 30.—The wool market is dull and steady to firm. It is believed that much of the immediate future in Boston depends upon the developments in London. Of importance in this country is the first movement in new Arizona territory wools at satisfactory prices. In pulled wools the feature is the increased interest in the low grades. Foreign wools are firm. Leading domestic quotations range as follows:

Ohio and Pennsylvania—XX and above 34@34½c; X 32@33c; No. 1, 39@40c; No. 2, 38@39c; fine unwashed 26@27c; unmerchantable 29c; ½-blood unwashed 33@34c; ⅜-blood unwashed 33½@34c; ¼-blood unwashed 32@33c; delaine washed 37@38c; delaine unwashed 30c.

Kentucky, Indiana and Missouri—Combing ⅜-blood 33@34c; combing ¼-blood 31@33c.

Texas (scoured basis)—Fine twelve months 72@74c; fine six to eight months 68@70c; fine fall clean 58@60c.

New Mexico Spring (scoured)—X 68@70c; No. 1, 63@65c.

Georgia (greasy)—28@28½c.

Pulled Wools (scoured basis)—Extra 70@73c; fine 62@65c; A supers 53@58c; B supers 45@50c.

London Wool Sales.

London, April 30.—A large number of buyers attended the opening of the third series of wool auction sales to-day. The offerings numbered 18,376 bales. All lower grades were irregular and 5@7½ per cent. lower. Cape of Good Hope and Natal greasy was unchanged to 5 per cent. below the last sales. Scoured showed no change. Cross breds were in large supply and Americans bought several lots of mediums. Punta Arenas and Falkland Islands were in active demand. Home traders were the chief buyers. Following are the sales in detail:

New South Wales, 700 bales; scoured 1s 3d@1s 6d; greasy 10d@1s 2½d.

Queensland, 500 bales; scoured 1s 6d@1s 9d; greasy 7@11½d.

Victoria, 200 bales; scoured 1s 2½d@1s 8d; greasy 9d@1s.

West Australia, 200 bales; greasy 8@11d.

New Zealand, 7,200 bales; scoured 1s 1d@10½d; greasy 8d@1s ½d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 700 bales; scoured 8½d@1s 9d; greasy 6¼@9½d.

Punta Arenas, 3,500 bales; greasy 6½d@1s.

Falkland Islands, 200 bales; greasy 5½@11½d.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, April 30.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 63c; sales 896 casks; receipts 435; shipments 1,917. Rosin firm; sales 1,446 bbls.; receipts 1,150; shipments 5,336; stock 21,046; A, B and C $4.35; D $4.45; E $4.50; F $4.65; G $4.70; H $4.80; I $5; K $5.15; M $5.20; N $5.25; window glass $5.30; water white $5.45.

Wilmington, April 30.—Spirits of turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 15 casks. Rosin, nothing doing; receipts 67 bbls. Tar firm at $2.30; receipts 195 bbls. Crude turpentine firm at $3.50, $4.80 bid and $5.25 bid; receipts 20 bbls.

Charleston, April 30.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, April 30.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red Western winter 6s 2⅝d; No. 1 California 6s 4⅝d; futures easy; May 6s 6d; July 6s 4⅞d; September 6s 6d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new 4s 7⅛d; do old 5s ¾d; futures steady; July 4s 7¾d; September 4s 7⅜d.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, April 30.—Credit balances $1.78; runs 17,352 bbls., average 142,303; shipments 107,925, average 164,750.

RACE SUICIDE.

PRESIDENT TAKES EDITOR TO TASK ON SUBJECT.

Criticises Article Which Apparently Condones Lowering the Birth Rate.

New York, April 30.—In a letter to the editor of the Review of Reviews, President Roosevelt takes exception to certain statements made in an article on "The Doctor in the Public School," published in the April number of that periodical, and takes occasion to renew his expressions on the subject of race suicide.

"This writer states clearly," says the President, "that it is an erroneous idea to assume that the average family should have a larger number of healthy children than the present birth rate showed. The vital statistics of a State like Massachusetts show that there the average native American family of native American descent has so few children that the birth rate has fallen below the death rate. This, of course, means race suicide, and it ought to be understood that if after a while there are no children to go to school, the question of their health in school should not even be academic."

Continuing Mr. Roosevelt says: "The greatest problem of civilization is to be found in the fact that the well-to-do families tend to die out; there results in consequence, a tendency to the elimination, instead of the survival, of the fittest, and the moral attitude which helps on on this tendency is, of course, strengthened when it is apologized for and praised in a magazine like yours.

"Our people could still exist under all kinds of iniquities in our Government; under a debased currency; under official corruption; under the rule of a socialistic preletariat or a wealthy oligarchy.

"All these things would be bad for us, but the country would still exist. But it could not continue to exist if it paid heed to the expressed or implied teachings of such an applied article as this."

BUSY SESSION OF COURT ENDED AT CANNELTON.

Cannelton, Ind., April 30.—[Special.]—Circuit Court has just adjourned here after a busy session of three weeks. During the term, forty civil cases were disposed of, five persons were sentenced to serve terms in prison and the grand jury returned twenty-eight indictments. John Glenn pleaded guilty to horse stealing, and gets from one to fourteen years at the Jeffersonville Reformatory; William Perry gets from one to fourteen years at Michigan city for maliciously cutting; Virgil Van Coney gets from one to fourteen at Jeffersonville for maliciously cutting, and Gibson Brockman and Mylo Rails, boys, get from one to twenty-one years in the Reform School at Plainfield. Sheriff Wittmer left with all but Perry this morning to place them in prison.

FINANCIAL.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company General Mortgage.

Louisville, Ky., March 22, 1907.

In acordance with the terms of the general mortgage of this company the following four hundred and five bonds have this day been drawn for the sinking fund, and interest on these bonds will cease June 1, 1907. The principal of the bonds plus 10 per cent. permium will be paid at the New York office, 71 Broadway, New York City, on and after that date:

5	9785	11586	13169	14592	16447	18285
31	9787	11616	13172	14603	16457	18293
51	9814	11644	13189	14652	16468	18317
52	9834	11669	13322	14678	16473	18352
172	9895	11749	13362	14694	16490	18383
173	9938	11765	13368	14728	16522	18438
7740	9944	11768	13420	14755	16546	18491
7746	10000	11791	13435	14761	16568	18495
7917	10002	11796	13468	14764	16605	18537
8009	10003	11821	13475	14790	16608	18555
8018	10039	11826	13478	14815	16613	18610
8040	10062	11849	13499	14829	16661	18661
8051	10162	11873	13536	14873	16668	18676
8123	10164	11893	13552	14907	16754	18720
8130	10204	11966	13554	14965	16768	18723
8185	10207	11971	13563	14989	16784	18805
8212	10265	12006	13582	15004	16792	18819
8369	10276	12043	13632	15043	16846	18837
8391	10316	12107	13714	15079	16867	18857
8392	10417	12109	13773	15107	16909	18874
8417	10418	12111	13778	15110	16980	18923
8419	10431	12142	13794	15171	16986	18925
8446	10458	12143	13818	15192	17017	18930
8479	10479	12307	13906	15201	17126	18963
8494	10597	12234	13917	15208	17127	19031
8554	10627	12250	13936	15212	17141	19072
8557	10630	12255	13953	15263	17151	19114
8606	10696	12276	13980	15271	17153	19130
8616	10698	12344	14011	15290	17188	19202
8669	10700	12357	14051	15356	17200	19222
8722	10713	12387	14075	15429	17270	19265
8803	10747	12390	14078	15437	17295	19275
8830	10762	12396	14079	15553	17316	19291
8906	10773	12454	14082	15581	17381	19299
8929	10851	12484	14170	15593	17405	19308
8985	10857	12485	14177	15616	17456	19332
9049	11016	12499	14180	15639	17459	19412
9072	11030	12511	14186	15657	17491	19451
9078	11039	12521	14193	15666	17524	19452
9081	11045	12531	14235	15699	17584	19472
9162	11093	12584	14239	15804	17616	19473
9172	11108	12589	14247	15820	17659	19501
9231	11121	12618	14274	15863	17704	19517
9312	11150	12684	14292	15877	17713	19550
9325	11166	12737	14295	15962	17774	19561
9327	11272	12739	14298	16002	17794	19574
9339	11300	12905	14311	16014	17823	19595
9385	11303	12910	14331	16055	17835	19677
9463	11376	12914	14348	16084	17874	19682
9494	11380	12926	14362	16120	17899	19697
9497	11399	12953	14366	16134	17902	19742
9498	11415	13080	14413	16216	17982	19748
9581	11421	13095	14444	16237	18001	19749
9638	11481	13109	14454	16254	18084	19757
9723	11508	13113	14515	16255	18105	19805
9741	11531	13115	14565	16263	18117	19952
9770	11534	13128	14566	16279	18118	19965
9773	11558	13136	14577	16301	18201	

J. H. ELLIS, Secretary.

Resigns Under Charges.

Charles Kreil, against whom charges of conduct unbecoming an officer were filed by Col. Sebastian Gunther, Chief of Police, yesterday tendered his resignation to the Board of Public Safety, and it was accepted. Kreil, it is said, had trouble with several brother officers, and made unbecoming threats directed at them

EDWARD A. FORTSON. THOS. C. GARRETT.

FORTSON & GARRETT

BROKERS

Cotton—Stocks—Grain

BOTH PHONES GALT HOUSE

Private Wires to All Markets. Correspondence Invited.

Put Your Trust in One of Our Vaults.

Also our Contracts, Deeds, Wills, Policies, Money, Jewelry or anything else you wish to keep in absolute safety. $3 a year will take one. Have them in all sizes at all prices.

Louisville National Banking Co.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Texas.

The New Deep-Water Port.

The most rapidly growing city in the United States. Let us tell you why. Let us tell you how you can invest $100 to $150 in Corpus Christi real estate to the best advantage.

$10.00 Cash. $2.00 Per Week.

WRITE FOR BOOKLET.

GULF COAST REALTY CO.

232 Fourth St.

Urban Building, Louisville.

REFERENCES.

Members Louisville Stock Exchange.

Marvin H. Lewis & Co.

Stocks and Bonds.

Kenyon Building.

TELEPHONES { Cumb. Main 808. Home. 7837.

J. J. B. HILLIARD & SON

248 Fifth Street,

Stocks and Bonds.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.

Private wires to Messrs. Ex. Norton & Co. (Members of the New York Stock Exchange) and all principal markets.

Washington Flexner & Co.

Members Louisville Stock Exchange.

Bond and Stock Brokers

Private Wires to All Markets.

450 W. MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.

BUY BONDS.

We believe purchasers of good bonds at present prices will get handsome increases in the near future. The average list is now lower than it has been in years.

HALSEY & HALSEY, 225 Fifth St.

Non-Taxable Bonds For Sale!

Louisville Water Co. 4 per cent. bonds, by an ordinance of the City Council, are nontaxable and are therefore very desirable for investors who have city taxes to pay. We can furnish these bonds in amounts to suit investors at 100½ and interest.

JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN,

Stock and Bond Brokers, 249 Fifth street, Louisville, Ky.

W. L. Lyons & Co.

Members { New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, Louisville Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.

Orders for investment securities executed in all markets.

KELLER BLDG., LOUISVILLE, KY.

49 Exchange Place, New York.

S. C. Henning & Co.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

Members NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE LOUISVILLE STOCK EXCHA'GE

226 Fifth Street.

Williams Commission Co

235 Fifth Street.

Stocks, Cotton, Grain, Provisions

The best service in every market.

Bonds AND Stocks

Yielding an income of 4 to 5 per cent

Almstedt Brothers

510 West Main st., Louisville, Ky. Send for lists.

Protect Yourself

Against all danger of loss by fire, burglars, accident or carelessness by keeping all of your valuable papers and securities in the Fire and Burglar-proof Vaults of

The Louisville Trust Co.,

the largest and strongest in the city. The cost is trifling. Protect yourself against any possible loss by depositing your savings with that old and strong institution, where your money will draw interest, compounded semi-annually, and grow into a fund that will take care of you when old or disabled in any way. It is better than life insurance. Deposits received by mail. SOUTHWEST CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY

Capital, - - $1,000,000

Surplus, - $1,000,000

210 Fifth Street.

Receives money subject to check; pays interest on time and savings deposits, and performs duties in ALL FIDUCIARY CAPACITIES.

FOR SALE.

WHITE CITY 6% BONDS

WITH BONUS STOCK.

J. M. SHARP & CO.

406 WEST MAIN STREET

Both Phones 1618 Louisville, Ky.

Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

215 Fifth Street.

INVESTMENT BONDS.

Bank of Commerce

Northeast Corner Fifth and Main.

Solicits the accounts of banks, corporations, firms and individuals—offering the most favorable terms consistent with good banking.

3 PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

UNION COMMISSION CO.

A. G. M'CAMPBELL, Manager.

STOCKS, COTTON, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

30 DAYS FREE ON STOCKS. 336 WEST MAIN STREET

Minimum Margins: Stocks, $1 share. Cotton $1 bale. Grain 1c bushel.

BUY BONDS NOW.

Believing the turn has been reached in the Bond market, I recommend the purchase of first-class Bonds. I will furnish on application a list of Bonds yielding from 5 to 7 per cent., which I think will show a large profit in a few months.

JOHN L. DUNLAP

228 FIFTH STREET.

E. E. Paine. Chas. S. Williams. Geo. L. Bacon.

E. E. PAINE & CO.

Stocks — Bonds — Grain — Cotton

216 Fifth Street.

(DIRECT PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL EXCHANGES.)

E. H. MORGAN & CO.

Stocks and Bonds

Bought for Cash or On Margin. Direct Wire to Principal Cities.

Home Phone 6979. 241 FIFTH ST. Cumberland Main 104.

We Do Not Sell Speculative Securities.

We offer and recommend bonds for investment purposes that are secured by mortgage upon properties worth more than the bonded indebtedness, and in which you can safely invest your savings.

Illinois Life Building. L. H. McHENRY & CO.

HIDES WOOL Dealers in Dry and Green Beef Hides. Also Horse Hides FEATHERS FURS

Sheepskins, Tallow, Beeswax, new and old Feathers, Ginseng, Medical Roots, Wool, Sun-dried Apples and Peaches, etc. Ship your produce to the Old Reliable House who sell all goods direct to manufacturers. We are agents for the largest tanneries in the country. Being dealers, we do not charge commission. We pay highest market price and make prompt returns. Reference—Any bank or merchant in Louisville.

ISAAC ROSENBAUM & SONS

319, 321 and 323 E. MARKET ST. Tel. 591. Established 1868

HIDES. FURS. ESTABLISHED 1856 M. SABEL & SONS FEATHERS. WOOL.

"A Half Century in Louisville."

DEALERS in Green Salted, also Dry Hides, Horse Hides, Sheepskins, Ginseng, Roots, Beeswax, Tallow, Dried Fruit, Wool, Etc. LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES—ANY BANK IN LOUISVILLE, Dun's Mercantile Agency, Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

Weekly price list mailed to shippers. If you desire same, write us.

We solicit your shipments. Write for shipping tags, shipping blanks, etc.

The time to take a tonic is now, and the tonic to take is Wintersmith's. Forty years' use has proven its value



Genuine Cravenette

Raincoats

At Cut Prices.

$15 Coats for $10.00
$18 Coats for $12.50
$20 to $30 Coats $15.00

Grays and blacks, in worsteds and herringbone Scotches; this season's goods; 52 inches long and high-class in every way. Every one a genuine, Priestley rain-proof cravenette.

RAILROAD FARES RMA REFUNDED

We're Members

of the Retail Merchants' Association, whose ad. appears in this paper today, and under its regulations will refund railroad fares from May 6th to 18th inclusive.

Levy's

Third and Market.

MAIL ORDERS will be filled with the best values in stock.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 1, 1907

CITY FEATURES.

For Pure Milk, Ice Cream, etc., 'phone 624. NATIONAL ICE CREAM CO.

WILD DISAFFECTION

BREAKS OUT IN HIGH SCHOOL FEDERALIST PARTY.

Nominating Convention Breaks Up In Disorder Without Naming Candidate For President.

Hopeless disunion in the Federalist ranks developed at the national convention of the Federalist party of the Male High School United States yesterday.

Federalists of the school republic met at 1:30 p. m. yesterday to nominate president and vice president. Phil H. Ryan, known as an ardent supporter of the Hon. June Dale, presided, and also placed the Hon. June in nomination for president. Before the motion to make the nomination unanimous could be put Preston Vance, of the Sophomore States, placed Kendrick Lewis in nomination. The ballot that followed showed some thirty more votes than there were delegates present. On this showing the senior delegates shouting for Dale formed in procession with the junior delegates and marched around the hall. The cheering was continuous for some minutes.

As soon as order was restored Preston Vance protested the vote on the ground that the senior delegates had voted many proxies. An appeal was made to the convention, but the feeling ran so high that a vote could not be taken, and the convention finally adjourned without making nominations.

The Hon. June and his friends feel confident of a good majority and are disposed to make concessions to the Sophomore States. This is the more admirable in view of the fact that the sophomore voters showed much independence in the late State election.

Joy reigned last night in the anti-Federalist camp. The two parties are so evenly divided that it seems very probable that the antis will win unless the disunion of yesterday is patched up.

BUILDING INSPECTOR'S REPORT SHOWS INCREASE.

Ninety-five More Permits To Build, $116,000 More Than Same Month In 1906.

Ninety-five more permits were issued during the month of April, just closed, than during the corresponding month of last year. The increase in the aggregate value of buildings for which permits were issued over that of the corresponding month of last year is $116,000.

Thomas Atkinson, bookkeeper in the office of the Building Inspector, completed his report for April, 1907, late yesterday afternoon, and it shows that a total of 362 permits were issued for the erection of buildings that will cost approximately $445,220. During April, 1906, only 267 permits were issued for buildings that cost a total of $358,790.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WINNER SETTLES

George Quire Recovers Money Lost To Kingston.

SUED UNDER GAMBLING ACT FOR TREBLE AMOUNT.

DECISION AGAINST THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

JIM CROW LAW INDICTMENTS.

The suit of George Quire against the Kingston Commission Company and Ed Alvey, brought under a section of the gambling act for treble the amount of money lost by Ben Hund on a horse race to the defendants, was dismissed as settled yesterday in Judge Gordon's court. Hund had lost $171, but failed to take advantage of the right given him by law to sue to recover the money within six months after the alleged loss. By the same act, however, any third person may sue to recover treble the amount of the loss from the winner. He had, therefore, brought suit for $513.

Al Marret, the attorney for Quire, stated that he did not care to reveal the amount paid in settlement, though admitted that it was at least as much as the sum originally lost. There are several similar suits pending in the Circuit Court.

Headache Leads To Insanity.

Henry J. Furich, twenty-seven years of age, who was tried for lunacy in the Criminal Court yesterday, but who insisted from the witness stand that his only weak point was whisky, was adjudged insane and committed to Central Asylum. He had suffered from typhoid fever, and its effects for five months afterward was afflicted with a six-weeks' headache. From that time he has not been himself. The evidence of his wife and mother showed that upon one occasion he threatened to kill his parents. On another occasion he said that he would chloroform his wife and two-year-old baby. He is likewise also sprinkled coal oil over his house and said he proposed to set it afire. The members of his family have twice had him confined to the workhouse because of his conduct and each time he has been released upon promise to conduct himself properly.

On account of intense nervousness, his wife says that he appears to be unable to restrain himself and that she is afraid of him. Ever since his illness he has attempted to do little or no work and has only taken an interest in hunting and fishing. Furich denied that his mind was affected.

Alexander Action Upheld.

Rulings were made by Judge Charles A. Wilson in the County Court yesterday which have the effect of dismissing the suit for back taxes brought against the Southern Pacific Company by Attorney General N. B. Hays in the name of D. L. Hardesty. The question before the court was whether this suit should be allowed to stand for trial against the defendant corporation or that brought by George H. Alexander, the former Revenue Agent, now dead. This suit is represented by Matt Holt and Benjamin F. Washer.

Attorney General Hays appeared in person to urge his contentions. Upon being overruled by Judge Wilson, he announced that he would take an appeal to the Circuit Court. Both suits are identical and seek to collect back taxes on $300,000,000 worth of Southern Pacific's holdings for the years 1902, 1903, 1904 and 1905. The Alexander action was brought before that of Mr. Hardesty and on account of Mr. Alexander's death was revived in the name of Edgar Hager, the newly appointed Revenue Agent.

Margaret Coleman's Will.

Margaret Coleman, by her will dated April 3, 1907, and offered for probate yesterday, makes the following bequests: Kate Hamilton, niece of the husband of the testator, a house on Tyler avenue, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets; Annie Burk, another niece of marriage, $100; Little Sisters of the Poor, $100; for masses, $200.

The remainder of the property is bequeathed to R. S. Heffernan, a nephew, who is named executor without bond.

The will of Joseph McCann, dated March 25, 1907, and offered for probate, provides that his widow, Rosa McCann, shall receive his entire property and serve as executrix without bond.

Suburban Line Indicted.

The grand jury yesterday returned an indictment against the Louisville and Interurban Railroad Company for alleged violation of the Jim Crow law. The specific charge is "unlawfully failing to provide notices for white and colored passengers in separate coaches." It is alleged that the violation occurred on the defendant's line between Louisville and Orell. The names of Henry Duburg and Alex Wurtele appear on the indictment as witnesses for the Commonwealth. The grand jury also found an indictment against Bud Crosby on the charge of stealing from a common carrier.

Murder Case Continued.

The case of Gene Herndon, colored, charged with the murder of John Johnson, another negro, was called for trial in the Criminal Court yesterday, but continued for the defendant because of the illness of James Garrison, his attorney, who is threatened with pneumonia. The case went to May 29. The killing took place in March on Magazine street, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Johnson was shot through the fleshy part of the thigh and blood poison developed. He died following the amputation of his leg.

Gets $1,200 For Fingers.

William Clements, who had sued the Louisville Veneer Mills for $10,000 as damages because of the loss of three fingers while in the defendant's service, was given a verdict for $1,200 by a jury in Judge Gordon's court. Clements placed the blame on the company on account of an alleged defective guide which forced his hand against a circular saw at which he was working. The defendant charged contributory negligence. J. T. O'Neal, Harry Robinson and R. L. Page represented the plaintiff.

Court Paragraphs.

—James Cooper sued Grainger & Co. for $5,000. He was hurt in the defendant's employ.

—Jennie C. Jones sued George W. Jones for divorce on the charge of abandonment. They were married April 13, 1905.

—Mattie Woollems sued Louis Woollems for divorce, charging nonsupport and abandonment. They were married December 4, 1904.

—J. E. Gamble sued James H. Button for $690.71 for an alleged breach of contract growing out of a trading-stamp transaction.

—J. L. and Albert T. Drane each sued the Louisville Railway Company for $5,000. Both were hurt in a collision between their wagon and a car.

—In the case of Carrie Hicks against the Louisville Railway Company for $5,000 because of injuries received by the plaintiff in a fall from a car a jury in Judge O'Doherty's court found a verdict for the defendant.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., April 30.—[Special.]—Present, Chief Justice O'Rear and Judges Barker, Lassing and Nunn.

Wilson vs. Hall, Leslie; affirmed.

Prewitt vs. Houstonville Cemetery, Lincoln; affirmed.

Hatcher vs. Fitzpatrick, Floyd; affirmed.

Asher & Hensley vs. Garrard, Clay; affirmed.

City of Louisville vs. American Standard Asphalt Company and American Standard Asphalt Company vs. Schuster, Jefferson; reversed on direct and cross-appeal.

Cleveland & Wester vs. Commonwealth, Bell; reversed.

Farris vs. Commonwealth, Knox; appeal dismissed.

Farris vs. Commonwealth, Knox; appeal dismissed.

Read, Police Judge, vs. Graham, appellant filed brief on objection to appellee's motion to docket and advance, objections overruled, case docketed for the present term and advanced.

Overhall vs. City of Madisonville, etc., Hopkins; appellant filed notice and motion to advance and pass for oral argument; appellee objected and filed brief on objections; objections overruled; case advanced and ordered set for argument for the present term.

Vanderbilt vs. Roark, etc., Simpson; bill of exceptions stricken from the record; case dismissed, the dismissal consented to by appellants.

Crawford, administrator, vs. Travelers' Insurance Company, Nelson; appellee's motion for an oral argument on petition for rehearing is overruled.

Brunk vs. Ohio and Kentucky Railway Company, Boyd; appellant given thirty days' further time to file brief.

Gorin vs. City of Bowling Green, Warren; appellee given twenty days' further time to file petition for rehearing.

McHenry Coal Co. vs. Rendor, Ohio; agreement filed, parties given thirty days to file brief.

Newton, etc., vs. Ogden, etc., Pulaski; agreement filed, case ordered advanced.

Tillie, etc., Mitchell, etc., Warren; advanced under Rule 16 on appellant's motion.

Southern Railway vs. Winchester's executrix, Jefferson; agreement filed, appellant given until May 2; appellee given thirty days thereafter to file brief.

Hall vs. Craft, mandate ordered withdrawn and time extended to appellee to file petition for rehearing.

Hancock vs. Bingham, County Judge, Trigg; appellant given thirty days further time to file brief.

Pryse vs. L. and A. R. R. Company, Lee; appellee given ten days' further time to file brief.

Commonwealth vs. Dunn & Co., Jefferson; appellee given until May 22 to file brief.

Ky. Mutual Building Loan Association Trustee vs. Hall, Henderson; appellee given fifteen days to file brief.

L. C. R. R. Co. vs. Commonwealth, etc., Franklin; appellant given ten days' further time to file brief.

Chappelle, etc., vs. Chappelle, Leslie; appellant filed printed copies of petition for rehearing and given thirty days to file brief on petition.

Jones vs. L. C. R. R. Co., Muhlenberg; appellant filed notice and on motion case reassigned for argument and set for June 11.

L. and N. R. R. Co. vs. Commonwealth of Kentucky, Shelby; agreement filed, case docketed for present term, ordered heard with case of same style, now pending in this court, and cases advanced under Rule 16.

Martin vs. Smith, Knott; Johnson vs. Eversole, Perry; appellants given fifteen days' further time to file briefs.

Wier vs. Hager, Auditor, Franklin; appellant filed supplemental brief.

L. and N. vs. Commonwealth, Laurel; case submitted.

Buckner's executor vs. Courtland, Breathitt; appellant filed original map.

Gibson vs. Commonwealth, Bourbon; Ewing vs. Commonwealth, Warren; set for May 7.

Trustees of Common School district No. 7, Johnson; appellee filed brief.

Gabourey vs. Coombs, etc., Warren; appellant filed brief on his motion to set aside so much of the judgment as awards damages on dismissal as to Meyer, administrator.

L. and N. vs. Smith, McLean; agreement as to mandate filed.

Beckham, etc., vs. Slayden, etc., Graves; notice and motion by appellant to revive order of injunction of the Graves Circuit Court entered April 13, 1907; objections by appellee; brief on objections; motion submitted.

Beckner vs. Commonwealth, Clark; appellant filed supplemental brief.

L. C. Railroad Company vs. Curry, Clark; appellant filed supplemental brief.

South Covington and Cincinnati Street Railway Company vs. Cleveland, Kenton; appellant filed petition for rehearing.

Covington Gaslight Company vs. City of Covington; appellant filed printed brief.

Staten, etc., vs. Byron, etc., Bracken; notice and motion by appellee to discuss appeal and affirm as a delay case; brief on the motion; objection by the appellant.

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company vs. Graves' admr., etc., Daviess; agreement filed, parties given thirty days to file brief.

Murphy Thompson & Co. vs. Reid, etc.; same vs. Eddington, etc.; same vs. Inglehart, etc.; argued by J. S. Glenn for the appellant and W. H. Barnes for appellee and submitted.

Court adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Union Bank and Trust Co., of Henderson, Ky., vs. Ford, etc.—Filed.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Owen Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Barker, reversing.

Banks and Banking—Pleading—The assignee bank suing on the paper in controversy did not allege in its petition that the bank at which the paper was negotiable and payable was incorporated as the statutes provides, and in view of the defect in the pleading, the court should not have stricken from the answer the paragraph pleading a counter-claim.

J. H. Settle, Dorsey & Stanley for appellant; H. G. Botts, W. B. Moody, J. C. Vallandingham, Cammack & Perry for appellees.

Poteet vs. Miller.—Filed April 23, 1907.—(Not to be reported.)—Appeal from Edmonson Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, affirming.

Lands—Title Bonds.—The judgment of the lower court upholding the contract of appellant to convey title to the land described in the bond must be upheld for the reason that appellee received the land, paid a part of the purchase price and executed his note for the remainder, and moreover, appellee had never surrendered the possession into which he had been placed by appellant.

M. M. Logan, Ora E. Hazelip for appellant; Milton Clark for appellee.

Wright vs. Begley.—Filed April 23, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Pike Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Nunn, affirming.

Lands—Power of Attorney Executed by Wife.—The power of attorney by a married woman authorizing the conveyance of her estate being void a deed executed under it is void. The wife in this instance never executed the power of attorney and did not receive the alleged consideration for the land, and she cannot be held to account for something delivered to her husband and disposed of by him when she never received it and had no power over it.

N. J. Auxier for appellant; J. M. York, J. R. Johnson, Roscoe Vanover for appellee.

Swope, etc. vs. Boone county Deposit Bank.—Filed April 23, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, affirming.

Bills and Notes.—The note in controversy was placed upon the footing of a bill of exchange, protest and notice of protest were waived in the paper, and the indorsers are not released because of the failure of the bank to sue out execution on the judgment obtained against the principal. They were jointly liable with the principal and are still liable, although the bank failed to pursue the principal with due diligence.

W. A. Lee for appellants.

S. W. Tolin, N. E. Riddell, H. G. Botts, W. B. Moody for appellee.

Hatfield, etc., vs. Kountz's trustee.—Filed April 24, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Pike Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Lassing, affirming.

Lands — Boundary—Evidence.—There is such a conflict of evidence over the location of the boundary of land in controversy as to leave its location in doubt, and the judgment of the lower court in favor of the appellee will not be disturbed.

John F. Butler for appellant.

Mead, etc., vs. Mead.—Filed April 24, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Letcher Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by John D. Carroll, Commissioner, affirming.

Lands—Allotment of Interests of—Commissioners' Report—Costs.—The only question in this action is as to whether the report of the commissioners who divided the land, or the view of appellants' witnesses shall control. The weight of authority is that the report of the commissioners shall control, and in this case they appear to have made a fair division between the parties. The ruling of the court as to the apportionment of costs is correct. See Subsection 113 of Section 499, Civil Code, and Section 889, Ky. Stats.

R. O. Brasheas for appellant; Salyer & Baker for appellee.

Gardner, etc., vs. Continental Insurance Co.—Filed April 25, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Mason Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Settle, reversing.

Supersedeas Bond—Receivers—Appointment of.—The order of the lower court in appointing a receiver to take charge of the land in controversy and rent it out was erroneous because proceedings on the judgment affecting the controversy were stayed by execution of an appeal bond and the service of the supersedeas.

A. B. & A. D. Cole, Greene & Van Winkle for appellants; Thomas R. Phister, E. L. Worthington for appellee.

Cahill vs. Mullins, etc.—Filed April 24, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Pendleton Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by John D. Carroll, Commissioner, affirming.

First—New Trials.—The petition for a new trial in this action does not state sufficient reasons to authorize the court to grant it. At most the evidence is cumulative, and, moreover, sufficient diligence is not shown.

Second — Same—Parol Testimony.—New trials will not be granted upon the sole ground of discovery after judgment of parol testimony concerning a point litigated.

John H. Barker for appellant; Applegate & Clarke for appellees.

COLD AND DARK WILL COURTHOUSE BE TO-DAY

JAILER PFLANZ WILL SHUT OFF LIGHT AND HEAT.

MOVE TO FORCE SETTLEMENT OF QUESTION OF PAYMENT.

OFFICEHOLDERS' TURN NOW.

Jailer John R. Pflanz to-day, in his capacity as custodian of the courthouse, will cut off the lighting and janitor service of the main building. He will also lay off the janitors, John Lovett, James Downing, Pete Mazonni and Wallace Wood. Mr. Pflanz takes the position that he is forced to make this move because of the recent ruling of the Court of Appeals to the effect that the Fiscal Court has no power to remunerate him for light, heat and janitor service furnished the county offices.

He met the official occupants of the offices in the courthouse last Thursday and personally or through their representatives they all professed a willingness to pay for the light, heat and janitor service. However they did not meet with Mr. Pflanz's suggestion that an agreement should be signed immediately to that effect. Those present were Sheriff Henry Bell, R. W. Herr, Commissioner; Capt. John Cowles, representing the County Clerk, and John H. Page, Chief Deputy Circuit Clerk, representing the Circuit Clerk; Dr. Harris Kelly, Coroner; J. H. Gilbert, recorder, and Lawrence Waters, County Treasurer, were not on hand.

"If they want the service and the light and heat," said Mr. Pflanz yesterday, "it's now up to the officeholders to ask for it. Those who want it and are willing to pay for it will get it. Before winter comes again we will doubtless have the difficulty straightened out."

It will probably take litigation to settle just who shall stand the cost. Mr. Pflanz says that he will later discontinue the elevator service in the courthouse, feeling that it is the duty of the officers to pay for it. He will not act on this determination at present.

SET FOR NEXT TUESDAY

LOUISVILLE AGAINST CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Outgrowth of Company's Resistance To Ordinance Which Would Lower Rates It Charges.

Judge A. E. Richards, City Attorney, yesterday received notice to the effect that the United States Circuit Court of Appeals had fixed Tuesday, May 7, as the date for hearing argument in the case of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company against the city of Louisville. The case is the outgrowth of an ordinance passed several months ago by the General Council which has the effect of reducing the rates of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company to the same rates provided for in the charter of the Home Telephone Company.

Immediately following the passage of the ordinance, the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company filed suit in the Federal Court, and Judge Walter Evans, after hearing argument, granted a temporary injunction, preventing the city from putting the ordinance into effect. The city, through Judge A. E. Richards, immediately took an appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in Cincinnati.

According to the notice received yesterday by Judge Richards, the case will be the first to be taken up by the United States Court of Appeals on the first day of the May term of court. Judge Richards will go to Cincinnati to argue the case in behalf of the city.

THREATENED WIFE WITH REVOLVER AND IS FINED.

Hearing the cries of a woman as he was passing 2201 Fifth street, Patrolman Moriarity entered the home of Mrs. Mary Schuler Monday night and found Thomas Ballard pointing a revolver at his wife, Anna Ballard. Ballard was arrested and yesterday morning was fined $50 and given fifty days in the workhouse by Judge James P. Edwards. In court it was testified that Ballard had become infuriated at his wife because she had left him and that he had followed her to her sister's home. He was presented on a charge of disorderly conduct. Judge Edwards told the man that he was getting off with a light fine.

ENTIRE FAMILY'S SKIN AFFECTIONS

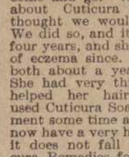
Mother Suffered Six Years with Eczema—Baby Cured of Heat Rash—Father, Mother, and Child Have Scalp and Hair Troubles.

ALL GIVE THANKS TO CUTICURA REMEDIES

"My wife had eczema for five or six years. It was on her face and would come and go. We had read so much about Cuticura Remedies that we thought we would give them a trial. We did so, and it has now been about four years, and she has never had a sign of eczema since. She also used them both about a year ago for her scalp. She had very thin hair and Cuticura helped her hair greatly. I myself used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment some time ago for falling hair. I now have a very heavy head of hair and it does not fall out. We used Cuticura Remedies for our baby, who was nearly bald when young. She has very nice hair now. She is very fleshy, and we had so much trouble with heat that we would bathe her with Cuticura Soap and then apply Cuticura Ointment, it would dry the heat up so much quicker than anything else. We give thanks to the Cuticura Remedies. Mr. H. B. Springmire, 323 So. Capitol Street, Iowa City, Ia., July 16, 1905 and Sept. 16, 1906."

SKIN IRRITATIONS

Soothed by Cuticura, when All Else Fails.



For rashes, itchings, chafings, inflammations, blotches, strong perspiration, scaly, crusted humors of skin and scalp, red rough hands, itching, tender feet, and sanative, antiseptic, cleansing for infants, children, and adults, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest and sweetest of emollients, are indispensable to all who would enjoy life free from these distressing ailments.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap (25c.) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c.) to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.), or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of (60) to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, How to Cure Skin Humors.



DIRECT ACTION

GAS RANGE.

The world's standard of merit as respects:

1. Economy of Fuel.
2. Perfection of Baking.
3. Beauty of Construction.

Let us explain to you in detail the superior qualities of this Range.

JONES & MILLER CO.

(Incorporated.)

316 W. MARKET STREET.

REVENUE COLLECTIONS CONTINUE TO INCREASE

RECEIPTS FOR YEAR TO DATE EXCEED LAST FISCAL YEAR.

TAX ON WHISKY CREDITED WITH HEAVY PAYMENTS.

CUSTOMS DUTIES FALL OFF.

Collections in the office of J. A. Craft, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Louisville district, showed a handsome increase during the month of April over that for the corresponding month of 1906. The greater part of the increase was due to the collections of the tax on whisky. The collections on whisky for April, 1907, were $1,030,336.94 and for the same month of 1906 were $789,611.78, an increase of $241,325.16. The increase in the sale of bottling stamps for the month over that of the same period for last year was about 200 per cent., though the figures are within the thousand mark.

The total collections for the month ending yesterday amounted to $1,308,640.86. The collections for the same period in 1906 were $1,061,030.66, showing an increase of $247,610.77 in favor of the month just past. The collections for the month were distributed as follows: Lists, $980.06; beer, $82,735; whisky, $1,030,336.94; cigars, $13,-799.12; tobacco, $226,239.15; special tax stamps, $656.59; case stamps, $3,894.

The total amount of the collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, was $13,100,624.15, and the total amount of the collections for the first ten months of the present fiscal year is $13,135,676.81. This shows an increase of $35,052.66 so far this year over that of all of last year.

Customs Collections Fall Off.

In the office of Judge William G. Dearing, Collector of Customs for the Louisville district, there was a falling off of $1,746.29 in the collections for April just past as compared with the same period of last year. The collections for April, 1906, were $85,753.90 and the collections for April, 1907, were $34,007.61. Judge Dearing does not know to what to attribute the falling off in the collections in his office. He said yesterday that it varied from month to month, and there was no fixed rule.

Stamp Sales $61,039.56.

John G. Morey, Assistant Postmaster, reports that the sale of stamps for April past showed an increase of $4,401.86 over the same period for last year. The sales for April, 1907, were $61,039.56 and for April, 1906, were $56,637.70.

SOUTHERN INDIANA CITIES PLANNING BIG RECEPTIONS.

Will Meet and Greet Heads of Houses Excursionists With Glad Hand and Warm Welcome.

Letters telling of plans being made for the entertainment of the Louisville business men who will go on the Board of Trade's excursion to Southern Indiana cities on May 7 and 8, are coming in daily from the city officials and commercial organizations of those places. The Excursion and Entertainment Committee feels highly gratified that the visit of the Louisville men is looked upon with such pleasure by the Indiana merchants and expects the trip to be a memorable one in every way. The newspapers, too, of the places to be visited are calling attention to the excursion both editorially and in their news columns, and are urging the citizens all along the line to give the excursionists a rousing welcome.

One of the letters received yesterday was from Charles G. Taylor, secretary of the Business Men's Association of Princeton, Ind., in which it was set forth that the merchants of that place are planning extensively for the entertainment and reception of the visitors during their short stop in that city on May 7.

Application for accommodations on the trip are being received daily by John J. Telford, secretary of the Transportation Committee, and it is expected that nearly 100 Louisville merchants will be members of the excursion party.

DRIVES ALL GUESTS FROM HOTEL AT PISTOL'S POINT.

W. A. Norman, porter at the Pioneer Hotel, Third avenue and Jefferson street, ran amuck Monday night and drove all the guests from the hotel at the point of a revolver, which he took from the night clerk, Harry Harris. On a charge of disorderly conduct Norman was presented in the Police Court yesterday morning, and Judge Edwards assessed him $15 and a $30 bond for three months for his fun. After driving the guests from the hotel Norman was arrested at Second and Jefferson streets by Patrolmen Cross and Enright. Although he still had the revolver in his hand he made no resistance.

B. & O. S. W. REMOVAL MAY 1ST.

On and after May 1, the new B. and O. S.-W. City Passenger and Ticket Office will be located in the Lincoln Bank building, northwest corner Fourth and Market. Public inspection respectfully solicited. New phone number will be 230, both phones. R. S. BROWN, D. P. A.

Pistol-Pointer To Workhouse.

"Kid" Webster, said to be a prize fighter, was sent to the workhouse yesterday morning because he was unable to pay a fine of $15, assessed against him by Judge Edwards on a charge of pointing a pistol. Thomas Mitchell, of 1112 West Walnut street, was the prosecuting witness. He testified that Webster was trying to enter his home when he blocked the way and Webster drew the gun. Judge Edwards fined the youth $15 and put him under bond of $300 for three months.

In Street-Corner Gang.

Chief Sebastian Gunther appeared as a witness against Henry Albrecht and Harry Hopewell when they were presented in the Police Court on charges of disorderly conduct yesterday morning. Each was fined $15 and placed under $300 bond for three months when it was proven that they were members of a gang which loafed at the corner of Twenty-second street and Griffiths avenue on Sunday afternoons.

Do Not Let Any Dealer Insult Your Intelligence

By offering you a substitute when you ask for an article you have seen advertised in this newspaper. We do not accept advertisements for articles that are not worthy of your patronage. When you are convinced by one of these advertisements that the article is what you wish, insist on getting it, when you ask for it at your dealers. AVOID SUBSTITUTES. GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR.

WHERE DO YOU LIVE,

OUTSIDE OF LOUISVILLE?

YES---Do You Need Furniture?

RAILROAD FARES RMA REFUNDED

You can come to our city from May 6 to May 18 inclusive, make your selections from our splendid assortment, and have your fare rebated by the

RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION,

of which we are members. See full details in the association advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

KEISKER'S 586 Fourth Ave.

REMOVED!

L. HUBER & SON

Jewelers

Have Removed to

356 Jefferson st.

2 doors above 4th

STOP LOSING MONEY.

When you have your money idle or on deposit at 3 per cent., you are losing money every day. You can get 5 per cent. net by investing in the First Mortgage Real Estate Gold Bonds, issued by the Louisville Title Company. These bonds are amply secured by approved real estate, with titles insured and protected against loss by fire. You cannot afford to take chances in speculation, with the hope of getting big returns any more than you can afford to neglect your opportunity to invest in the safest place at the best rate of interest obtainable.

More than One Million Dollars of these bonds have been handled through this company in the past six years, without the loss of one dollar interest or principal.

These bonds are usually sold to net 4½ per cent., but for the present they are being sold to net 5 per cent. clear of all expenses, and can be had in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and over.

Apply in person or by letter to the

Louisville Title Co., 234 Fifth St.

QUIET BUICK

TWO-CYLINDER 22 H.-P.



Runabout, $1,175.

With Folding Tonneau $1,275.

The best-constructed, most reliable, handsome and POWERFUL Two-cylinder Car on the market. Roomy and quiet.

BUICK 5-PASSENGER TOURING CAR, $1,275.

These splendid Cars now on exhibition.

KY. AUTO CO.

1049 THIRD. Incorporated.

Monon Route $12.60

CHICAGO AND RETURN.

Every day. Compartment Sleepers. Two trains daily from Tenth and Broadway and Fourteenth and Main streets. City office, 222 Fourth. Telephones, 1181.

VEHICLE LICENSES DUE FOR YEAR THIS MORNING.

Vehicle licenses are due, beginning today, and from now until the close of the month the clerks in the office of the License Board at the City Hall will be kept busy counting money and issuing vehicle licenses. It is estimated that the city realizes $30,000 annually from owners of vehicles. A license fee of $3 is charged on every one-horse vehicle, and owners of two-horse vehicles are charged a license fee of $6 on each. Owners of three-horse vehicles are required to pay a license fee of $10 on each, and owners of automobiles have to pay a license fee of $25 on each machine. There are about 4,000 one-horse vehicles in Louisville and about 375 automobiles.

Gas Belt Excursion, Sunday, May 5, "Big Four Route."

To the Indiana Gas Belt. Special train leaves Seventh-street Union Depot at 7 o'clock a. m. Extremely low round-trip rates as follows: Rushville, $1.50; Knightstown, $1.50; Anderson, $1.50; Alexandria, $1.75; Marion, $1.75; Wabash, $2.

Tickets on sale at City Office, 259 Fourth avenue, and at depot.

Only Thirty-three.

Bridget Gorman made her 'steenth appearance in the Police Court yesterday morning on a charge of drunkenness, and Judge Edwards presented her with a fine of $20. Instructions were also given her not to return. Although Bridget is aged she always gives her age as thirty-three years when she is registered at the county jail. With her were two companions, Kate Gay and Nellie Hawes, both white, who were presented on similar charges. They were fined $25 each.

Carpenter a Bankrupt.

David Franklin Elston, of Louisville, who gives his occupation as that of a carpenter, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States Court yesterday. He gave his liabilities at $421.90 and his assets at $185, which consist of household goods. His creditors are persons who reside in Campbellsburg and New Castle. He claims the usual exemptions.

To Springs To Recuperate.

Magistrate Edward O'Connor is at French Lick Springs this week taking a rest after his winter's work. For the past few weeks he has been taking care of the business of Magistrate Sullivan's court and that of his own court, and the work has proved too much for him. Magistrate O'Connor left for French Lick Sunday, and will be away all of this week.

To Erect New Brick Store.

G. H. and H. H. Stockhoff yesterday took out a building permit for the erection of a two-story brick store to cost $5,000. It will occupy a site on the south side of Jefferson street, between Preston and Floyd.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used by Millions of Mothers for their children while Teething for over Fifty Years. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa.

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.



AMERICAN MACHINE COMPANY, Manufacturers

Direct Current Motors and Generators.

2½ to 50 H. P.

Main and Jackson Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY.



Will be greatly impressed with the appearance of the Hydraulic brick. There is one fact we wish to clearly impress on your mind. It's this: The Hydraulic brick possesses proper solidity and will make an attractive appearance for any front. This can be demonstrated conclusively by viewing many of the structures in this city. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Hydraulic Brick Co.

Incorporated.

Louisville, Ky.

The Full Business Training Course

Training for Success.

as taught at this institution is THE course needed by every young person. It is the best investment that can be made. It trains for good employment.

Spencerian COMMERCIAL SCHOOL

ENOS SPENCER, President.

INCORPORATED. PUBLIC ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT Turner, Harris & Spencer. Union National Bank Bldg. Sixth and Main Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

BELKNAP HDW. and MFG. CO.

Incorporated.

"ANITA"

SPLITS

Before Breakfast

Simply Fine.

Home Phone 4520. Cumb. M. 1468-A.

Motors and Dynamos

One-quarter to 3,000 horsepower. Both direct and alternating currents. Ask for catalogue. Electrical supplies of every description.

HARRY I. WOOD CO.,

(Incorporated)

518-520 West Main,

Louisville, Ky.

Jos. McWilliams & Co.

Incorporated

Engineers and Contractors,

Louisville, Ky.

Complete Power Installations

—Steam, Electric, Hydraulic

Heating and Ventilation.

Refrigeration.

Machinery and Supplies.

YOU WON'T GET BIT IF YOU BUY A GREYHOUND

SWIFT--STRONG--DURABLE

BEST EQUIPMENT FULLY GUARANTEED.

DOW WIRE AND IRON WORKS INCORPORATED. 730 West Market St.

The Barker-Gaither Co.

345 West Main.

COMPLETE POWER PLANTS INSTALLED.

EVERYTHING For the Power House.

EVERYTHING In Electrical Supplies.

For Ice Cream and Butter

Telephone

J. P. GRAY SANITARY MILK CO.

Garvin Place.

Home 540

Cumb. S 15—2662

STEGER PIANOS

CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.

Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.

(Incorporated.)

HALDEMAN WAREHOUSE,

S. W. Cor. 3d and Green.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

Household Goods $1.50 to $5 per Mo.

Boxes in Vault 25c to 50c per Mo.